



FUNDING PROVISIONS OF PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAMS

Research current through June 2014.

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Introduction

In most states, the funding to operate the prescription monitoring program comes from grants, donations, and other non-state funds. This compilation of statutes addresses those states that get all or part of their funding from licensing or other fees, those that provide that the program *may* get all or part of their funding from licensing or other fees, and those states that explicitly prohibit the funding of their programs through licensing or other fees. This information is compiled from a review of the state prescription monitoring program statutes and regulations, and does not include information that may be found in the state licensing statutes or appropriations bills.

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States that Receive All or Part of PMP Funding through Licensing or Other Fees

Alabama
§ 20-2-217

Code of Alabama (2014)
Title 20. Food, Drugs, and Cosmetics.
Chapter 2. Controlled Substances.
Article 10. . Controlled Substances Prescription Database.

§ 20-2-217. Surcharge on controlled substance registration certificate.

There is hereby assessed a surcharge in the amount of ten dollars (\$10) per year on the controlled substance registration certificate of each licensed medical, dental, podiatric, optometric, and veterinary medicine practitioner authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances and on the Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate (QACSC) of each licensed assistant to physician, certified registered nurse practitioner, or certified nurse midwife. This surcharge shall be effective for every practitioner certificate and every Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate (QACSC) issued or renewed, shall be in addition to any other fees collected by the certifying boards, and shall be collected by each of the certifying boards and remitted to the department at such times and in such manner as designated in the regulations of the department. The proceeds of the surcharge assessed herein shall be used exclusively for the development, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the controlled substances prescription database.

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Arizona
§ 32-1907
§ 36-2605

Arizona Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 32. Professions and Occupations
Chapter 18. Pharmacy
Article 1. Board of Pharmacy

§ 32-1907. Arizona state board of pharmacy fund

A. Except as provided in § 32-1939, the executive director shall receive and receipt for all fees and other monies provided for in this chapter and shall deposit, pursuant to §§ 35-146 and 35-147, ten per cent of such monies in the state general fund and ninety per cent in the Arizona state board of pharmacy fund. All monies derived from civil penalties collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited, pursuant to §§ 35-146 and 35-147, in the general fund.

B. Except as provided in subsection C of this section, monies deposited in the Arizona state board of pharmacy fund shall be subject to § 35-143.01.

C. From monies deposited in the Arizona state board of pharmacy fund pursuant to subsection A of this section, the executive director may transfer up to three hundred ninety-five thousand seven hundred ninety-five dollars annually to the controlled substances prescription monitoring program fund established by § 36-2605 for expenses related to the controlled substances prescription monitoring program as required by title 36, chapter 28.

D. From monies deposited in the Arizona state board of pharmacy fund pursuant to subsection A of this section, the executive director may transfer up to one million dollars annually to the Arizona poison and drug information center for the purposes specified in § 36-1161 to supplement, and not supplant, any state general fund appropriation for those purposes.

Arizona Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 36. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 28. Controlled Substances Prescription Monitoring Program
Article 1. General Provisions

§ 36-2605. Controlled substances prescription monitoring program fund

A. The controlled substances prescription monitoring program fund is established consisting of legislative appropriations, transfers pursuant to § 32-1907 and any grants,

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gifts or donations received by the board. The board shall administer the fund. Monies in the fund are continuously appropriated and shall be used to operate the controlled substances prescription monitoring program established pursuant to § 36-2602.

B. The board may apply for grants and may accept gifts, grants or donations for the establishment and maintenance of the computerized prescription monitoring program.

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California

Business and Professions § 208

Health & Safety §

West's Annotated California Codes (2014)

Business and Professions Code

Division 1. Department of Consumer Affairs

Chapter 3. Funds of the Department

§ 208. Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES) fee; creation of CURES Fund; CURES operation and maintenance

(a) Beginning April 1, 2014, a CURES fee of six dollars (\$6) shall be assessed annually on each of the licensees specified in subdivision (b) to pay the reasonable costs associated with operating and maintaining CURES for the purpose of regulating those licensees. The fee assessed pursuant to this subdivision shall be billed and collected by the regulating agency of each licensee at the time of the licensee's license renewal. If the reasonable regulatory cost of operating and maintaining CURES is less than six dollars (\$6) per licensee, the Department of Consumer Affairs may, by regulation, reduce the fee established by this section to the reasonable regulatory cost.

(b)(1) Licensees authorized pursuant to Section 11150 of the Health and Safety Code to prescribe, order, administer, furnish, or dispense Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV controlled substances or pharmacists licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 4000) of Division 2.

(2) Wholesalers and nonresident wholesalers of dangerous drugs licensed pursuant to Article 11 (commencing with Section 4160) of Chapter 9 of Division 2.

(3) Nongovernmental clinics licensed pursuant to Article 13 (commencing with Section 4180) and Article 14 (commencing with Section 4190) of Chapter 9 of Division 2.

(4) Nongovernmental pharmacies licensed pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 4110) of Chapter 9 of Division 2.

(c) The funds collected pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be deposited in the CURES Fund, which is hereby created within the State Treasury. Moneys in the CURES Fund shall, upon appropriation by the Legislature, be available to the Department of Consumer Affairs to reimburse the Department of Justice for costs to operate and maintain CURES for the purposes of regulating the licensees specified in subdivision (b).

(d) The Department of Consumer Affairs shall contract with the Department of Justice on behalf of the Medical Board of California, the Dental Board of California, the California

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State Board of Pharmacy, the Veterinary Medical Board, the Board of Registered Nursing, the Physician Assistant Board of the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, the Naturopathic Medicine Committee of the Osteopathic Medical Board, the State Board of Optometry, and the California Board of Podiatric Medicine to operate and maintain CURES for the purposes of regulating the licensees specified in subdivision (b).

West's Annotated California Codes (2014)
Health and Safety Code
Division 10. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Chapter 4. Prescriptions
Article 1. Requirements of Prescriptions

§ 11165. Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES); electronic monitoring of Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances; funding; confidentiality; reporting requirements for dispensers; stakeholder assistance in establishing rules and regulations and identifying CURES upgrades; education on access and use of CURES
PDMP

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(b) The Department of Justice may seek and use grant funds to pay the costs incurred by the operation and maintenance of CURES. The department shall annually report to the Legislature and make available to the public the amount and source of funds it receives for support of CURES.

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West's Annotated California Codes (2014)
Health and Safety Code
Division 10. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Chapter 4. Prescriptions
Article 1. Requirements of Prescriptions

§ 11165.5. Donations to support Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES)

(a) The Department of Justice may seek voluntarily contributed private funds from insurers, health care service plans, qualified manufacturers, and other donors for the purpose of supporting CURES. Insurers, health care service plans, qualified manufacturers, and other donors may contribute by submitting their payment to the Controller for deposit into the CURES Fund established pursuant to subdivision (c) of

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Section 208 of the Business and Professions Code. The department shall make information about the amount and the source of all private funds it receives for support of CURES available to the public. Contributions to the CURES Fund pursuant to this subdivision shall be nondeductible for state tax purposes.

(b) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:

(1) “Controlled substance” means a drug, substance, or immediate precursor listed in any schedule in Section 11055, 11056, or 11057 of the Health and Safety Code.

(2) “Health care service plan” means an entity licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code).

(3) “Insurer” means an admitted insurer writing health insurance, as defined in Section 106 of the Insurance Code, and an admitted insurer writing workers' compensation insurance, as defined in Section 109 of the Insurance Code.

(4) “Qualified manufacturer” means a manufacturer of a controlled substance, but does not mean a wholesaler or nonresident wholesaler of dangerous drugs, regulated pursuant to Article 11 (commencing with Section 4160) of Chapter 9 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, a veterinary food-animal drug retailer, regulated pursuant to Article 15 (commencing with Section 4196) of Chapter 9 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, or an individual regulated by the Medical Board of California, the Dental Board of California, the California State Board of Pharmacy, the Veterinary Medical Board, the Board of Registered Nursing, the Physician Assistant Committee of the Medical Board of California, the Osteopathic Medical Board of California, the State Board of Optometry, or the California Board of Podiatric Medicine.

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Hawaii

§ 329-59 (eff. until Jan. 1, 2015)

§ 329-59 (eff. Jan. 1, 2015)

§ 329-31

West's Hawai'i Revised Statutes Annotated (2013)

Division 1. Government

Title 19. Health

Chapter 329. Uniform Controlled Substances Act

Part V. Enforcement and Administrative Provisions

§ 329-59. Controlled substance registration revolving fund; established

<Text of section effective until January 1, 2015>

(a) There is established within the state treasury the controlled substance registration revolving fund. The fund shall be expended at the discretion of the director of public safety for the purpose of:

(1) Offsetting the cost of the electronic prescription accountability system, investigation of violations of this chapter, the registration and control of the manufacture, distribution, prescription, and dispensation of controlled substances and regulated chemicals listed under section 329-61, within the State and the processing and issuance of a patient registry identification certificate designated under part IX;

(2) Funding positions authorized by the legislature by law; and

(3) Funding the narcotics enforcement division's forensic drug laboratory facility.

(b) The fund shall consist of all moneys derived from fees collected pursuant to sections 329-31, 329-67, and 329-123(b) and legislative appropriations. All fees collected pursuant to sections 329-31, 329-67, and 329-123(b) shall be deposited in the controlled substance registration revolving fund.

West's Hawai'i Revised Statutes Annotated (2013)

Division 1. Government

Title 19. Health

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(1) Offsetting the cost of the electronic prescription accountability system, investigation of violations of this chapter, the registration and control of the manufacture, distribution, prescription, and dispensation of controlled substances and regulated chemicals listed under section 329-61, within the State;

(2) Funding positions authorized by the legislature by law; and

(3) Funding the narcotics enforcement division's forensic drug laboratory facility.

(b) The fund shall consist of all moneys derived from fees collected pursuant to sections 329-31 and 329-67 and legislative appropriations. All fees collected pursuant to sections 329-31 and 329-67 shall be deposited in the controlled substance registration revolving fund.

West's Hawai'i Revised Statutes Annotated (2013)

Division 1. Government

Title 19. Health

Chapter 329. Uniform Controlled Substances Act

Part III. Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution, Prescription, and Dispensing of Controlled Substances

§ 329-31. Rules

The department of public safety may promulgate rules and charge reasonable fees relating to the registration and control of the manufacture, distribution, prescription, and dispensing of controlled substances within this State.

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Indiana

§ 35-48-7-10.1

§ 35-48-7-13.1

West's Annotated Indiana Code (2014)

Title 35. Criminal Law and Procedure

Article 48. Controlled Substances

Chapter 7. Central Repository for Controlled Substances Data

§ 35-48-7-10.1 INSPECT program responsibilities

Sec. 10.1. (a) The INSPECT program must do the following:

(1) Create a data base for information required to be transmitted under section 8.1 of this chapter in the form required under rules adopted by the board, including search capability for the following:

(A) A controlled substance recipient's name.

(B) A controlled substance recipient's or recipient representative's identification number.

(C) A controlled substance recipient's date of birth.

(D) The national drug code number of a controlled substance dispensed.

(E) The dates a controlled substance is dispensed.

(F) The quantities of a controlled substance dispensed.

(G) The number of days of supply dispensed.

(H) A dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement Agency registration number.

(I) A prescriber's United States Drug Enforcement Agency registration number.

(J) Whether a prescription was transmitted to the pharmacist orally or in writing.

(K) A controlled substance recipient's method of payment for the controlled substance dispensed.

(2) Provide the board with continuing twenty-four (24) hour a day online access to the data base.

(3) Secure the information collected and the data base maintained against access by unauthorized persons.

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(b) The board may execute a contract with a vendor designated by the board to perform any function associated with the administration of the INSPECT program.

(c) The INSPECT program may gather prescription data from the Medicaid retrospective drug utilization review (DUR) program established under IC 12-15-35.

(d) The board may accept and designate grants, public and private financial assistance, and licensure fees to provide funding for the INSPECT program.

West's Annotated Indiana Code (2014)

Title 35. Criminal Law and Procedure

Article 48. Controlled Substances

Chapter 7. Central Repository for Controlled Substances Data

§ 35-48-7-13.1 Funding operation of INSPECT program

Sec. 13.1.

(a) The controlled substances data fund is established to fund the administration of the INSPECT program. The fund shall be administered by the Indiana professional licensing agency.

(b) Expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund. The fund consists of grants, public and private financial assistance, and the controlled substances registration fees imposed under rules adopted under IC 35-48-3-1.

(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public money may be invested.

(d) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

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Iowa
§ 124.557

Iowa Code Annotated (2014)
Title IV. Public Health
Subtitle 1. Alcoholic Beverages and Controlled Substances
Chapter 124. Controlled Substances
Division VI. Drug Prescribing and Dispensing--Information Program

§ 124.557. Drug information program fund

The drug information program fund is established to be used by the board to fund or assist in funding the program. The board may make deposits into the fund from any source, public or private, including grants or contributions of money or other items of value, which it determines necessary to carry out the purposes of this division. Moneys received by the board to establish and maintain the program must be used for the expenses of administering this division. Notwithstanding section 8.33, amounts contained in the fund that remain unencumbered or unobligated at the close of the fiscal year shall not revert but shall remain available for expenditure for the purposes designated in future years.

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Michigan
§ 333.16315

Michigan Compiled Laws Annotated (2014)
Chapter 333. Health
Public Health Code
Article 15. Occupations
Part 161. General Provisions

§ 333.16315. Health professions regulatory fund; nurse professional fund; pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund

Sec. 16315. (1) The health professions regulatory fund is established in the state treasury. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the state treasurer shall credit the fees collected under sections 16319 to 16349 to the health professions regulatory fund. The money in the health professions regulatory fund shall be expended only as provided in subsection (5).

(2) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the health professions regulatory fund. Interest and earnings from health professions regulatory fund investment shall be credited to the health professions regulatory fund.

(3) The unencumbered balance in the health professions regulatory fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the health professions regulatory fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

(4) The health professions regulatory fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law.

(5) The department shall use the health professions regulatory fund to carry out its powers and duties under this article, article 7, and article 8, including, but not limited to, reimbursing the department of attorney general for the reasonable cost of services provided to the department under this article, article 7, and article 8.

(6) The nurse professional fund is established in the state treasury. Of the money that is attributable to per-year license fees collected under section 16327, the state treasurer shall credit \$8.00 of each individual annual license fee collected to the nurse professional fund. The money in the nurse professional fund shall be expended only as provided in subsection (9).

(7) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the nurse professional fund, and shall credit interest and earnings from the investment to the nurse professional fund. The nurse professional fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law.

(8) The unencumbered balance in the nurse professional fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the nurse professional fund and shall not revert to the general fund.

(9) The department of community health shall use the nurse professional fund each fiscal year only as follows:

(a) To promote safe patient care in all nursing practice environments.

(b) To advance the safe practice of the nursing profession.

(c) To assure a continuous supply of high-quality direct care nurses, nursing faculty, and nursing education programs.

(d) To operate a nursing scholarship program.

(10) The pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund is established in the state treasury.

(11) The state treasurer shall direct the investment of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund. Interest and earnings from investment of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund shall be credited to the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund.

(12) The unencumbered balance in the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund at the close of the fiscal year shall remain in the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund and shall not revert to the general fund. The pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund may receive gifts and devises and other money as provided by law. Twenty dollars of the license fee received by the department under section 16319 shall be deposited with the state treasurer to the credit of the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund. The department shall use the pain management education and controlled substances electronic monitoring and antidiversion fund only in connection with programs relating to pain management education for health professionals, preventing the diversion of controlled substances, and development and maintenance of the electronic monitoring system for controlled substances data required by section 7333a.

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Minnesota
§ 152.126

Minnesota Statutes Annotated (2014)
Health (Ch. 144-159)
Chapter 152. Drugs; Controlled Substances
Prescriptions

§ 152.126. Prescription monitoring program.

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Subd. 10. Funding. (a) The board may seek grants and private funds from nonprofit charitable foundations, the federal government, and other sources to fund the enhancement and ongoing operations of the prescription monitoring program established under this section. Any funds received shall be appropriated to the board for this purpose. The board may not expend funds to enhance the program in a way that conflicts with this section without seeking approval from the legislature.

(b) Notwithstanding any other section, the administrative services unit for the health-related licensing boards shall apportion between the Board of Medical Practice, the Board of Nursing, the Board of Dentistry, the Board of Podiatric Medicine, the Board of Optometry, the Board of Veterinary Medicine, and the Board of Pharmacy an amount to be paid through fees by each respective board. The amount apportioned to each board shall equal each board's share of the annual appropriation to the Board of Pharmacy from the state government special revenue fund for operating the prescription monitoring program under this section. Each board's apportioned share shall be based on the number of prescribers or dispensers that each board identified in this paragraph licenses as a percentage of the total number of prescribers and dispensers licensed collectively by these boards. Each respective board may adjust the fees that the boards are required to collect to compensate for the amount apportioned to each board by the administrative services unit.

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Mississippi
§ 73-21-103

West's Annotated Mississippi Code (2014)
Title 73. Professions and Vocations
Chapter 21. Pharmacists
Mississippi Pharmacy Practice Act

§ 73-21-103. Disciplinary penalties imposed by board

(1) Upon the finding of the existence of grounds for action against any permitted facility or discipline of any person holding a license, registration or permit, seeking a license, registration or permit, seeking to renew a license or permit under the provisions of this chapter, or practicing or doing business without a license, registration or permit, the board may impose one or more of the following penalties:

(a) Suspension of the offender's license, registration and/or permit for a term to be determined by the board;

(b) Revocation of the offender's license, registration and/or permit;

(c) Restriction of the offender's license, registration and/or permit to prohibit the offender from performing certain acts or from engaging in the practice of pharmacy in a particular manner for a term to be determined by the board;

(d) Imposition of a monetary penalty as follows:

(i) For the first violation, a monetary penalty of not less than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) nor more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation;

(ii) For the second violation and subsequent violations, a monetary penalty of not less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) nor more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each violation.

Money collected by the board under paragraph (d)(i), (ii) and (iv) of this section shall be deposited to the credit of the State General Fund of the State Treasury;

(iii) The board may assess a monetary penalty for those reasonable costs that are expended by the board in the investigation and conduct of a proceeding for licensure revocation, suspension or restriction, including, but not limited to, the cost of process service, court reporters, expert witnesses and investigators.

Money collected by the board under paragraph (d)(iii) of this section, shall be deposited to the credit of the Special Fund of the Pharmacy Board;

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(iv) The board may impose a monetary penalty for those facilities/businesses registered with the Pharmacy Board as wholesalers/manufacturers of not less than Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) per violation and not more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation;

(v) The board may impose a monetary penalty for any dispenser, pharmacist or practitioner licensed to dispense controlled substance and specified noncontrolled substance drugs, who knowingly fails to submit drug monitoring information or knowingly submits incorrect dispensing information of not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per violation. Any penalty collected under this paragraph (v) shall be deposited into the special fund of the State Pharmacy Board to support the operations of the Prescription Monitoring Program;

(vi) The board may impose a monetary penalty for a person authorized to obtain prescription information and who knowingly discloses this information for misuse or purposely alters the reporting information of not more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) per violation. Any penalty collected under this paragraph (vi) shall be deposited into the special fund of the State Board of Pharmacy and used to support the operations of the Prescription Monitoring Program;

(vii) The board may impose a monetary penalty of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per day upon any person or business that practices or does business without the license, registration or permit required by this chapter.

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Montana
§ 37-7-1511 (eff. until July 1, 2015)

West's Montana Code Annotated (2013)
Title 37. Professions and Occupations
Chapter 7. Pharmacy
Part 15. Prescription Drug Registry

§ 37-7-1511. Prescription drug registry--funding

<Subsection (1) terminates July 1, 2015.>

(1) Each person licensed under Title 37 who prescribes, dispenses, or distributes controlled substances shall pay to the board a nonrefundable fee that is set by rule and that may not exceed \$15.

(2) The board may apply for any available grants and may accept gifts, grants, or donations to assist in establishing and maintaining the registry.

(3) Funds collected pursuant to this part must be deposited into a state special revenue account to the credit of the department. The money must be used to defray the expenses of the board in establishing and maintaining the registry and in discharging its administrative and regulatory duties under this part.

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Nebraska
§ 71-2455

West's Revised Statutes of Nebraska Annotated (2014)
Chapter 71. Public Health and Welfare
Article 24. Drugs
(l) Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

§ 71-2455. Prescription drug monitoring; Department of Health and Human Services; duties; powers

The Department of Health and Human Services, in collaboration with the Nebraska Health Information Initiative or any successor public-private statewide health information exchange, shall enhance or establish technology for prescription drug monitoring to carry out the purposes of section 71-2454. The department may use state funds and accept grants, gifts, or other funds in order to implement and operate the technology. The department may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to authorize use of electronic health information, if necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

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New Jersey
§ 24:21-54

New Jersey Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 24. Food and Drugs
Subtitle 3. Narcotic Drugs and Other Dangerous Substances
Chapter 21. Dangerous Substances Control Law
Article 8. Drug Paraphernalia

§ 24:21-54. Controlled Dangerous Substances Administration and Enforcement Fund;
appropriations

a. There is established in the Department of the Treasury a special, dedicated nonlapsing fund to be known as the “Controlled Dangerous Substances Administration and Enforcement Fund.” The fund shall be the depository for fees, cost recoveries and penalties collected in connection with the “New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act,” P.L.1970, c. 226 (C.24:21-1 et seq.), as amended and supplemented, and the Prescription Monitoring Program established pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2007 c. 244 (C.45:1-45). Monies deposited in the fund and the interest earned thereon shall be used for the collection of information, administration and enforcement of laws relating to controlled dangerous substances.

b. The Legislature shall annually appropriate monies from the fund to the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety for the collection of information, administration, and enforcement of laws relating to controlled dangerous substances.

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North Carolina

Per the state PDMP representative, North Carolina's funding comes from controlled substance registration fees and grants.

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North Dakota

Per the state PDMP representative, North Dakota's funding is part of the general licensing fees for wholesalers.

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Ohio

§ 4729.83 (eff. Sept. 17, 2014)

Baldwin's Ohio Revised Code Annotated (2014)

Title XLVII. Occupations--Professions

Chapter 4729. Pharmacists; Dangerous Drugs

Miscellaneous Provisions

§ 4729.83 Database fees; donations; drug database fund

<Text of Section Effective September 17, 2014>

(A) If the state board of pharmacy establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code, the board may use, for the purpose of establishing or maintaining the database, any portion of the fees collected under section 4729.15, 4729.52, or 4729.54 of the Revised Code for the licensing or registration of pharmacists, pharmacy interns, wholesale distributors of dangerous drugs, or terminal distributors of dangerous drugs. The board shall not increase the amount of any of those fees solely for the purpose of establishing or maintaining the database.

The board shall not impose any charge on a prescriber for the establishment or maintenance of the database. The board shall not charge any fees for the transmission of data to the database or for the receipt of information from the database, except that the board may charge a fee in accordance with rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code to an individual who requests the individual's own database information under section 4729.80 of the Revised Code.

(B) The board may accept grants, gifts, or donations for purposes of the drug database. Any money received shall be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the drug database fund, which is hereby created. Money in the fund shall be used solely for purposes of the drug database.

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Oregon
§ 431.972
§ 431.974

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 36. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 431. State and Local Administration and Enforcement of Health Laws
Prescription Monitoring Program
(Program)

§ 431.972. Licensed persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances; fees

(1) As used in this section, “board” means:

- (a) The Oregon Medical Board;
- (b) The Oregon Board of Dentistry;
- (c) The Oregon Board of Naturopathic Medicine;
- (d) The Oregon State Board of Nursing;
- (e) The Oregon Board of Optometry; and
- (f) The State Board of Pharmacy.

(2)(a) In addition to other licensing fees imposed by a board on licensees, a board shall adopt rules imposing a fee of \$25 per year on each person licensed by the board who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances. A board shall collect the fee at the same time the board collects other licensing fees imposed on licensees.

(b) A board shall retain 10 percent of the fees collected under paragraph (a) of this subsection to cover the costs of accounting and collection of the fees.

(c) On the first day of each calendar quarter, a board shall transmit 90 percent of the fees collected under paragraph (a) of this subsection during the preceding calendar quarter to the Electronic Prescription Monitoring Fund established in ORS 431.974.

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 36. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 431. State and Local Administration and Enforcement of Health Laws
Prescription Monitoring Program
(Program)

§ 431.974. Electronic Prescription Monitoring Fund

(1) The Electronic Prescription Monitoring Fund is established in the State Treasury, separate and distinct from the General Fund. The Electronic Prescription Monitoring Fund consists of moneys transmitted to the fund under ORS 431.972 and any other moneys deposited in accordance with law. Interest earned by the fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys in the fund are continuously appropriated to the Oregon Health Authority for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of ORS 431.962 to 431.978 and 431.992.

(2) The authority may accept grants, donations, gifts or moneys from any source for deposit into the fund established by this section.

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South Carolina

Per the state PDMP representative, South Carolina's funding comes from controlled substances registration fees.

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Utah

§ 58-37f-401

§ 58-37f-402

West's Utah Code Annotated (2014)

Title 58. Occupations and Professions

Chapter 37F. Controlled Substance Database Act

Part 4. Registration and Training

§ 58-37f-401. Database registration required--Penalties for failure to register

...

(6) Beginning on July 1, 2010, the division shall, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, impose an annual database registration fee on an individual who registers to use the database, to pay the startup and ongoing costs of the division for complying with the requirements of this section and Section 58-37f-402.

West's Utah Code Annotated (2014)

Title 58. Occupations and Professions

Chapter 37F. Controlled Substance Database Act

Part 4. Registration and Training

§ 58-37f-402. Online tutorial and test relating to the database--Fees--Rulemaking authority--Continuing professional education credit

...

(5) The division shall impose a fee, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, on an individual who takes the test described in this section, to pay the costs incurred by the division to:

(a) develop, implement, and administer the tutorial and test described in this section; and

(b) fulfill the other duties imposed on the division under this part.

...

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Vermont
33 § 2004
33 § 2004a

West's Vermont Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title Thirty-Three. Human Services
Part 2. Economic Assistance
Chapter 19. Medical Assistance
Subchapter 5. Prescription Drug Cost Containmentment

§ 2004. Manufacturer fee

(a) Annually, each pharmaceutical manufacturer or labeler of prescription drugs that are paid for by the Department of Vermont Health Access for individuals participating in Medicaid, Dr. Dynasaur, or VPharm shall pay a fee to the Agency of Human Services. The fee shall be 0.5 percent of the previous calendar year's prescription drug spending by the Department and shall be assessed based on manufacturer labeler codes as used in the Medicaid rebate program.

(b) Fees collected under this section shall fund collection and analysis of information on pharmaceutical marketing activities under 18 V.S.A. §§ 4632 and 4633, analysis of prescription drug data needed by the Office of the Attorney General for enforcement activities, the Vermont prescription monitoring system established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 84A, the Evidence-Based Education Program established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 91, subchapter 2, and any opioid-antagonist education, training, and distribution program operated by the Department of Health or its agents. The fees shall be collected in the evidence-based education and advertising fund established in section 2004a of this title.

(c) The secretary of human services or designee shall make rules for the implementation of this section.

West's Vermont Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title Thirty-Three. Human Services
Part 2. Economic Assistance
Chapter 19. Medical Assistance
Subchapter 5. Prescription Drug Cost Containmentment

§ 2004a. Evidence-Based Education and Advertising Fund

(a) The Evidence-Based Education and Advertising Fund is established in the State Treasury as a special fund to be a source of financing for activities relating to fund collection and analysis of information on pharmaceutical marketing activities under 18 V.S.A. §§ 4632 and 4633, for analysis of prescription drug data needed by the Office of the

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Attorney General for enforcement activities, for the Vermont Prescription Monitoring System established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 84A, for the Evidence-Based Education Program established in 18 V.S.A. chapter 91, subchapter 2, and for the support of any opioid-antagonist education, training, and distribution program operated by the Department of Health or its agents. Monies deposited into the Fund shall be used for the purposes described in this section.

(b) Into the Fund shall be deposited:

(1) revenue from the manufacturer fee established under section 2004 of this title; and

(2) the proceeds from grants, donations, contributions, taxes, and any other sources of revenue as may be provided by statute, rule, or act of the General Assembly.

(c) The Fund shall be administered pursuant to 32 V.S.A. chapter 7, subchapter 5, except that interest earned on the fund and any remaining balance shall be retained in the Fund.

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West Virginia
ADC § 15-8-6
§ 60A-8-7

West Virginia Code of State Rules (2014)
Title 15. West Virginia Board of Pharmacy
Legislative Rule (Ser. 8)
Series 8. Controlled Substances Monitoring

§ 15-8-6. Central Repository; Designation; Powers and Duties.

6.1. The central repository shall create a database for the information required to be transmitted by this rule. This database shall be referred to as the “Controlled Substances Monitoring Program”, or the “CSMP”.

6.2. The central repository shall provide the board with continuous 24-hour a day, on-line access to the database maintained by the central repository.

6.3. The central repository shall secure the information collected by the central repository and the database maintained by the central repository against access by unauthorized persons.

6.4. If the relationship between the board and the central repository is terminated by statute, the central repository shall provide to the board within a reasonable time, all collected information and the database maintained by the central repository.

6.5. The board may accept a designated grant, public and private financial assistance, and licensure fees to provide funding for the central repository.

West's Annotated Code of West Virginia (2014)
Chapter 60A. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Article 8. Wholesale Drug Distribution Licensing Act of 1991

§ 60A-8-7. Wholesale drug distributor licensing requirements

...

(b) All wholesale distributors and pharmacy distributors shall be subject to the following requirements:

(1) No person or distribution outlet may act as a wholesale drug distributor without first obtaining a license to do so from the Board of Pharmacy and paying any reasonable fee required by the Board of Pharmacy, such fee not to exceed four hundred dollars per year: **Provided, That**

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for licenses that are effective on and after July 1, 2012, the annual fee shall be \$750 per license until modified by legislative rule. All fees collected pursuant to this section shall be used for the operation and implementation of the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program database or in the same manner as those fees governed by article five, chapter thirty of this code.

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States that May Allow Funding Through Licensing and Other Fees

Colorado

§ 12-42.5-405

West's Colorado Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)

Title 12. Professions and Occupations

Health Care

Article 42.5. Pharmacists, Pharmacy Businesses, and Pharmaceuticals

Part 4. Electronic Monitoring of Prescription Drugs

§ 12-42.5-405. Prescription drug monitoring fund--creation--gifts, grants, and donations--fee

(1) The board may seek and accept funds from any public or private entity for the purposes of implementing and maintaining the program. The board shall transmit any funds it receives to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the prescription drug monitoring fund, which fund is hereby created. The moneys in the fund are subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly for the sole purpose of implementing and maintaining the program. The moneys in the fund must not be transferred to or revert to the general fund at the end of any fiscal year.

(2) After implementing the program, the board shall seek gifts, grants, and donations on an annual basis for the purpose of maintaining the program. The board shall report annually to the health and human services committee of the senate and the health and environment committee of the house of representatives, or any successor committees, regarding the gifts, grants, and donations requested, of whom they were requested, and the amounts received.

(3) If, based upon the appropriations for the direct and indirect costs of the program, there are insufficient funds to maintain the program, the division may collect an annual fee of no more than seventeen dollars and fifty cents for the fiscal years 2011-12 and 2012-13, twenty dollars for the fiscal years 2013-14 and 2014-15, and twenty-five dollars for each fiscal year thereafter, from an individual who holds a license from the division that authorizes him or her to prescribe a controlled substance, as defined in section 18-18-102(5), C.R.S. The division shall set the fee pursuant to section 24-34-105, C.R.S., and shall collect the fee in conjunction with the license renewal fees collected pursuant to section 24-34-105, C.R.S. Moneys collected pursuant to this subsection (3) are credited to the prescription drug monitoring fund created in subsection (1) of this section.

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Louisiana
§ 40:1013

West's Louisiana Statutes Annotated (2014)
Louisiana Revised Statutes
Title 40. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 4. Food and Drugs
Part X-A. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 1013. Funding authority

A. The board shall have the authority to make application for, receive, and administer grant funding from public or private sources for the development, implementation, or enhancement of the prescription monitoring program.

B. In the event the legislature provides full funding for the prescription monitoring program, no fees shall be levied as provided in this Section.

C. The board shall have the authority to levy and collect an annual fee from each of the following practitioners in possession of authority to prescribe or dispense controlled dangerous substances: physicians, podiatrists, dentists, optometrists, advanced practice registered nurses, physician assistants, medical psychologists, or any other person subsequently authorized by law to prescribe controlled dangerous substances. The board shall also have the authority to levy and collect an annual fee from each pharmacy licensed by the board. The annual fee levied and collected from each person enumerated in this Subsection and each pharmacy shall not exceed twenty-five dollars.

D. The board shall not be required to fund any aspect of the prescription monitoring program.

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Nevada
§ 453.221

West's Nevada Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 40. Public Health and Safety (Chapters 439-461A)
Chapter 453. Controlled Substances
Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Regulations

§ 453.221. Regulations; fees

1. The Board may adopt regulations and charge reasonable fees relating to the registration and control of the dispensing of controlled substances within this State.

2. The Board may charge an additional fee for dispensing controlled substances included in schedules I to V, inclusive, to cover the cost of developing and maintaining the computerized program developed pursuant to NRS 453.1545. The amount of the fee must be:

(a) Set so that the aggregate amount received from the fee does not exceed the estimated costs of developing and maintaining the program.

(b) Approved by the Legislature, if it is in regular session, or the Interim Finance Committee, if the Legislature is not in regular session.

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States that Explicitly Exclude Licensing and Other Fees from Funding

Arkansas

§ 20-7-610

ADC 007.07.4-X

West's Arkansas Code Annotated (2014)

Title 20. Public Health and Welfare

Subtitle 2. Health and Safety

Chapter 7. State Board of Health--Department of Health

Subchapter 6. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program Act

§ 20-7-610. Authority to seek funding

(a) The Department of Health may make application for, receive, and administer grant funding from public or private sources for the development, implementation, or enhancement of the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

(b) A fee shall not be levied against practitioners for the purpose of funding or complying with the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

West's Arkansas Administrative Code (2014)

Title 007. Department of Health

Division 07. Pharmacy Services

Rule 4. Regulations Pertaining to Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

007.07.4-X. Authority to Seek Funding

(a) The Department of Health may make application for, receive, and administer grant funding from public or private sources for the development, implementation, or enhancement of the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

(b) A fee shall not be levied against practitioners for the purpose of funding or complying with the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

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Florida
§ 893.055

West's Florida Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XLVI. Crimes (Chapters 775-899)
Chapter 893. Drug Abuse Prevention and Control

§ 893.055. Prescription drug monitoring program

...

(10) All costs incurred by the department in administering the prescription drug monitoring program shall be funded through federal grants or private funding applied for or received by the state. The department may not commit funds for the monitoring program without ensuring funding is available. The prescription drug monitoring program and the implementation thereof are contingent upon receipt of the nonstate funding. The department and state government shall cooperate with the direct-support organization established pursuant to subsection (11) in seeking federal grant funds, other nonstate grant funds, gifts, donations, or other private moneys for the department if the costs of doing so are not considered material. Nonmaterial costs for this purpose include, but are not limited to, the costs of mailing and personnel assigned to research or apply for a grant. Notwithstanding the exemptions to competitive-solicitation requirements under s. 287.057(3)(e), the department shall comply with the competitive-solicitation requirements under s. 287.057 for the procurement of any goods or services required by this section. Funds provided, directly or indirectly, by prescription drug manufacturers may not be used to implement the program.

(11) The department may establish a direct-support organization that has a board consisting of at least five members to provide assistance, funding, and promotional support for the activities authorized for the prescription drug monitoring program.

(a) As used in this subsection, the term “direct-support organization” means an organization that is:

1. A Florida corporation not for profit incorporated under chapter 617, exempted from filing fees, and approved by the Department of State.

2. Organized and operated to conduct programs and activities; raise funds; request and receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; acquire, receive, hold, and invest, in its own name, securities, funds, objects of value, or other property, either real or personal; and make expenditures or provide funding to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the department in the furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program.

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(b) The direct-support organization is not considered a lobbying firm within the meaning of s. 11.045.

(c) The State Surgeon General shall appoint a board of directors for the direct-support organization. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the State Surgeon General. The State Surgeon General shall provide guidance to members of the board to ensure that moneys received by the direct-support organization are not received from inappropriate sources. Inappropriate sources include, but are not limited to, donors, grantors, persons, or organizations that may monetarily or substantively benefit from the purchase of goods or services by the department in furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program.

(d) The direct-support organization shall operate under written contract with the department. The contract must, at a minimum, provide for:

- 1. Approval of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the direct-support organization by the department.**
- 2. Submission of an annual budget for the approval of the department.**
- 3. Certification by the department that the direct-support organization is complying with the terms of the contract in a manner consistent with and in furtherance of the goals and purposes of the prescription drug monitoring program and in the best interests of the state. Such certification must be made annually and reported in the official minutes of a meeting of the direct-support organization.**
- 4. The reversion, without penalty, to the state of all moneys and property held in trust by the direct-support organization for the benefit of the prescription drug monitoring program if the direct-support organization ceases to exist or if the contract is terminated.**
- 5. The fiscal year of the direct-support organization, which must begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the following year.**
- 6. The disclosure of the material provisions of the contract to donors of gifts, contributions, or bequests, including such disclosure on all promotional and fundraising publications, and an explanation to such donors of the distinction between the department and the direct-support organization.**
- 7. The direct-support organization's collecting, expending, and providing of funds to the department for the development, implementation, and operation of the prescription drug monitoring program as described in this section and s. 2, chapter 2009-198, Laws of Florida, as long as the task force is authorized. The direct-support organization may collect and expend funds to be used for the functions of the direct-support organization's board of directors, as necessary and approved by the department. In addition, the direct-support**

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organization may collect and provide funding to the department in furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program by:

- a. Establishing and administering the prescription drug monitoring program's electronic database, including hardware and software.**
 - b. Conducting studies on the efficiency and effectiveness of the program to include feasibility studies as described in subsection (13).**
 - c. Providing funds for future enhancements of the program within the intent of this section.**
 - d. Providing user training of the prescription drug monitoring program, including distribution of materials to promote public awareness and education and conducting workshops or other meetings, for health care practitioners, pharmacists, and others as appropriate.**
 - e. Providing funds for travel expenses.**
 - f. Providing funds for administrative costs, including personnel, audits, facilities, and equipment.**
 - g. Fulfilling all other requirements necessary to implement and operate the program as outlined in this section.**
- (e) The activities of the direct-support organization must be consistent with the goals and mission of the department, as determined by the department, and in the best interests of the state. The direct-support organization must obtain a written approval from the department for any activities in support of the prescription drug monitoring program before undertaking those activities.**
- (f) The department may permit, without charge, appropriate use of administrative services, property, and facilities of the department by the direct-support organization, subject to this section. The use must be directly in keeping with the approved purposes of the direct-support organization and may not be made at times or places that would unreasonably interfere with opportunities for the public to use such facilities for established purposes. Any moneys received from rentals of facilities and properties managed by the department may be held in a separate depository account in the name of the direct-support organization and subject to the provisions of the letter of agreement with the department. The letter of agreement must provide that any funds held in the separate depository account in the name of the direct-support organization must revert to the department if the direct-support organization is no longer approved by the department to operate in the best interests of the state.**

(g) The department may adopt rules under s. 120.54 to govern the use of administrative services, property, or facilities of the department or office by the direct-support organization.

(h) The department may not permit the use of any administrative services, property, or facilities of the state by a direct-support organization if that organization does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, age, or national origin.

(i) The direct-support organization shall provide for an independent annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981. Copies of the audit shall be provided to the department and the Office of Policy and Budget in the Executive Office of the Governor.

(j) The direct-support organization may not exercise any power under s. 617.0302(12) or (16).

(k) This subsection is repealed October 1, 2017, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.

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Kansas
§ 65-1684

West's Kansas Statutes Annotated (2014)
Chapter 65. Public Health
Article 16. Regulation of Pharmacists

§ 65-1684. Same; charges and fees prohibited

The board shall not impose any charge for the establishment or maintenance of the prescription monitoring program database on a registered wholesale distributor, pharmacist, dispenser or other person authorized to prescribe or dispense scheduled substances and drugs of concern. The board shall not charge any fees for the transmission of data to the database or for the receipt of information from the database, except that the board may charge a fee to an individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures adopted by the board.

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Kentucky
§ 218A.202

Baldwin's Kentucky Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XVIII. Public Health
Chapter 218A. Controlled Substances

§ 218A.202 Electronic system for monitoring controlled substances; required registration and reporting; penalty for illegal use of system; pilot or continuing project; continuing education programs; reports of failure to comply with section; administrative regulations

(1) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall establish an electronic system for monitoring Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled substances that are dispensed within the Commonwealth by a practitioner or pharmacist or dispensed to an address within the Commonwealth by a pharmacy that has obtained a license, permit, or other authorization to operate from the Kentucky Board of Pharmacy. The cabinet may contract for the design, upgrade, or operation of this system if the contract preserves all of the rights, privileges, and protections guaranteed to Kentucky citizens under this chapter and the contract requires that all other aspects of the system be operated in conformity with the requirements of this or any other applicable state or federal law.

(2) A practitioner or a pharmacist authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances to humans shall register with the cabinet to use the system provided for in this section and shall maintain such registration continuously during the practitioner's or pharmacist's term of licensure and shall not have to pay a fee or tax specifically dedicated to the operation of the system.

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Maryland

Health-General § 21-2A-04 (eff. until Oct. 1, 2014)

Health-General § 21-2A-04 (eff. Oct. 1, 2014)

ADC 10.47.07.08

West's Annotated Code of Maryland (2014)

Health--General

Title 21. Food, Drugs, and Cosmetics

Subtitle 2A. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

§ 21-2A-04. Regulations

<Text of Section Effective Until October 1, 2014>

In general

(a) The Secretary, in consultation with the Board, shall adopt regulations to carry out this subtitle.

Scope of regulations

(b) The regulations adopted by the Secretary shall:

(1) Specify the prescription monitoring data required to be submitted under § 21-2A-03 of this subtitle;

(2) Specify the electronic or other means by which information is to be submitted:

(i) Without unduly increasing the workload and expense on dispensers; and

(ii) In a manner as compatible as possible with existing data submission practices of dispensers;

(3) Specify that the Program:

(i) Shall provide the information technology software to dispensers necessary to upload prescription drug monitoring data to the Program; and

(ii) May not impose any fees or other assessments on prescribers or dispensers to support the operation of the Program;

(4) Specify that a prescriber or dispenser is not required or obligated to access or use prescription monitoring data available under the Program;

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- (5) Identify the mechanism by which prescription monitoring data are disclosed to a person, in accordance with § 21-2A-06 of this subtitle;
- (6) Identify the circumstances under which a person may disclose prescription monitoring data received under the Program;
- (7) Establish requirements for Program retention of prescription monitoring data for 3 years; and
- (8) Require that:
- (i) Confidential or privileged patient information be kept confidential; and
 - (ii) Records or information protected by a privilege between a health care provider and a patient, or otherwise required by law to be held confidential, be filed in a manner that, except as otherwise provided in § 21-2A-06 of this subtitle, does not disclose the identity of the person protected.

West's Annotated Code of Maryland (2014)
Health--General
Title 21. Food, Drugs, and Cosmetics
Subtitle 2A. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

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(i) Shall provide the information technology software to dispensers necessary to upload prescription drug monitoring data to the Program; and

(ii) May not impose any fees or other assessments on prescribers or dispensers to support the operation of the Program;

(4) Specify that a prescriber or dispenser is not required or obligated to access or use prescription monitoring data available under the Program;

(5) Identify the mechanism by which prescription monitoring data are disclosed to a person, in accordance with § 21-2A-06 of this subtitle;

(6) Identify the circumstances under which a person may disclose prescription monitoring data received under the Program;

(7) Specify the process for the Program's review of prescription monitoring data and reporting of possible misuse or abuse of a monitored prescription drug under § 21-2A-06(c) of this subtitle;

(8) Establish requirements for Program retention of prescription monitoring data for 3 years; and

(9) Require that:

(i) Confidential or privileged patient information be kept confidential; and

(ii) Records or information protected by a privilege between a health care provider and a patient, or otherwise required by law to be held confidential, be filed in a manner that, except as otherwise provided in § 21-2A-06 of this subtitle, does not disclose the identity of the person protected.

Code of Maryland Regulations (2014)
Title 10 Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
Subtitle 47 Alcohol and Drug Abuse Administration
Chapter 07 Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

.08 General Provisions.

A. The Program shall make available the information technology necessary for dispensers to report prescription monitoring data to the Program.

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B. The Program may not impose any fees or other assessments on prescribers or dispensers to support the operation of the Program.

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New Hampshire
§ 318-B:32

Revised Statutes Annotated of the State of New Hampshire (2014)
Title XXX. Occupations and Professions (Ch. 309 to 332-J)
Chapter 318-B. Controlled Drug Act

§ 318-B:32 Controlled Drug Prescription Health and Safety Program Established.

I. The board shall design, establish, and contract with a third party for the implementation and operation of an electronic system to facilitate the confidential sharing of information relating to the prescribing and dispensing of schedule II-IV controlled substances, by prescribers and dispensers within the state.

II. All costs incurred by the board for the implementation and operation of the program shall be supported through grants, gifts, or user contributions. The board may charge a fee to individuals who request their own prescription information. The amount charged for an individual's request for his or her prescription information shall not exceed the actual cost of providing that information.

III. There shall be no state general funds appropriated for the implementation or operation of the program.

IV. Prescription information relating to any individual, which information does not meet the level established to suggest possible drug abuse or diversion, shall be deleted within 6 months after the initial prescription was dispensed. All other information shall be deleted after 3 years.

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New York
Public Health Law § 3343-a

McKinney's Consolidated Laws of New York Annotated (2014)
Public Health Law
Chapter 45. Of the Consolidated Laws
Article 33. Controlled Substances
Title IV. Dispensing to Ultimate Users

§ 3343-a. Prescription monitoring program registry

...

8. Funding the prescription monitoring program registry. (a) The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to apply for monies available from the federal government and other institutions, to the extent deemed appropriate by the commissioner, and use any monies so obtained to supplement any other monies made available for the purposes of this title.

(b) Operation of the registry established by this section shall not be funded, in whole or in part, by fees imposed specifically for such purposes upon practitioners, pharmacists, designees or patients subject to this section.

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Ohio

§ 4729.83 (eff. until Sept. 17, 2014)

§ 4729.50

Baldwin's Ohio Revised Code Annotated (2014)

Title XLVII. Occupations--Professions

Chapter 4729. Pharmacists; Dangerous Drugs

Miscellaneous Provisions

§ 4729.83 Database fees; donations; drug database fund

<Text of Section Effective Until September 17, 2014>

(A) If the state board of pharmacy establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code, the board shall not impose any charge on a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs, pharmacist, or prescriber for the establishment or maintenance of the database. The board shall not charge any fees for the transmission of data to the database or for the receipt of information from the database, except that the board may charge a fee in accordance with rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code to an individual who requests the individual's own database information under section 4729.80 of the Revised Code.

(B) The board may accept grants, gifts, or donations for purposes of the drug database. Any money received shall be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the drug database fund, which is hereby created. Money in the fund shall be used solely for purposes of the drug database.

Baldwin's Ohio Revised Code Annotated (2014)

Title XLVII. Occupations--Professions

Chapter 4729. Pharmacists; Dangerous Drugs

Dangerous Drugs, Wholesale and Terminal Distributors

§ 4729.50 Contracts with private entities to process applications and renewal applications

(A) The state board of pharmacy may enter into contracts with private entities under which the entities process applications and renewal applications for wholesale distributors of dangerous drugs and terminal distributors of dangerous drugs. When entering into these contracts, the board shall give preference to entities that are Ohio-based companies.

Any revenue received by the board from contracts entered into under this section shall be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the occupational licensing and regulatory fund. The money may be used for any purpose determined by the board to be relevant to

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its duties, including the establishment and maintenance of a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code.

(B) No enforcement or disciplinary authority granted to the board shall be transferred to a private entity through a contract entered into under this section.

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Vermont
18 § 4283

West's Vermont Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title Eighteen. Health
Part 5. Foods and Drugs
Chapter 84A. Vermont Prescription Monitoring System

§ 4283. Creation; implementation

(a) The Department shall maintain an electronic database and reporting system for monitoring Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances, as defined in 21 C.F.R. Part 1308, as amended and as may be amended, that are dispensed within the State of Vermont by a health care provider or dispenser or dispensed to an address within the State by a pharmacy licensed by the Vermont Board of Pharmacy.

(b) As required by the department, every dispenser who is licensed by the Vermont board of pharmacy shall report to the department in a timely manner data for each controlled substance in Schedules II, III, and IV, as amended and as may be amended, dispensed to a patient within Vermont. Reporting shall not be required for:

(1) a drug administered directly to a patient; or

(2) a drug dispensed by a health care provider at a facility licensed by the department, provided that the quantity dispensed is limited to an amount adequate to treat the patient for a maximum of 48 hours.

(c) Data for each controlled substance that is dispensed shall include the following:

(1) patient identifier, which may include the patient's name and date of birth;

(2) drug dispensed;

(3) date of dispensing;

(4) quantity and dosage dispensed;

(5) the number of days' supply;

(6) health care provider; and

(7) dispenser.

(d) The data shall be provided in the electronic format defined by the department. To the extent possible, the format shall not require data entry in excess of that required in the regular course of business. Electronic transmission is not required if a waiver has been granted by the department to an individual dispenser. The department shall strive to create VPMS in a manner that will enable real-time transmittal to VPMS and real-time retrieval of information stored in VPMS.

(e) It is not the intention of the Department that a health care provider or a dispenser shall have to pay a fee or tax or purchase hardware or proprietary software required by the Department specifically for the establishment, maintenance, or transmission of the data. The Department shall seek grant funds and take any other action within its financial capability to minimize any cost impact to health care providers and dispensers.

(f) The department shall purge from VPMS all data that is more than six years old.

(g) The commissioner shall develop and provide advisory notices, which shall make clear that all prescriptions for controlled drugs in Schedules II, III, and IV are entered into a statewide database in order to protect the public. The notices shall be distributed at no cost to dispensers and health care providers who are subject to this chapter.

(h) A dispenser shall be subject to discipline by the board of pharmacy or by the applicable licensing entity if the dispenser intentionally fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (b), (c), or (d) of this section.

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Washington
§ 70.225.020
§ 74.09.215

West's Revised Code of Washington Annotated (2014)
Title 70. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 70.225. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 70.225.020. Prescription monitoring program--Subject to funding--Duties of dispensers

(1) The department shall establish and maintain a prescription monitoring program to monitor the prescribing and dispensing of all Schedules II, III, IV, and V controlled substances and any additional drugs identified by the pharmacy quality assurance commission as demonstrating a potential for abuse by all professionals licensed to prescribe or dispense such substances in this state. The program shall be designed to improve health care quality and effectiveness by reducing abuse of controlled substances, reducing duplicative prescribing and overprescribing of controlled substances, and improving controlled substance prescribing practices with the intent of eventually establishing an electronic database available in real time to dispensers and prescribers of controlled substances. As much as possible, the department should establish a common database with other states. **This program's management and operations shall be funded entirely from the funds in the account established under RCW 74.09.215. Nothing in this chapter prohibits voluntary contributions from private individuals and business entities as defined under Title 23, 23B, 24, or 25 RCW to assist in funding the prescription monitoring program.**

(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, each dispenser shall submit to the department by electronic means information regarding each prescription dispensed for a drug included under subsection (1) of this section. Drug prescriptions for more than one day use should be reported. The information submitted for each prescription shall include, but not be limited to:

- (a) Patient identifier;
- (b) Drug dispensed;
- (c) Date of dispensing;
- (d) Quantity dispensed;
- (e) Prescriber; and
- (f) Dispenser.

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(3) Each dispenser shall submit the information in accordance with transmission methods established by the department.

(4) The data submission requirements of subsections (1) through (3) of this section do not apply to:

(a) Medications provided to patients receiving inpatient services provided at hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW; or patients of such hospitals receiving services at the clinics, day surgery areas, or other settings within the hospital's license where the medications are administered in single doses;

(b) Pharmacies operated by the department of corrections for the purpose of providing medications to offenders in department of corrections institutions who are receiving pharmaceutical services from a department of corrections pharmacy, except that the department of corrections must submit data related to each offender's current prescriptions for controlled substances upon the offender's release from a department of corrections institution; or

(c) Veterinarians licensed under chapter 18.92 RCW. The department, in collaboration with the veterinary board of governors, shall establish alternative data reporting requirements for veterinarians that allow veterinarians to report:

(i) By either electronic or nonelectronic methods;

(ii) Only those data elements that are relevant to veterinary practices and necessary to accomplish the public protection goals of this chapter; and

(iii) No more frequently than once every three months and no less frequently than once every six months.

(5) The department shall continue to seek federal grants to support the activities described in chapter 259, Laws of 2007. The department may not require a practitioner or a pharmacist to pay a fee or tax specifically dedicated to the operation and management of the system.

West's Revised Code of Washington Annotated (2014)
Title 74. Public Assistance
Chapter 74.09. Medical Care

§ 74.09.215. Medicaid fraud penalty account

The medicaid fraud penalty account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from civil penalties collected under RCW 74.09.210, all receipts received under judgments or settlements that originated under a filing under the federal false claims act, and all receipts

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received under judgments or settlements that originated under the state medicaid fraud false claims act, chapter 74.66 RCW, must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation and must be used only for medicaid services, fraud detection and prevention activities, recovery of improper payments, for other medicaid fraud enforcement activities, and the prescription monitoring program established in chapter 70.225 RCW. For the 2013-2015 fiscal biennium, moneys in the account may be spent on inpatient and outpatient rebasing conversion to the tenth version of the international classification of diseases. For the 2011-2013 fiscal biennium, moneys in the account may be spent on inpatient and outpatient rebasing.

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