TYPES OF AUTHORIZED RECIPIENTS – LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUDICIAL/ PROSECUTORIAL OFFICIALS

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Introduction

There are currently 49 states that have prescription monitoring program laws. Of those, 48 specifically allow access to information contained in the prescription monitoring program database by law enforcement and/or judicial authorities.

Maine, Nebraska, and Vermont are the only states currently that do not have a specific provision in their prescription monitoring program laws for access by law enforcement or judicial authorities. However, Nebraska is the only state that specifically prohibits access by law enforcement.

Pursuant to the Maine Office of Substance Abuse website (the department responsible for administration of the Maine PMP), the department will release information to criminal justice authorities in response to a grand jury subpoena. Vermont does not allow law enforcement to access prescription monitoring program database information either directly or upon request; however, law enforcement may have access to program reports if they are provided to them by a health regulatory or licensing agency which suspects fraudulent or illegal activity on the part of a dispenser or prescriber and who then submits the report to law enforcement for investigation.

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Alabama
§ 20-2-214
ADC 420-7-2-.13

Code of Alabama (2014)
Title 20. Food, Drugs, and Cosmetics.
Chapter 2. Controlled Substances.
Article 10. . Controlled Substances Prescription Database.

§ 20-2-214. Limited access to database permitted for certain persons or entities.

The following persons or entities shall be permitted access to the information in the controlled substances database, subject to the limitations indicated below:

(1) Authorized representatives of the certifying boards, provided, however, that access shall be limited to information concerning the licensees of the certifying board, however, authorized representatives from the Board of Medical Examiners may access the database to inquire about certified registered nurse practitioners (CRNPs), or certified nurse midwives (CNMs) that hold a Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate (QACSC).

(2) A licensed practitioner approved by the department who has authority to prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances. The licensed practitioner's access shall be limited to information concerning himself or herself, registrants who possess a Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate over whom the practitioner exercises physician supervision or with whom they have a joint practice agreement, a certified registered nurse practitioner and a certified nurse midwife with a Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate over whom the practitioner exercises professional oversight and direction pursuant to an approved collaborative practice agreement, a current patient of the practitioner, and individuals seeking treatment from the practitioner. Practitioners shall have no requirement or obligation, under this article, to access or check the information in the controlled substances database prior to prescribing, dispensing, or administering medications or as part of their professional practice. However, the applicable licensing boards, in their discretion, may impose such a requirement or obligation by regulations.

(3) A licensed physician approved by the department who has authority to prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances may designate up to two employees who may access the database on the physician's behalf.

(4) A licensed certified registered nurse practitioner or a licensed certified nurse midwife approved by the department who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense pursuant to a Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate; provided, however, that such access shall be limited to information concerning a current or prospective patient of the registered nurse practitioner or certified nurse midwife.

(5) A licensed assistant to physician approved by the department who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense pursuant to a Qualified Alabama Controlled Substances Registration Certificate; provided, however, that such access shall be limited to information concerning a current patient of the assistant to the physician or an individual seeking treatment from the assistant to physician.

(6) A licensed pharmacist approved by the department, provided, however, that such access is limited to information related to the patient or prescribing practitioner designated on a controlled substance prescription that a pharmacist has been asked to fill. Pharmacists shall have no requirement or obligation to access or check the information in the controlled substances database prior to dispensing or administering medications or as part of their professional practices.

(7) State and local law enforcement authorities as authorized under Section 20-2-91, and federal law enforcement authorities authorized to access prescription information upon application to the department accompanied by a declaration that probable cause exists for the use of the requested information.

(8) Employees of the department and consultants engaged by the department for operational and review purposes.

(9) The prescription drug monitoring program of any of the other states or territories of the United States, if recognized by the Alliance for Prescription Drug Monitoring Programs under procedures developed by the United States Department of Justice or the Integrated Justice Information Systems Institute or successor entity subject to or consistent with limitations for access prescribed by this chapter for the Alabama Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

(10) Authorized representatives of the Alabama Medicaid Agency; provided, however, that access shall be limited to inquiries concerning possible misuse or abuse of controlled substances by Medicaid recipients.

Alabama Administrative Code (2013)
Alabama State Board of Health Department of Public Health
Bureau of Family Health Services
Chapter 420-7-2. Controlled Substances

420-7-2-.13. Access To Database.

(1) Licensing boards shall have access to the Prescription Drug Database concerning their licensees according to procedures developed by ADPH Bureau of Information Services, Computer Systems Center.

(2) Law enforcement agencies shall pre-register with the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program to receive an ID and password to access a request form. Law enforcement agencies will request a report from the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program on an individual or health care licensee and will certify that requested information is pursuant to an active investigation.

(3) Licensed practitioners as specified in § 20-2-211(6); physicians, dentists, podiatrists, optometrists, veterinarians or pharmacists approved to prescribe, dispense, or administer controlled substances shall have access to the Prescription Drug Database concerning a current or prospective patient according to procedures developed by ADPH Bureau of Information Services, Computer Systems Center.

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Alaska
§ 17.30.200

West's Alaska Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 17. Food and Drugs
Chapter 30. Controlled Substances
Article 5. Controlled Substance Prescription Database

§ 17.30.200. Controlled substance prescription database

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(d) The database and the information contained within the database are confidential, are not public records, and are not subject to public disclosure. The board shall undertake to ensure the security and confidentiality of the database and the information contained within the database. The board may allow access to the database only to the following persons, and in accordance with the limitations provided and regulations of the board:

(1) personnel of the board regarding inquiries concerning licensees or registrants of the board or personnel of another board or agency concerning a practitioner under a search warrant, subpoena, or order issued by an administrative law judge or a court;

(2) authorized board personnel or contractors as required for operational and review purposes;

(3) a licensed practitioner having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing a controlled substance;

(4) a licensed or registered pharmacist having authority to dispense controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom the pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing a controlled substance;

(5) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities may receive printouts of information contained in the database under a search warrant, subpoena, or order issued by a court establishing probable cause for the access and use of the information; and

(6) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription entered into the database may receive information contained in the database concerning the individual on providing evidence satisfactory to the board that the individual requesting the information is in fact the person about whom the data entry was made and on payment of a fee set by the board under AS 37.10.050 that does not exceed $10.

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Arizona
§ 36-2604
ADC R4-23-503
ADC R4-23-505

Arizona Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 36. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 28. Controlled Substances Prescription Monitoring Program
Article 1. General Provisions

§ 36-2604. Use and release of confidential information

A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, prescription information submitted to the board pursuant to this article is confidential and is not subject to public inspection. The board shall establish procedures to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of patients and that patient information that is collected, recorded and transmitted pursuant to this article is not disclosed except as prescribed in this section.

B. The board or its designee shall review the prescription information collected pursuant to this article. If the board or its designee has reason to believe an act of unprofessional or illegal conduct has occurred, the board or its designee shall notify the appropriate professional licensing board or law enforcement or criminal justice agency and provide the prescription information required for an investigation.

C. The board may release data collected by the program to the following:

1. A person who is authorized to prescribe or dispense a controlled substance to assist that person to provide medical or pharmaceutical care to a patient or to evaluate a patient.

2. An individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information pursuant to § 12-2293.

3. A professional licensing board established pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 25 or 29. Except as required pursuant to subsection B of this section, the board shall provide this information only if the requesting board states in writing that the information is necessary for an open investigation or complaint.

4. A local, state or federal law enforcement or criminal justice agency. Except as required pursuant to subsection B of this section, the board shall provide this information only if the requesting agency states in writing that the information is necessary for an open investigation or complaint.

5. The Arizona health care cost containment system administration regarding persons who are receiving services pursuant to chapter 29 of this title. Except as required pursuant to subsection B of this section, the board shall provide this information only if the administration states in writing that the information is necessary for an open investigation or complaint.

6. A person serving a lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

7. A person who is authorized to prescribe or dispense a controlled substance and who performs an evaluation on an individual pursuant to § 23-1026.

D. The board may provide data to public or private entities for statistical, research or educational purposes after removing information that could be used to identify individual patients or persons who received prescriptions from dispensers.

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Arkansas
§ 20-7-606
§ 20-7-607
ADC 007.07.4-VI
ADC 007.07.4-VII

West's Arkansas Code Annotated (2014)
Title 20. Public Health and Welfare
Subtitle 2. Health and Safety (Chapters 6 to 44)
Chapter 7. State Board of Health--Department of Health
Subchapter 6. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program Act

§ 20-7-606. Confidentiality

(a) Prescription information submitted to the Department of Health under this subchapter is confidential and not subject to the Freedom of Information Act of 1967, § 25-19-101 et seq.

(b)(1) The controlled substances database created in this subchapter and all information contained in the controlled substances database and any records maintained by the department or by an entity contracting with the department that is submitted to, maintained, or stored as a part of the controlled substances database is privileged and confidential, is not a public record, and is not subject to subpoena or discovery in a civil proceeding.

(2) Information in the controlled substances database may be accessed by:

(A) A certified law enforcement officer pursuant to a criminal investigation but only after the law enforcement officer obtains a search warrant signed by a judge that demonstrates probable cause to believe that a violation of federal or state criminal law has occurred, that specified information contained in the database would assist in the investigation of the crime, and that the specified information should be released to the certified law enforcement officer;

(B) A regulatory body engaged in the supervision of activities of licensing or regulatory boards of practitioners authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances; or

(C) A person or entity investigating a case involving breaches of privacy involving the database or its records.

(c) This section does not apply to information, documents, or records created or maintained in the regular course of business of a pharmacy, medical, dental, optometric, or veterinary practitioner, or other entity covered by this subchapter, and all information, documents, or records otherwise available from original sources are not immune from discovery or use in a

civil proceeding merely because the information contained in the records was reported to the controlled substances database under this subchapter.

(d) The department shall establish and enforce policies and procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients are maintained and that patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and stored is protected and not disclosed to persons except as listed in § 20-7-607.

(e) The Prescription Drug Monitoring Program shall establish and maintain a process for verifying the credentials and authorizing the use of prescription information by individuals and agencies listed in § 20-7-607.

West's Arkansas Code Annotated (2014)
Title 20. Public Health and Welfare
Subtitle 2. Health and Safety (Chapters 6 to 44)
Chapter 7. State Board of Health--Department of Health
Subchapter 6. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program Act

§ 20-7-607. Providing prescription monitoring information

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(b) The department shall provide information in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program upon request and at no cost only to the following persons:

(1) A person authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for his or her patients or for reviewing information regarding prescriptions that are recorded as having been issued or dispensed by the requester;

(2) A patient who requests his or her own prescription monitoring information;

(3) A parent or legal guardian of a minor child who requests the minor child's prescription drug monitoring program information;

(4)(A) A designated representative of a professional licensing board of the professions of the healing arts representing health care disciplines whose licensees are prescribers pursuant to an investigation of a specific individual, entity or business licensed or permitted by that board.

(B) Except as permitted by subsection (a)(2) of this section, the department shall provide information under subsection (b)(4)(A) of this section only if the requesting board states in writing that the information is necessary for an investigation;

(5) The State Medical Examiner as authorized by law to investigate causes of deaths for cases under investigation pursuant to his or her official duties and responsibilities;

(6) Local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the laws governing controlled substances required to be submitted under this subchapter pursuant to the agency's official duties and responsibilities; and

(7) Personnel of the department for purposes of administration and enforcement of this subchapter.

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West's Arkansas Administrative Code (2014)
Title 007. Department of Health
Division 07. Pharmacy Services
Rule 4. Regulations Pertaining to Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

007.07.4-VI. Confidentiality

. . .

(b)(1) The controlled substances database and all information contained in the controlled substances database and any records maintained by the department or by an entity contracting with the department that is submitted to, maintained, or stored as a part of the controlled substances database is privileged and confidential, is not a public record, and is not subject to subpoena or discovery in a civil proceeding.

(2) Information in the controlled substances database may be accessed by:

(A) A certified law enforcement officer pursuant to a criminal investigation but only after the law enforcement officer obtains a search warrant signed by a judge that demonstrates probable cause to believe that a violation of federal or state criminal law has occurred, that specified information contained in the database would assist in the investigation of the crime, and that the specified information should be released to the certified law enforcement officer;

(B) A regulatory body engaged in the supervision of activities of licensing or regulatory boards of practitioners authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances; or

(C) A person or entity investigating a case involving breaches of privacy involving the database or its records.

(c) This section does not apply to information, documents, or records created or maintained in the regular course of business of a pharmacy, medical, dental, optometric, or veterinary practitioner, or other entity covered by Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 20-7-601 to -614 and these

regulations, and all information, documents, or records otherwise available from original sources are not immune from discovery or use in a civil proceeding merely because the information contained in the records was reported to the controlled substances database under Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 20-7-601 to -614 and these regulations.

(d) The department shall establish and enforce policies and procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients are maintained and that patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and stored is protected and not disclosed to persons except as listed in Section VII - Providing Prescription Monitoring Information. The department's policies shall comply with Sections 261 through 264 of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996, Public Law 104-191 (the Administrative Simplification provisions) and regulations 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164 ("the HIPAA Security and Privacy Rule") and the HITECH (Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health) Act as enacted by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 (Pub. L. 111-5), pursuant to Title XIII of Division A and Title IV of Division B.

(e) The Prescription Drug Monitoring Program shall establish and maintain a process for verifying the credentials and authorizing the use of prescription information by individuals and agencies listed in Section VII -- Providing Prescription Monitoring Information. The application to access prescription information shall include information as needed by the department to verify the applicant's authority to use prescription information in compliance with Section VII.

West's Arkansas Administrative Code (2014)
Title 007. Department of Health
Division 07. Pharmacy Services
Rule 4. Regulations Pertaining to Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

007.07.4-VII. Providing Prescription Monitoring Information

. . .

(b) The department shall provide information in the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program upon request and at no cost only to the following persons:

(1) A person authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for his or her patients or for reviewing information regarding prescriptions that are recorded as having been issued or dispensed by the requester;

(2) A patient who requests his or her own prescription monitoring information;

(3) A parent or legal guardian of a minor child who requests the minor child's Prescription Drug Monitoring Program information;

(4)(A) A designated representative of a professional licensing board of the professions of the healing arts representing health care disciplines whose licensees are prescribers pursuant to an investigation of a specific individual, entity, or business licensed or permitted by that board.

(B) Except as permitted by subsection (a)(2) of this section, the department shall provide information under subsection (b)(4)(A) of this section only if the requesting board states in writing that the information is necessary for an investigation;

(5) The State Medical Examiner as authorized by law to investigate causes of deaths for cases under investigation pursuant to his or her official duties and responsibilities;

(6) Local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the laws governing controlled substances required to be submitted under Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 20-7-601 to -614 and these regulations pursuant to the agency's official duties and responsibilities; and

(7) Personnel of the department for purposes of administration and enforcement of Arkansas Code Annotated § 20-7-607 and this section.

(c) Information collected under Arkansas Code Annotated §§ 20-7-601 to -614 and these regulations shall be maintained for three (3) years.

(d) The department may provide information to public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes after encrypting or removing the patient's name, street name and number, patient identification number, month and day of birth, and prescriber information that could be used to identify individual patients, persons who received prescriptions from dispensers, or both.

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California
Health and Safety Code § 11165

West's Annotated California Codes (2014)
Health and Safety Code
Division 10. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Chapter 4. Prescriptions
Article 1. Requirements of Prescriptions

§ 11165. Controlled Substance Utilization Review and Evaluation System (CURES); electronic monitoring of Schedule II, Schedule III, and Schedule IV controlled substances; funding; confidentiality; reporting requirements for dispensers; stakeholder assistance in establishing rules and regulations and identifying CURES upgrades; education on access and use of CURES PDMP

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(c)(1) The operation of CURES shall comply with all applicable federal and state privacy and security laws and regulations.

(2) CURES shall operate under existing provisions of law to safeguard the privacy and confidentiality of patients. **Data obtained from CURES shall only be provided to appropriate state, local, and federal public agencies for disciplinary, civil, or criminal purposes and to other agencies or entities, as determined by the Department of Justice, for the purpose of educating practitioners and others in lieu of disciplinary, civil, or criminal actions.** Data may be provided to public or private entities, as approved by the Department of Justice, for educational, peer review, statistical, or research purposes, provided that patient information, including any information that may identify the patient, is not compromised. Further, data disclosed to any individual or agency as described in this subdivision shall not be disclosed, sold, or transferred to any third party. The Department of Justice shall establish policies, procedures, and regulations regarding the use, access, evaluation, management, implementation, operation, storage, disclosure, and security of the information within CURES, consistent with this subdivision.

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Colorado
§ 12-42.5-404
ADC 719-1:23.00.00

West's Colorado Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 12. Professions and Occupations
Health Care
Article 42.5. Pharmacists, Pharmacy Businesses, and Pharmaceuticals
Part 4. Electronic Monitoring of Prescription Drugs

§ 12-42.5-404. Program operation--access--rules

(1) The board shall operate and maintain the program.

(2) The board shall adopt all rules necessary to implement the program.

(3) The program is available for query only to the following persons or groups of persons:

(a) Board staff responsible for administering the program;

(b) Any practitioner with the statutory authority to prescribe controlled substances to the extent the query relates to a current patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

(c) Practitioners engaged in a legitimate program to monitor a patient's drug abuse;

(d) Pharmacists, to the extent the information requested relates specifically to a current patient to whom the pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing a controlled substance or to whom the pharmacist is providing clinical patient care services;

(e) Law enforcement officials so long as the information released is specific to an individual patient or practitioner and is part of a bona fide investigation, and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena;

(f) The individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription so long as the information released is specific to the individual;

(g) State regulatory boards within the division and the director of the division so long as the information released is specific to an individual practitioner and is part of a bona fide investigation, and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena; and

(h) A resident physician with an active physician training license issued by the Colorado medical board pursuant to section 12-36-122 and under the supervision of a licensed physician.

(4) The board shall not charge a practitioner or pharmacy who transmits data in compliance with the operation and maintenance of the program a fee for the transmission of the data.

(5) The board, pursuant to a written agreement that ensures compliance with this part 4, may provide data to qualified personnel of a public or private entity for the purpose of bona fide research or education so long as the data does not identify a recipient of a practitioner who prescribed, or a prescription drug outlet that dispensed, a prescription drug.

(6) The board shall provide a means of sharing information about individuals whose information is recorded in the program with out-of-state health care practitioners and law enforcement officials that meet the requirements of paragraph (b), (c), or (e) of subsection (3) of this section.

West's Colorado Administrative Code (2014)
Title 700. Department of Regulatory Agencies
719. State Board of Pharmacy
3 CCR 719-1. State Board of Pharmacy Rules

719-1:23.00.00. ELECTRONIC PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM.

23.00.10 Definitions:

a. "Bona fide investigation," for purposes of an investigation of an individual prescriber under investigation by a state regulatory board, means:

1. Any investigation conducted by any state regulatory board within the Colorado Division of Professions and Occupations, or the Director of the Colorado Division of Professions and Occupations and

2. Investigations pertaining to matters which are the subject of a complaint or notice of charges pending in the Office of Administrative Courts so long as the information obtained from the PDMP is made available by the state regulatory board to the respondent in the pending case.

b. "Bona fide research or education" means research conducted by qualified entities whose recognized primary purpose is scientific inquiry; the results of which would likely contribute to the basic knowledge of prescribing practitioners, dispensing pharmacists, or entities for the purpose of curtailing substance abuse of consumers. The Board shall determine in its discretion on a case-by-case basis whether an individual or entity seeking access to the PDMP pursuant to CRS 12-42.5-404(5) constitutes "bona fide research or education" conducted by qualified personnel for purposes of satisfying the statutory limitations therein.

c. “Clinical patient care services” means pharmaceutical care provided in a clinical setting. The pharmacist providing clinical patient care services must be working closely with the physician/prescriber responsible for the patient's care. “Clinical patient care services” do not include monitoring previously dispensed prescriptions for any purpose in the absence of a current assessment of a patient whether in a clinical setting or not.

d. “Law Enforcement Official” means any of the following:

1. Sheriff;

2. Undersheriff;

3. Certified deputy sheriff;

4. Coroner;

5. Police Officer;

6. Southern Ute Police Officer;

7. Ute Mountain Ute police officer;

8. Town marshall;

9. CBI director and agents;

10. Colorado state patrol officer;

11. Colorado attorney general and any entity designated as “peace officers” by the Attorney General or acting on behalf of a state agency;

12. Attorney general criminal investigator;

13. District attorney and all assistants, deputies, etc. statutorily defined as “peace officers;”

14. District Attorney chief investigator and investigators;

15. Police administrator and police officers employed by the Colorado State Hospital in Pueblo; and

16. Federal special agents.

e. “Legitimate program to monitor a patient's controlled substance abuse” means a program in which prescribers actively monitor a patient's controlled substance use. Such programs shall only

involve patients in pain management or other controlled substance management programs. Such programs shall actively monitor the patient's controlled substance usage by means of urine or other drug screens in addition to the use of the PDMP. The patient must be informed in writing that his/her controlled substance usage is being actively screened by various methods, including review of the PDMP.

f. "PDMP" means the Electronic Prescription Drug Monitoring Program.

g. "Prescriber" or "practitioner" means a licensed health care professional with authority to prescribe a controlled substance.

h. "Prescription Drug Outlet" or "Dispenser" means any resident or nonresident pharmacy registered with the Board.

i. "Qualified personnel" means persons who are appropriately trained to collect and analyze data for the purpose of conducting bona fide research or education.

j. "Valid photographic identification" means any of the following forms of identification which include an identifying photograph:

1. A valid driver's license, or identification issued by any United States state;

2. An official passport issued by any nation; or

3. A United States armed forces identification card issued to active duty, reserve, and retired personnel and the personnel's dependents.

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23.00.70 PDMP Access

The PDMP shall be available for query only to the following persons or groups of persons:

a. Board staff responsible for administering the PDMP;

b. Any licensed practitioner with the statutory authority to prescribe controlled substances to the extent the query relates to a current patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing a controlled substance;

c. Licensed pharmacists with statutory authority to dispense controlled substances to the extent the information requested relates specifically to a current patient to whom the pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing a controlled substance or to whom the pharmacist is providing clinical patient care services;

d. Practitioners engaged in a legitimate program to monitor a patient's controlled substance abuse;

e. Law enforcement officials so long as the information released is specific to an individual patient or prescriber and part of a bona fide investigation and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena. Such official court orders or subpoenas shall be submitted with the Board-provided form;

f. The individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription so long as the information released is specific to such individual. The procedure for individuals to obtain such information is as follows:

1. The individual shall submit a written, signed request to the Board on the Board-provided form;

2. The individual shall provide valid photographic identification prior to obtaining the PDMP information;

3. An individual submitting a request on behalf of another individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription may only obtain PDMP information if the following documents are provided:

A. The original document establishing medical durable power of attorney of the individual submitting the request as power of attorney for the individual who is the recipient of the controlled substance prescription, and

B. Valid photographic identification of the individual submitting the request.

g. State regulatory boards within the Colorado Division of Professions and Occupations and the Director of the Colorado Division or Professions and Occupations so long as the information released is specific to an individual prescriber and is part of a bona fide investigation and the request for information is accompanied by an official court order or subpoena. Such official court orders or subpoenas shall be submitted with the Board-provided form; and

h. A resident physician with an active physician training license issued by the Colorado medical board pursuant to section 12-36-122 and under the supervision of a licensed physician.

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Connecticut
ADC 21a-254-6

Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (2014)
Title 21A. Consumer Protection
Department of Consumer Protection
Electronic Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

Sec. 21a-254-6. Management of information

The department may provide prescription information obtained from pharmacies to:

(a) Other regulatory, investigative or law enforcement agencies for disciplinary, civil, or criminal purposes;

(b) Practitioners, for the purpose of education in lieu of disciplinary, civil or criminal action;

(c) Practitioners and pharmacists, for the purposes of patient care, drug therapy management and monitoring of controlled substances obtained by the patient; and

(d) Public or private entities, for statistical, research, or educational purposes, provided that the privacy of patients and confidentiality of patient information is not compromised.

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Delaware
16 § 4798

West's Delaware Code Annotated (2014)
Title 16. Health and Safety
Part IV. Food and Drugs
Chapter 47. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Subchapter VII. Miscellaneous

§ 4798. The Delaware Prescription Monitoring Program

<Text of section effective upon the availability of appropriations, or of other adequate funding to implement and maintain the Prescription Monitoring Program and upon 3-1-2014. See Historical and Statutory Notes below.>

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(k) Prescription information submitted to the PMP is protected health information, not subject to public or open records law, and not subject to disclosure, except as otherwise provided in this section.

(*l*) The Office of Controlled Substances shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained is not disclosed, except as provided for in this section.

(1) If there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred, the Office of Controlled Substances shall notify the appropriate law enforcement or professional licensure, certification, or regulatory agency or entity and shall provide prescription information required for an investigation.

(2) The Office of Controlled Substances may provide data in the prescription monitoring program in the form of a report to the following persons:

a. A prescriber, or other person authorized by the prescriber, or a dispenser, or other person authorized by the dispenser, who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide patient;

b. An individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established pursuant to regulations;

c. A designated representative of any Board or Commission pursuant to § 8735(a) of Title 29 responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of prescribers, dispensers or other persons

authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances and who is involved in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

d. A local, state, or federal law-enforcement or prosecutorial official engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the laws governing controlled substances and who is involved in a bona fide specific drug-related investigation in which a report of suspected criminal activity involving controlled substances by an identified suspect has been made, and provided that such information be relevant and material to such investigation, limited in scope to the extent reasonably practicable in light of the purpose for which the information is sought, and include identifying information only if nonidentifying information could not be used;

e. The Delaware Department of Health and Social Services regarding Medicaid program recipients;

f. A properly convened grand jury pursuant to a subpoena properly issued for the records;

g. Personnel of the Division of Professional Regulation for purposes of administration and enforcement of this section;

h. A licensed chemical dependency professional or licensed professional counselor of mental health who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for a patient enrolled in a substance abuse treatment program receiving treatment from, or under the direction of the chemical dependency professional or professional counselor of mental health.

i. The Chief Medical Examiner or licensed physician designee who requests information and certifies the request is for the purpose of investigating the death of an individual.

j. Qualified personnel for the purpose of bona fide research or education; however, data elements that would reasonably identify a specific recipient, prescriber or dispenser must be deleted or redacted from such information prior to disclosure; and further provided that, release of the information may be made only pursuant to a written agreement between qualified personnel and the Office of Controlled Substances in order to ensure compliance with this subsection.

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District of Columbia
Section 6 (not yet codified)

Sec. 6. Confidentiality of data; disclosure of information; discretionary authority of the Director.

(a) All data, records, and reports relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to patients and any abstracts from such data, records, and reports that are in the possession of the Program pursuant to this act and any materials relating to the operation or safety of the Program shall be confidential and shall be exempt from disclosure based on requests made pursuant to Title 2 of the District of Columbia Administrative Procedure Act, approved October 21, 1968 (82 Stat. 1204; D.C. Official Code § 2-501 et seq.). Information obtained pursuant to the Program may only be disclosed as provided in this act.

(b) Upon receiving a request for information in accordance with the Department's regulations and in compliance with applicable District and federal laws and regulations, the Director shall disclose information relevant to:

(1) A specific investigation of a specific patient or of a specific dispenser or prescriber to an agent designated by the Chief of the Metropolitan Police Department to conduct drug diversion investigations;

(2) An investigation or inspection of or allegation of misconduct by a specific person licensed, certified, or registered by or an applicant for licensure, certification, or registration by a health occupations board or the Department;

(3) A disciplinary proceeding before a health occupations board or in any subsequent hearing, trial, or appeal of an action or board order to designated employees of the Department;

(4) The proceedings of any grand jury or additional grand jury that has been properly impaneled in accordance with D.C. Official Code § 11-1916; and

(5) A specific investigation of a specific dispenser or specific prescriber to an agent of the United States Drug Enforcement Administration with authority to conduct drug diversion investigations.

(c)(1) In accordance with the Department's regulations and applicable federal law and regulations, the Director may, at the Director's discretion, disclose:

(A) Information in the possession of the Program concerning a patient who is over the age of 18 years to that patient, or to the parent or legal guardian of a child aged 18 years or under, unless otherwise prohibited by District or federal law;

(B) Information on a specific patient to a prescriber for the purpose of establishing the treatment history of the specific patient when the patient is either under care and treatment by the prescriber or the prescriber is initiating treatment of the patient;

(C) Information on a specific patient to a dispenser for the purpose of establishing a prescription history to assist the dispenser in determining the validity of a prescription when the patient is seeking a covered substance from the dispenser or the facility in which a dispenser practices;

(D) Information relevant to an investigation or regulatory proceeding of a specific dispenser or prescriber to other regulatory authorities concerned with granting, limiting, or denying licenses, certificates, or registrations to practice a health profession when the regulatory authority licenses the dispenser or prescriber, or the dispenser or prescriber is seeking licensure by a regulatory authority;

(E) Information relevant to an investigation relating to a specific dispenser or prescriber who is a participating provider in the District Medicaid program, DC Health Care Alliance, or any other public health care program; information relating to an investigation relating to a specific patient who is currently eligible for and receiving, or who has been eligible for and has received medical assistance services; information relevant to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit of the Office of the Inspector General, or to designated employees of the Department of Health Care Finance, as appropriate;

(F) Information relevant to the determination of the cause of death of a specific patient to the designated employees of the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner; and

(G) Information for the purpose of bona fide research or education to qualified personnel; provided, that:

(i) Data elements that would reasonably identify a specific patient, prescriber, or dispenser shall be deleted or redacted from the information before disclosure; and

(ii) Release of the information shall only be made pursuant to a written agreement between qualified personnel and the Director to ensure compliance with this act.

(2) For the purposes of a disclosure under paragraph (1)(B) or (C) of this subsection:

(A) The request shall be made and the information shall be provided in the manner specified by the Director through rulemaking; and

(B) Notice shall be given to patients that the information described in paragraph (1)(B) or (C) of this subsection, as applicable, may be requested by a prescriber or dispenser participating with the Program.

(d) Confidential information that has been received, maintained, or developed by a health occupations board or disclosed by the health occupations board pursuant to this act shall not be available for discovery or court subpoena or introduced into evidence in any medical malpractice suit or other action for damages arising out of the provision of or failure to provide services; provided, that this section shall be not construed to inhibit any investigation or prosecution conducted pursuant to this act.

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Florida
§ 893.055
§ 893.0551
ADC 64K-1.003

West's Florida Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XLVI. Crimes (Chapters 775-899)
Chapter 893. Drug Abuse Prevention and Control

§ 893.055. Prescription drug monitoring program

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Patient advisory report" or "advisory report" means information provided by the department in writing, or as determined by the department, to a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy, or patient concerning the dispensing of controlled substances. All advisory reports are for informational purposes only and impose no obligations of any nature or any legal duty on a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy, or patient. The patient advisory report shall be provided in accordance with s. 893.13(7)(a)8. The advisory reports issued by the department are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or administrative action against a prescriber, dispenser, pharmacy, or patient arising out of matters that are the subject of the report; and a person who participates in preparing, reviewing, issuing, or any other activity related to an advisory report may not be permitted or required to testify in any such civil action as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, or other actions taken in connection with preparing, reviewing, or issuing such a report.

(b) "Controlled substance" means a controlled substance listed in Schedule II, Schedule III, or Schedule IV in s. 893.03.

(c) "Dispenser" means a pharmacy, dispensing pharmacist, or dispensing health care practitioner.

(d) "Health care practitioner" or "practitioner" means any practitioner who is subject to licensure or regulation by the department under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466.

(e) "Health care regulatory board" means any board for a practitioner or health care practitioner who is licensed or regulated by the department.

(f) "Pharmacy" means any pharmacy that is subject to licensure or regulation by the department under chapter 465 and that dispenses or delivers a controlled substance to an individual or address in this state.

(g) “Prescriber” means a prescribing physician, prescribing practitioner, or other prescribing health care practitioner.

(h) “Active investigation” means an investigation that is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings, or that is ongoing and continuing and for which there is a reasonable, good faith anticipation of securing an arrest or prosecution in the foreseeable future.

(i) “Law enforcement agency” means the Department of Law Enforcement, a Florida sheriff's department, a Florida police department, or a law enforcement agency of the Federal Government which enforces the laws of this state or the United States relating to controlled substances, and which its agents and officers are empowered by law to conduct criminal investigations and make arrests.

(j) “Program manager” means an employee of or a person contracted by the Department of Health who is designated to ensure the integrity of the prescription drug monitoring program in accordance with the requirements established in paragraphs (2)(a) and (b).

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(7)(a) A practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses a controlled substance must submit the information required by this section in an electronic or other method in an ASAP format approved by rule of the department unless otherwise provided in this section. The cost to the dispenser in submitting the information required by this section may not be material or extraordinary. Costs not considered to be material or extraordinary include, but are not limited to, regular postage, electronic media, regular electronic mail, and facsimile charges.

(b) A pharmacy, prescriber, or dispenser shall have access to information in the prescription drug monitoring program's database which relates to a patient of that pharmacy, prescriber, or dispenser in a manner established by the department as needed for the purpose of reviewing the patient's controlled substance prescription history. Other access to the program's database shall be limited to the program's manager and to the designated program and support staff, who may act only at the direction of the program manager or, in the absence of the program manager, as authorized. Access by the program manager or such designated staff is for prescription drug program management only or for management of the program's database and its system in support of the requirements of this section and in furtherance of the prescription drug monitoring program. Confidential and exempt information in the database shall be released only as provided in paragraph (c) and s. 893.0551. The program manager, designated program and support staff who act at the direction of or in the absence of the program manager, and any individual who has similar access regarding the management of the database from the prescription drug monitoring program shall submit fingerprints to the department for background screening. The department shall follow the procedure established by the Department of Law Enforcement to request a statewide criminal history record check and to request that the Department of Law Enforcement

forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history record check.

(c) The following entities shall not be allowed direct access to information in the prescription drug monitoring program database but may request from the program manager and, when authorized by the program manager, the program manager's program and support staff, information that is confidential and exempt under s. 893.0551. Prior to release, the request shall be verified as authentic and authorized with the requesting organization by the program manager, the program manager's program and support staff, or as determined in rules by the department as being authentic and as having been authorized by the requesting entity:

1. The department or its relevant health care regulatory boards responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of practitioners, pharmacists, or other persons who are authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances and who are involved in a specific controlled substance investigation involving a designated person for one or more prescribed controlled substances.

2. The Attorney General for Medicaid fraud cases involving prescribed controlled substances.

3. A law enforcement agency during active investigations regarding potential criminal activity, fraud, or theft regarding prescribed controlled substances.

4. A patient or the legal guardian or designated health care surrogate of an incapacitated patient as described in s. 893.0551 who, for the purpose of verifying the accuracy of the database information, submits a written and notarized request that includes the patient's full name, address, and date of birth, and includes the same information if the legal guardian or health care surrogate submits the request. The request shall be validated by the department to verify the identity of the patient and the legal guardian or health care surrogate, if the patient's legal guardian or health care surrogate is the requestor. Such verification is also required for any request to change a patient's prescription history or other information related to his or her information in the electronic database.

Information in the database for the electronic prescription drug monitoring system is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in an investigation and disciplinary proceeding by the department or the appropriate regulatory board.

(d) Department staff, for the purpose of calculating performance measures pursuant to subsection (8), shall not be allowed direct access to information in the prescription drug monitoring program database but may request from the program manager and, when authorized by the program manager, the program manager's program and support staff, information that contains no identifying information of any patient, physician, health care practitioner, prescriber, or dispenser and that is not confidential and exempt.

(e) All transmissions of data required by this section must comply with relevant state and federal privacy and security laws and regulations. However, any authorized agency or person under s. 893.0551 receiving such information as allowed by s. 893.0551 may maintain the information received for up to 24 months before purging it from his or her records or maintain it for longer than 24 months if the information is pertinent to ongoing health care or an active law enforcement investigation or prosecution.

(f) The program manager, upon determining a pattern consistent with the rules established under paragraph (2)(d) and having cause to believe a violation of s. 893.13(7)(a)8., (8)(a), or (8)(b) has occurred, may provide relevant information to the applicable law enforcement agency.

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West's Florida Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XLVI. Crimes (Chapters 775-899)
Chapter 893. Drug Abuse Prevention and Control

§ 893.0551. Public records exemption for the prescription drug monitoring program

(1) For purposes of this section, the term:

(a) "Active investigation" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(b) "Dispenser" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(c) "Health care practitioner" or "practitioner" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(d) "Health care regulatory board" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(e) "Law enforcement agency'' has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(f) "Pharmacist" means any person licensed under chapter 465 to practice the profession of pharmacy.

(g) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(h) "Prescriber" has the same meaning as provided in s. 893.055.

(2) The following information of a patient or patient's agent, a health care practitioner, a dispenser, an employee of the practitioner who is acting on behalf of and at the direction of the practitioner, a pharmacist, or a pharmacy that is contained in records held by the department

under s. 893.055 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:

(a) Name.

(b) Address.

(c) Telephone number.

(d) Insurance plan number.

(e) Government-issued identification number.

(f) Provider number.

(g) Drug Enforcement Administration number.

(h) Any other unique identifying information or number.

(3) The department shall disclose such confidential and exempt information to the following entities after using a verification process to ensure the legitimacy of that person's or entity's request for the information:

(a) The Attorney General and his or her designee when working on Medicaid fraud cases involving prescription drugs or when the Attorney General has initiated a review of specific identifiers of Medicaid fraud regarding prescription drugs. The Attorney General or his or her designee may disclose the confidential and exempt information received from the department to a criminal justice agency as defined in s. 119.011 as part of an active investigation that is specific to a violation of prescription drug abuse or prescription drug diversion law as it relates to controlled substances. The Attorney General's Medicaid fraud investigators may not have direct access to the department's database.

(b) The department's relevant health care regulatory boards responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of a practitioner, pharmacist, or other person who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances and who is involved in a specific controlled substances investigation for prescription drugs involving a designated person. The health care regulatory boards may request information from the department but may not have direct access to its database. The health care regulatory boards may provide such information to a law enforcement agency pursuant to ss. 456.066 and 456.073.

(c) A law enforcement agency that has initiated an active investigation involving a specific violation of law regarding prescription drug abuse or diversion of prescribed controlled substances. The law enforcement agency may disclose the confidential and exempt information received from the department to a criminal justice agency as defined in s.

119.011 as part of an active investigation that is specific to a violation of prescription drug abuse or prescription drug diversion law as it relates to controlled substances. A law enforcement agency may request information from the department but may not have direct access to its database.

(d) A health care practitioner who certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical treatment to a current patient in accordance with ss. 893.05 and 893.055.

(e) A pharmacist who certifies that the requested information will be used to dispense controlled substances to a current patient in accordance with ss. 893.04 and 893.055.

(f) A patient or the legal guardian or designated health care surrogate for an incapacitated patient, if applicable, making a request as provided in s. 893.055(7)(c)4.

(g) The patient's pharmacy, prescriber, or dispenser who certifies that the information is necessary to provide medical treatment to his or her current patient in accordance with s. 893.055.

(4) The department shall disclose such confidential and exempt information to the applicable law enforcement agency in accordance with s. 893.055(7)(f). The law enforcement agency may disclose the confidential and exempt information received from the department to a criminal justice agency as defined in s. 119.011 as part of an active investigation that is specific to a violation of s. 893.13(7)(a)8., s. 893.13(8)(a), or s. 893.13(8)(b).

(5) Any agency or person who obtains such confidential and exempt information pursuant to this section must maintain the confidential and exempt status of that information.

(6) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(7) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2014, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

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Georgia
§ 16-13-60

Georgia Code Annotated (2013)
Title 16. Crimes and Offenses
Chapter 13. Controlled Substances
Article 2. Regulation of Controlled Substances
Part 2. Controlled Substances Prescription Monitoring

§ 16-13-60. Confidentiality of information submitted

(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (c) and (d) of this Code section, prescription information submitted pursuant to Code Section 16-13-59 shall be confidential and shall not be subject to open records requirements, as contained in Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50.

(b) The agency, in conjunction with the board, shall establish and maintain strict procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients, prescribers, and patient and prescriber information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained pursuant to this part are protected. Such information shall not be disclosed to any person or entity except as specifically provided in this part and only in a manner which in no way conflicts with the requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) of 1996, P.L. 104-191.

(c) The agency shall be authorized to provide requested prescription information collected pursuant to this part only as follows:

(1) To persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the sole purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care to a specific patient;

(2) Upon the request of a patient, prescriber, or dispenser about whom the prescription information requested concerns or upon the request on his or her behalf of his or her attorney;

(3) To local, state, or federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials pursuant to the issuance of a search warrant pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 5 of Title 17; and

(4) To the agency or the Georgia Composite Medical Board upon the issuance of an administrative subpoena issued by a Georgia state administrative law judge.

(d) The board may provide data to government entities for statistical, research, educational, or grant application purposes after removing information that could be used to identify prescribers or individual patients or persons who received prescriptions from dispensers.

(e) Any person or entity who receives electronic data base prescription information or related reports relating to this part from the agency shall not provide such information or reports to any other person or entity except by order of a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this part.

(f) Any permissible user identified in this part who directly accesses electronic data base prescription information shall implement and maintain a comprehensive information security program that contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are substantially equivalent to the security measures of the agency. The permissible user shall identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse, or other compromise of the information and shall assess the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control the risks.

(g) No provision in this part shall be construed to modify, limit, diminish, or impliedly repeal any authority existing on June 30, 2011, of a licensing or regulatory board or any other entity so authorized to obtain prescription information from sources other than the data base maintained pursuant to this part; provided, however, that the agency shall be authorized to release information from the data base only in accordance with the provisions of this part.

West's Florida Administrative Code (2014)
Title 64. Department of Health
Subtitle 64K. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program
Chapter 64K-1. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

64K-1.003. Accessing Database.

(1) The following entities have direct access to the information contained in the Program database:

(a) A pharmacist, prescriber, or dispenser if the information relates to a patient of that pharmacy, prescriber, or dispenser for purposes of reviewing the patient's controlled substance prescription history. Those entities who are authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, Schedules II-IV, and are licensed in the State of Florida may access the database through the secure web portal to request and receive information electronically, or may submit a written request to the Program manager if information must be received by an alternate means.

(b) The Program manager and designated Program support staff acting at the direction of or as authorized by the Program manager for purposes of management of the Program database.

(2) The following entities do not have direct access to the information in the database, but may request access from the Program manager or authorized staff:

(a) The Department or the heath care regulatory boards in Section 893.005(7)(c)1., F.S., when involved in a specific controlled substance investigation involving a designated person for one or more prescribed controlled substances.

(b) The Attorney General or designee for Medicaid Fraud cases involving prescribed controlled substances.

(c) A law enforcement agency during an active investigation regarding potential criminal activity, fraud, or theft relating to prescribed controlled substances.

(d) A patient or the legal guardian or designated health care surrogate of an incapacitated patient as described in Section 893.0551, F.S., who, for the purpose of verifying the accuracy of the database information, contacts the Prescription Drug Monitoring Program at 4052 Bald Cypress Way, Bin C-16, Tallahassee, FL 32399-3254 or by telephone at (850) 245-4797 to request form DH 2143 "Patient Information Request," effective December, 2010, which is incorporated by reference and located at http://www.flrules.org/Gateway/reference.asp?No=Ref-00721. To receive the requested information, the patient or other authorized person must make an appointment, appear in person at the Program office, and produce a valid government issued identification, which includes a photograph.

(3) The Program manager or designated staff must ensure that the entity requesting access to information is permitted by law to receive access and must document steps taken to verify the request as authentic.

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Hawaii
§ 329-104
ADC § 23-200-22

Hawai‘i Revised Statutes (2013)
Division 1. Government
Title 19. Health
Chapter 329. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
[Part VIII]. Electronic Prescription Accountability System

§ 329-104. Confidentiality of information; disclosure of information

(a) The information collected under this part shall not be available to the public or used for any commercial purpose. Ownership of all data collected shall reside with the State.

(b) Responsibility for limiting access to information in the system is vested in the administrator. Access to the information collected at the central repository pursuant to this part shall be confidential, and access to the information shall be limited to personnel of the designated state agency.

(c) This section shall not prevent the disclosure, at the discretion of the administrator, of investigative information to:

(1) Law enforcement officers, investigative agents of federal, state, or county law enforcement agencies, United States attorneys, county prosecuting attorneys, or the attorney general; provided that the administrator has reasonable grounds to believe that the disclosure of any information collected under this part is in furtherance of an ongoing criminal or regulatory investigation or prosecution;

(2) Registrants authorized under chapters 448, 453, and 463E who are registered to administer, prescribe, or dispense controlled substances; provided that the information disclosed relates only to the registrant's own patient;

(3) Pharmacists, employed by a pharmacy registered under section 329-32, who request prescription information about a customer relating to a violation or possible violation of this chapter; or

(4) Other state-authorized governmental prescription-monitoring programs.
Information disclosed to a registrant, pharmacist, or authorized government agency under this section shall be transmitted by a secure means determined by the designated agency.

(d) No person shall knowingly disclose or attempt to disclose, or use or attempt to use, information in the system in violation of this section. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C felony.

(e) The designated state agency shall purge or cause to be purged from the central repository system, no later than five years after the date a patient's prescription data are made available to the designated state agency, the identification number of the patient, unless the information is part of an active investigation.

West's Hawaii Administrative Code (2014)
Title 23. Department of Public Safety
Subtitle 3. Law Enforcement
Chapter 200. Regulation of Controlled Substances

§ 23-200-22. Confidentiality and access to records.

(a) All controlled substance information and records maintained by the narcotics enforcement division, department of public safety, shall be kept confidential except when information is disclosed for law enforcement purposes concerning the use and abuse of controlled substances, educational and statistical reporting purposes, or for the protection of the health and safety of the public.

(b) Any person denied access to controlled substance information and records may seek administrative relief pursuant to the administrative relief procedures provided by the department.

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Idaho
§ 37-2726 (eff. until July 1, 2014)
§ 37-2726 (eff. July 1, 2014)

West's Idaho Code Annotated (2013)
Title 37. Food, Drugs, and Oil
Chapter 27. Uniform Controlled Substances
Article III

§ 37-2726. Filing prescriptions--Database

<Text of Section Effective Until July 1, 2014>

(1) All controlled substances dispensed for humans shall be filed with the board electronically in a format established by the board or by other method as required by board rule. The board may require the filing of other prescriptions by board rule. The board shall establish by rule the information to be submitted pursuant to the purposes of this section and the purposes set forth in section 37-2730A, Idaho Code.

(2) The board shall create, operate and maintain a controlled substances prescriptions database containing the information submitted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, to be used for the purposes and subject to the terms, conditions and immunities described in section 37-2730A, Idaho Code. The database information must be made available only to the following:

(a) Authorized individuals employed by Idaho's boards or other states' licensing entities charged with the licensing and discipline of practitioners;

(b) Peace officers employed by federal, state and local law enforcement agencies engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing law regulating controlled substances;

(c) Authorized individuals under the direction of the department of health and welfare for the purpose of monitoring and enforcing that department's responsibilities under the public health, medicare and medicaid laws;

(d) A practitioner, licensed in Idaho or another state, having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

(e) A pharmacist, licensed in Idaho or another state, having authority to dispense controlled substances to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom that

pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance, or providing pharmaceutical care as defined in the Idaho pharmacy act;

(f) An individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription entered into the database or that individual's attorney, upon providing evidence satisfactory to the board that the individual requesting the information is in fact the person about whom the data entry was made or the attorney for that person;

(g) Upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction; and

(h) Prosecuting attorneys, deputy prosecuting attorneys and special prosecutors of a county or city and special assistant attorneys general from the office of the attorney general engaged in enforcing law regulating controlled substances.

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West's Idaho Code Annotated (2014)
Title 37. Food, Drugs, and Oil
Chapter 27. Uniform Controlled Substances
Article III

§ 37-2726. Filing prescriptions--Database

<Text of Section Effective July 1, 2014>

(1) All controlled substances dispensed for humans shall be filed with the board electronically in a format established by the board or by other method as required by board rule. The board may require the filing of other prescriptions by board rule. The board shall establish by rule the information to be submitted pursuant to the purposes of this section and the purposes set forth in section 37-2730A, Idaho Code.

(2) The board shall create, operate and maintain a controlled substances prescriptions database containing the information submitted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, to be used for the purposes and subject to the terms, conditions and immunities described in section 37-2730A, Idaho Code. The database information must be made available only to the following:

(a) Authorized individuals employed by Idaho's boards or other states' licensing entities charged with the licensing and discipline of practitioners;

(b) Peace officers employed by federal, state and local law enforcement agencies engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing law regulating controlled substances;

(c) Authorized individuals under the direction of the department of health and welfare for the purpose of monitoring and enforcing that department's responsibilities under the public health, medicare and medicaid laws;

(d) A practitioner, licensed in Idaho or another state, having authority to prescribe controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient of the practitioner to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance;

(e) A pharmacist, licensed in Idaho or another state, having authority to dispense controlled substances to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom that pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance, or providing pharmaceutical care as defined in the Idaho pharmacy act;

(f) An individual who is the recipient of a dispensed controlled substance entered into the database, upon the production of positive identification, or that individual's designee upon production of a notarized release of information by that individual;

(g) Upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction; and

(h) Prosecuting attorneys, deputy prosecuting attorneys and special prosecutors of a county or city and special assistant attorneys general from the office of the attorney general engaged in enforcing law regulating controlled substances.

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Illinois
720 § 570/318

West's Smith-Hurd Illinois Compiled Statutes Annotated (2014)
Chapter 720. Criminal Offenses
Offenses Against the Public
Act 570. Illinois Controlled Substances Act
Article III. Registration and Control of Manufacture, Distribution and Dispensing

570/318. Confidentiality of information

§ 318. Confidentiality of information.

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(d) The Department may release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

(1) A governing body that licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(2) An investigator for the Consumer Protection Division of the office of the Attorney General, a prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the Attorney General, who is engaged in any of the following activities involving controlled substances:

(A) an investigation;

(B) an adjudication; or

(C) a prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(3) A law enforcement officer who is:

(A) authorized by the Illinois State Police or the office of a county sheriff or State's Attorney or municipal police department of Illinois to receive information of the type requested for the purpose of investigations involving controlled substances; or

(B) approved by the Department to receive information of the type requested for the purpose of investigations involving controlled substances; and

(C) engaged in the investigation or prosecution of a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(e) Before the Department releases confidential information under subsection (d), the applicant must demonstrate in writing to the Department that:

(1) the applicant has reason to believe that a violation under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance has occurred; and

(2) the requested information is reasonably related to the investigation, adjudication, or prosecution of the violation described in subdivision (1).

(f) The Department may receive and release prescription record information under Section 316 and former Section 321 to:

(1) a governing body that licenses practitioners;

(2) an investigator for the Consumer Protection Division of the office of the Attorney General, a prosecuting attorney, the Attorney General, a deputy Attorney General, or an investigator from the office of the Attorney General;

(3) any Illinois law enforcement officer who is:

(A) authorized to receive the type of information released; and

(B) approved by the Department to receive the type of information released; or

(4) prescription monitoring entities in other states per the provisions outlined in subsection (g) and (h) below;

confidential prescription record information collected under Sections 316. and 321 (now repealed) that identifies vendors or practitioners, or both, who are prescribing or dispensing large quantities of Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substances outside the scope of their practice, pharmacy, or business, as determined by the Advisory Committee created by Section 320.

(g) The information described in subsection (f) may not be released until it has been reviewed by an employee of the Department who is licensed as a prescriber or a dispenser and until that employee has certified that further investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection (g) does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (h).

(h) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (f) may disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the office of the Attorney General for use as evidence in the following:

(1) A proceeding under any State or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(2) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that involves a controlled substance.

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Indiana
§ 35-48-7-11.1

Indiana Code (2013)
Title 35. Criminal Law and Procedure
Article 48. Controlled Substances
Chapter 7. Central Repository for Controlled Substances Data

§ 35-48-7-11.1 INSPECT program; confidentiality

Sec. 11.1. (a) Information received by the INSPECT program under section 8.1 of this chapter is confidential.

(b) The board shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of the information described in subsection (a). The board may disclose the information to another person only under subsection (c), (d), or (g).

(c) The board may disclose confidential information described in subsection (a) to any person who is authorized to engage in receiving, processing, or storing the information.

(d) Except as provided in subsections (e) and (f), the board may release confidential information described in subsection (a) to the following persons:

(1) A member of the board or another governing body that licenses practitioners and is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any state or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(2) An investigator for the consumer protection division of the office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the office of the attorney general, who is engaged in:

(A) an investigation;

(B) an adjudication; or

(C) a prosecution;

of a violation under any state or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(3) A law enforcement officer who is an employee of:

(A) a local, state, or federal law enforcement agency; or

(B) an entity that regulates controlled substances or enforces controlled substances rules or laws in another state;

that is certified to receive information from the INSPECT program.

(4) A practitioner or practitioner's agent certified to receive information from the INSPECT program.

(5) A controlled substance monitoring program in another state with which Indiana has established an interoperability agreement.

(6) The state toxicologist.

(7) A certified representative of the Medicaid retrospective and prospective drug utilization review program.

(8) A substance abuse assistance program for a licensed health care provider who:

(A) has prescriptive authority under IC 25; and

(B) is participating in the assistance program.

(e) Information provided to an individual under:

(1) subsection (d)(3) is limited to information:

(A) concerning an individual or proceeding involving the unlawful diversion or misuse of a schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance; and

(B) that will assist in an investigation or proceeding; and

(2) subsection (d)(4) may be released only for the purpose of:

(A) providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment; or

(B) evaluating the need for providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a patient.

(f) Before the board releases confidential information under subsection (d), the applicant must be approved by the INSPECT program in a manner prescribed by the board.

(g) The board may release to:

(1) a member of the board or another governing body that licenses practitioners;

(2) an investigator for the consumer protection division of the office of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, the attorney general, a deputy attorney general, or an investigator from the office of the attorney general; or

(3) a law enforcement officer who is:

(A) authorized by the state police department to receive the type of information released; and

(B) approved by the board to receive the type of information released;

confidential information generated from computer records that identifies practitioners who are prescribing or dispensing large quantities of a controlled substance.

(h) The information described in subsection (g) may not be released until it has been reviewed by:

(1) a member of the board who is licensed in the same profession as the prescribing or dispensing practitioner identified by the data; or

(2) the board's designee;

and until that member or the designee has certified that further investigation is warranted. However, failure to comply with this subsection does not invalidate the use of any evidence that is otherwise admissible in a proceeding described in subsection (i).

(i) An investigator or a law enforcement officer receiving confidential information under subsection (c), (d), or (g) may disclose the information to a law enforcement officer or an attorney for the office of the attorney general for use as evidence in the following:
(1) A proceeding under IC 16-42-20.

(2) A proceeding under any state or federal law that involves a controlled substance.

(3) A criminal proceeding or a proceeding in juvenile court that involves a controlled substance.

(j) The board may compile statistical reports from the information described in subsection (a). The reports must not include information that identifies any practitioner, ultimate user, or other person administering a controlled substance. Statistical reports compiled under this subsection are public records.

(k) This section may not be construed to require a practitioner to obtain information about a patient from the data base.

(l) A practitioner is immune from civil liability for an injury, death, or loss to a person solely due to a practitioner seeking or not seeking information from the INSPECT program. The civil immunity described in this subsection does not extend to a practitioner if the practitioner receives information directly from the INSPECT program and then negligently misuses this information. This subsection does not apply to an act or omission that is a result of gross negligence or intentional misconduct.

(m) The board may review the records of the INSPECT program. If the board determines that a violation of the law may have occurred, the board shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or the relevant government body responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of practitioners authorized by law to prescribe controlled substances.

(n) A practitioner who in good faith discloses information based on a report from the INSPECT program to a law enforcement agency is immune from criminal or civil liability. A practitioner that discloses information to a law enforcement agency under this subsection is presumed to have acted in good faith.

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Iowa
§ 124.553
ADC 657-37.4(124)

Iowa Code Annotated (2014)
Title IV. Public Health
Subtitle 1. Alcoholic Beverages and Controlled Substances
Chapter 124. Controlled Substances
Division VI. Drug Prescribing and Dispensing--Information Program

§ 124.553. Information access

1. The board may provide information from the program to the following:

a. (1) A pharmacist or prescribing practitioner who requests the information and certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care to a patient of the pharmacist or prescribing practitioner. A pharmacist or a prescribing practitioner may delegate program information access to another authorized individual or agent only if that individual or agent registers for program information access, pursuant to board rules, as an agent of the pharmacist or prescribing practitioner. Board rules shall identify the qualifications for a pharmacist's or prescribing practitioner's agent and shall limit the number of agents to whom each pharmacist or prescribing practitioner may delegate program information access.

(2) Notwithstanding subparagraph (1), a prescribing practitioner may delegate program information access to another licensed health care professional in emergency situations where the patient would be placed in greater jeopardy if the prescribing practitioner was required to access the information personally.

b. An individual who requests the individual's own program information in accordance with the procedure established in rules of the board and advisory council adopted under section 124.554.

c. Pursuant to an order, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion for access to or release of program information that is issued based upon a determination of probable cause in the course of a specific investigation of a specific individual.

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Iowa Administrative Code (2014)
Agency 657 Pharmacy Board
Chapter 37 Iowa Prescription Monitoring Program

657-37.4(124) Access to database information.

All information contained in the PMP database, including prescription information submitted for inclusion in the PMP database and records of requests for PMP information, shall be privileged and strictly confidential and not subject to public or open records laws. The board, council, and PMP administrator shall maintain procedures to en-sure the privacy and confidentiality of patients, prescribers, dispensers, practitioners, practitioners, agents, and pa-tient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained in the PMP database and to ensure that program information is not disclosed to persons except as provided in this rule.

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37.4(3) Law enforcement agencies. Local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of any state or federal law relating to controlled substances shall be able to access information from the PMP database by order, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion relating to a specific investigation of a specific individual and supported by a determination of probable cause. A law enforcement officer shall submit to the PMP administrator in a format established by the board a written request via mail, facsimile, or personal delivery. The request shall be signed by the requesting officer or the officer's superior. The request shall be accompanied by an order, subpoena, or warrant issued by a court or legal authority that re-quires a determination of probable cause and shall be processed by the PMP administrator. A report identifying PMP information relating to the specific individual identified by the order, subpoena, or warrant may be delivered to the law enforcement officer via mail or alternate secure delivery.

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37.4(5) Court orders and subpoenas. The PMP administrator shall provide PMP information in response to court orders and county attorney or other subpoenas issued by a court upon a determination of probable cause.

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Kansas
§ 65-1685
ADC 68-21-5

West's Kansas Statutes Annotated (2013)
Chapter 65. Public Health
Article 16. Regulation of Pharmacists

§ 65-1685. Same; database information privileged and confidential; persons authorized to receive data

(a) The prescription monitoring program database, all information contained therein and any records maintained by the board, or by any entity contracting with the board, submitted to, maintained or stored as a part of the database, shall be privileged and confidential, shall not be subject to subpoena or discovery in civil proceedings and may only be used for investigatory or evidentiary purposes related to violations of state or federal law and regulatory activities of entities charged with administrative oversight of those persons engaged in the prescribing or dispensing of scheduled substances and drugs of concern, shall not be a public record and shall not be subject to the Kansas open records act, K.S.A. 45-215 et seq., and amendments thereto, except as provided in subsections (c) and (d).

(b) The board shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted and maintained is not disclosed to persons except as provided in subsections (c) and (d).

(c) The board is hereby authorized to provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following persons:

(1) Persons authorized to prescribe or dispense scheduled substances and drugs of concern, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients;

(2) an individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established by the board;

(3) designated representatives from the professional licensing, certification or regulatory agencies charged with administrative oversight of those persons engaged in the prescribing or dispensing of scheduled substances and drugs of concern;

(4) local, state and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the administration, investigation or enforcement of the laws governing scheduled substances and drugs of concern subject to the requirements in K.S.A. 22-2502, and amendments thereto;

(5) designated representatives from the department of health and environment regarding authorized medicaid program recipients;

(6) persons authorized by a grand jury subpoena, inquisition subpoena or court order in a criminal action;

(7) personnel of the prescription monitoring program advisory committee for the purpose of operation of the program;

(8) personnel of the board for purposes of administration and enforcement of this act or the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A 65-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto;

(9) persons authorized to prescribe or dispense scheduled substances and drugs of concern, when an individual is obtaining prescriptions in a manner that appears to be misuse, abuse or diversion of scheduled substances or drugs of concern; and

(10) medical examiners, coroners or other persons authorized under law to investigate or determine causes of death.

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Kansas Administrative Regulations (2014)
Agency 68. Board of Pharmacy
Article 21. Prescription Monitoring Program

68-21-5 Access to information.

All requests for, uses of, and disclosures of prescription monitoring information by authorized persons shall meet the requirements of K.S.A. 65-1685, and amendments thereto, and this article.

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(e) By local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials.

(1) Any local, state, or federal law enforcement officer or prosecutorial official may obtain any program information as required for an ongoing case, in accordance with this regulation and K.S.A. 65-1685 and amendments thereto. The information shall be provided in a format established by the board, which may include delivery by electronic means, facsimile, or telephone.

(2) Each local, state, or federal law enforcement officer or prosecutorial official who seeks access to program information shall register with the board. Once registration is approved, the requester may submit a written request by mail, facsimile, or electronic means to the

board. All requests for, uses of, and disclosures of prescription monitoring information by authorized persons under this subsection shall meet the requirements of K.S.A. 65-1685 (c)(4), and amendments thereto.

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Kentucky
§ 218A.202
§ 218A.240
902 ADC 55:110

Baldwin's Kentucky Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XVIII. Public Health
Chapter 218A. Controlled Substances

§ 218A.202 Electronic system for monitoring controlled substances; required registration and reporting; penalty for illegal use of system; pilot or continuing project; continuing education programs; reports of failure to comply with section; administrative regulations

. . .

(6) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall only disclose data to persons and entities authorized to receive that data under this section. Disclosure to any other person or entity, including disclosure in the context of a civil action where the disclosure is sought either for the purpose of discovery or for evidence, is prohibited unless specifically authorized by this section. The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall be authorized to provide data to:

(a) A designated representative of a board responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of practitioners, pharmacists, or other person who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances and who is involved in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

(b) Employees of the Office of the Inspector General of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services who have successfully completed training for the electronic system and who have been approved to use the system, Kentucky Commonwealth's attorneys and assistant Commonwealth's attorneys, county attorneys and assistant county attorneys, a peace officer certified pursuant to KRS 15.380 to 15.404, a certified or full-time peace officer of another state, or a federal peace officer whose duty is to enforce the laws of this Commonwealth, of another state, or of the United States relating to drugs and who is engaged in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

(c) A state-operated Medicaid program in conformity with subsection (7) of this section;

(d) A properly convened grand jury pursuant to a subpoena properly issued for the records;

(e) A practitioner or pharmacist, or employee of the practitioner's or pharmacist's practice acting under the specific direction of the practitioner or pharmacist, who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of:

1. Providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide current or prospective patient; or

2. Reviewing and assessing the individual prescribing or dispensing patterns of the practitioner or pharmacist or to determine the accuracy and completeness of information contained in the monitoring system;

(f) The chief medical officer of a hospital or long-term-care facility, an employee of the hospital or long-term-care facility as designated by the chief medical officer and who is working under his or her specific direction, or a physician designee if the hospital or facility has no chief medical officer, if the officer, employee, or designee certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide current or prospective patient or resident in the hospital or facility;

(g) In addition to the purposes authorized under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure, for any physician who is:

1. Associated in a partnership or other business entity with a physician who is already under investigation by the Board of Medical Licensure for improper prescribing or dispensing practices;

2. In a designated geographic area for which a trend report indicates a substantial likelihood that inappropriate prescribing or dispensing may be occurring; or

3. In a designated geographic area for which a report on another physician in that area indicates a substantial likelihood that inappropriate prescribing or dispensing may be occurring in that area;

(h) In addition to the purposes authorized under paragraph (a) of this subsection, the Kentucky Board of Nursing, for any advanced practice registered nurse who is:

1. Associated in a partnership or other business entity with a physician who is already under investigation by the Kentucky Board of Medical Licensure for improper prescribing or dispensing practices;

2. Associated in a partnership or other business entity with an advanced practice registered nurse who is already under investigation by the Board of Nursing for improper prescribing practices;

3. In a designated geographic area for which a trend report indicates a substantial likelihood that inappropriate prescribing or dispensing may be occurring; or

4. In a designated geographic area for which a report on a physician or another advanced practice registered nurse in that area indicates a substantial likelihood that inappropriate prescribing or dispensing may be occurring in that area;

(i) A judge or a probation or parole officer administering a diversion or probation program of a criminal defendant arising out of a violation of this chapter or of a criminal defendant who is documented by the court as a substance abuser who is eligible to participate in a court-ordered drug diversion or probation program; or

(j) A medical examiner engaged in a death investigation pursuant to KRS 72.026.

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(8) A person who receives data or any report of the system from the cabinet shall not provide it to any other person or entity except as provided in this section, in another statute, or by order of a court of competent jurisdiction and only to a person or entity authorized to receive the data or the report under this section, except that:

(a) A person specified in subsection (6)(b) of this section who is authorized to receive data or a report may share that information with any other persons specified in subsection (6)(b) of this section authorized to receive data or a report if the persons specified in subsection (6)(b) of this section are working on a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person. Both the person providing and the person receiving the data or report under this paragraph shall document in writing each person to whom the data or report has been given or received and the day, month, and year that the data or report has been given or received. This document shall be maintained in a file by each agency engaged in the investigation;

(b) A representative of the Department for Medicaid Services may share data or reports regarding overutilization by Medicaid recipients with a board designated in subsection (6)(a) of this section, or with a law enforcement officer designated in subsection (6)(b) of this section;

(c) The Department for Medicaid Services may submit the data as evidence in an administrative hearing held in accordance with KRS Chapter 13B;

(d) If a state licensing board as defined in KRS 218A.205 initiates formal disciplinary proceedings against a licensee, and data obtained by the board is relevant to the charges, the board may provide the data to the licensee and his or her counsel, as part of the notice process required by KRS 13B.050, and admit the data as evidence in an administrative hearing conducted pursuant to KRS Chapter 13B, with the board and licensee taking all necessary steps to prevent further disclosure of the data; and

(e) A practitioner, pharmacist, or employee who obtains data under subsection (6)(e) of this section may share the report with the patient or person authorized to act on the patient's behalf and place the report in the patient's medical record, with that individual report then being deemed a medical record subject to disclosure on the same terms and conditions as an ordinary medical record in lieu of the disclosure restrictions otherwise imposed by this section.

(9) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services, all peace officers specified in subsection (6)(b) of this section, all officers of the court, and all regulatory agencies and officers, in using the data for investigative or prosecution purposes, shall consider the nature of the prescriber's and dispenser's practice and the condition for which the patient is being treated.

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Baldwin's Kentucky Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title XVIII. Public Health
Chapter 218A. Controlled Substances

§ 218A.240 Controlled substances; duties and authority of state and local officers, Cabinet for Health and Family Services, and Kentucky Board of Pharmacy; civil proceedings; identification of trends; identification of prescribers, dispensers, and patients for licensing board; review of hospital's or health care facility's prescribing and dispensing practices

(1) All police officers and deputy sheriffs directly employed full-time by state, county, city, urban-county, or consolidated local governments, the Department of Kentucky State Police, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services, their officers and agents, and of all city, county, and Commonwealth's attorneys, and the Attorney General, within their respective jurisdictions, shall enforce all provisions of this chapter and cooperate with all agencies charged with the enforcement of the laws of the United States, of this state, and of all other states relating to controlled substances.

(2) For the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this chapter, the designated agents of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall have the full power and authority of peace officers in this state, including the power of arrest and the authority to bear arms, and shall have the power and authority to administer oaths; to enter upon premises at all times for the purpose of making inspections; to seize evidence; to interrogate all persons; to require the production of prescriptions, of books, papers, documents, or other evidence; to employ special investigators; and to expend funds for the purpose of obtaining evidence and to use data obtained under KRS 218A.202(7) in any administrative proceeding before the cabinet.

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Kentucky Administrative Regulations (2014)
Title 902. Cabinet for Health and Family Services Department for Public Health
Chapter 55. Controlled Substances

902 KAR 55:110. Monitoring system for prescription controlled substances

. . .

Section 4. Request for Report. (1) A written or electronic request shall be filed with the cabinet prior to the release of a report, except for a subpoena issued by a grand jury or an appropriate court order issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(2) A request for a KASPER patient report shall be made electronically at www.chfs.ky.gov/KASPER.

(3) A request for a KASPER provider report made by a peace officer authorized to receive data under KRS 218A.202, or a designated representative of a board responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of prescribing practitioners shall be made by written application on the "Request for KASPER Report (Law Enforcement and Licensure Boards)" Form DCB-15L.

(4) A medical examiner engaged in a death investigation pursuant to KRS 72.026 may query KASPER for a report on the decedent.

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Louisiana
§ 40:1007
ADC Title 46, Part LIII, § 2921

West's Louisiana Statutes Annotated (2014)
Louisiana Revised Statutes
Title 40. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 4. Food and Drugs
Part X-A. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 1007. Access to prescription monitoring information

. . .

F. The board may provide a report containing prescription monitoring information upon application of local, state, out-of-state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the laws governing controlled substances or other drugs of concern in compliance with and as limited by the relevant requirements of any of the following:

(1) A court order or court-ordered warrant, or a subpoena or summons issued by a judicial officer.

(2) A grand jury subpoena.

(3) An administrative request, including an administrative subpoena or summons, a civil or an authorized investigative demand, or similar process authorized under law, provided by law enforcement to the board, and further, provided all of the following:

(a) The information sought is relevant and material to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry.

(b) The request is specific and limited in scope to the extent reasonably practicable in light of the purpose for which the information is sought.

(c) De-identified information, or limited information that does not identify or could not reasonably lead to the identification of an individual patient, could not reasonably be used.

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Louisiana Administrative Code (2014)
Title 46. Professional and Occupational Standards
Part LIII. Pharmacists
Chapter 29. Prescription Monitoring Program
Subchapter C. Access to Prescription Monitoring Information

§ 2921. Methods of Access to Prescription Monitoring Information

A. Prescribers and dispensers, once properly registered, may solicit prescription monitoring information from the program concerning their patients, or for verifying their prescription records. The program may require such users to certify the legitimacy of their inquiry prior to furnishing the requested information.

B. Designated representatives from agencies charged with administrative oversight of prescribers and dispensers of controlled substances may solicit prescription monitoring information from the program concerning specific investigations of prescribers or dispensers. The program may require such users to certify the legitimacy of their inquiry prior to furnishing the requested information.

C. Designated representatives of the Louisiana Medicaid program, once properly registered, may solicit prescription monitoring information from the program concerning specific recipients. The program may require such users to certify the legitimacy of their inquiry prior to furnishing the requested information.

D. Designated representatives of the board, or any vendor or contractor establishing or maintaining the program, once properly registered, may solicit prescription monitoring information from the program for the purpose of establishing or maintaining the program's database.

E. Upon receipt of one of the following methods of application by local, state, out-of-state, or federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials, the program may provide prescription monitoring information:

1. a court order or court-ordered warrant, or a subpoena or summons issued by a judicial officer;

2. a grand jury subpoena; or

3. an administrative request, including an administrative subpoena or summons, a civil or an authorized investigative demand, or similar process authorized under law, provided by law enforcement to the board, and further, provided all of the following:

a. the information sought is relevant and material to a legitimate law enforcement inquiry;

b. the request is specific and limited in scope to the extent reasonably practicable in light of the purpose for which the information is sought;

c. de-identified information, or limited information that does not identify or could not reasonably lead to the identification of an individual patient, could not reasonably be used.

F. Individuals may solicit their own prescription monitoring information from the program. To prevent inappropriate access to such information, the requestor shall personally appear at the program office and produce positive photo identification at the time of their request. The program shall furnish a single copy of the report responding to such request at no charge to the individual.

G. Program personnel, once properly registered, may solicit prescription monitoring information from the program's database for the purpose of responding to legitimate inquiries from authorized users or other individuals.

H. Prescription monitoring programs located in other states may access prescription monitoring information from the program through a secure interstate data exchange system or health information exchange system approved by the board.

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Maine

Maine will release program information to criminal justice officials in response to a grand jury subpoena.

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Maryland
Health – General § 21-2A-06
ADC 10.47.07.04

West's Annotated Code of Maryland (2014)
Health--General
Title 21. Food, Drugs, and Cosmetics
Subtitle 2A. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

§ 21-2A-06. Confidentiality of prescription monitoring data

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Allowable disclosure of prescription monitoring data

(b) The Program shall disclose prescription monitoring data, in accordance with regulations adopted by the Secretary, to:

(1) A prescriber, or a licensed health care practitioner authorized by the prescriber, in connection with the medical care of a patient;

(2) A dispenser, or a licensed health care practitioner authorized by the dispenser, in connection with the dispensing of a monitored prescription drug;

(3) A federal law enforcement agency or a State or local law enforcement agency, on issuance of a subpoena, for the purpose of furthering an existing bona fide individual investigation;

(4) A licensing entity, on issuance of an administrative subpoena voted on by a quorum of the board of the licensing entity, for the purposes of furthering an existing bona fide individual investigation;

(5) A rehabilitation program under a health occupations board, on issuance of an administrative subpoena;

(6) A patient with respect to prescription monitoring data about the patient;

(7) Subject to subsection (g) of this section, the authorized administrator of another state's prescription drug monitoring program;

(8) The following units of the Department, on approval of the Secretary, for the purpose of furthering an existing bona fide individual investigation:

(i) The Office of the Chief Medical Examiner;

(ii) The Maryland Medical Assistance Program;

(iii) The Office of the Inspector General;

(iv) The Office of Health Care Quality; and

(v) The Division of Drug Control; or

(9) The technical advisory committee established under § 21-2A-07 of this subtitle for the purposes set forth in subsection (c) of this section.

Review of requests for information

(c) Before the Program discloses information under subsection (b)(3), (4), (5), (7), or (8) of this section, the technical advisory committee to the Program shall:

(1) Review the requests for information;

(2) Provide clinical guidance and interpretation of the information requested to the Secretary to assist in the Secretary's decision on how to respond to a judicial subpoena, administrative subpoena, or other request; and

(3) Provide clinical guidance and interpretation of the information requested to the authorized recipient of the information.

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Code of Maryland Regulations (2014)
Title 10 Department of Health and Mental Hygiene
Subtitle 47 Alcohol and Drug Abuse Administration
Chapter 07 Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

.04 Disclosure of Prescription Monitoring Data.

. . .

C. Disclosure of Prescription Monitoring Data to a Federal, State, or Local Law Enforcement Agency. The Program shall disclose prescription monitoring data to a federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, for the purpose of furthering an existing bona fide individual investigation, on receipt of a subpoena that:

(1) Includes information sufficient to identify the unique prescriber, dispenser, or patient about whom prescription monitoring data is requested;

(2) Specifies the time frame for which prescription monitoring data is requested, including the day, month, and year the report is to begin and end;

(3) Includes an agency case number or other identifier sufficient to identify an existing bona fide individual investigation; and

(4) Bears the name, title, and original signature of the official under whose authority the subpoena is issued.

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J. Technical Advisory Committee Review.

(1) Before the Program discloses prescription monitoring data under COMAR 10.47.07.04C-E, G and H, the Technical Advisory Committee shall:

(a) Review the request for disclosure; and

(b) Within 10 business days of submission of the request to the Technical Advisory Committee for review, submit to the Program, in written form, clinical guidance and interpretation of the prescription monitoring data requested to:

(i) Assist the Secretary's decision on how to respond to a judicial subpoena, administrative subpoena, or other request; and

(ii) Be made available for use by the recipient of prescription monitoring data should the request for disclosure be authorized.

(2) If the Technical Advisory Committee has not provided clinical guidance and interpretation within 10 business days of submission of the request, the Department may:

(a) Proceed as if the Technical Advisory Committee does not have clinical guidance or interpretation to provide regarding the request at issue; and

(b) Respond to the original request for disclosure.

(3) The Department shall establish procedures, which may include but not be limited to secure electronic messaging, for the timely disclosure of prescription monitoring data to the Technical Advisory Committee and the receipt of responses from the Technical Advisory Committee to ensure that the review process is conducted with all possible expediency.

(4) For all purposes, including but not limited to confidentiality, security, redisclosure, and admissibility as evidence, the reports of the Technical Advisory Committee shall be considered as one and the same with the prescription monitoring data upon which the Committee's reports are based.

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Massachusetts
94C § 24A
105 CMR 700.012

Massachusetts General Laws Annotated (2014)
Part I. Administration of the Government (Ch. 1-182)
Title XV. Regulation of Trade (Ch. 93-110H)
Chapter 94C. Controlled Substances Act

§ 24A. Electronic monitoring of the prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances and certain additional drugs

. . .

(e) The department shall review the prescription and dispensing monitoring information. If there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement or professional licensing, certification or regulatory agency or entity and provide prescription information required for an investigation.

(f) The department shall, upon request, provide data from the prescription monitoring program to the following:--

(1) persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients;

(2) individuals who request their own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established under chapter 66A;

(3) persons authorized to act on behalf of state boards and regulatory agencies that supervise or regulate a profession that may prescribe controlled substances; provided, however, that the data request is in connection with a bona fide specific controlled substance or additional drug-related investigation;

(4) local, state and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials working with the executive office of public safety engaged in the administration, investigation or enforcement of the laws governing prescription drugs; provided, however, that the data request is in connection with a bona fide specific controlled substance or additional drug-related investigation;

(5) personnel of the executive office of health and human services regarding Medicaid program recipients; provided, however that the data request is in connection with a bona fide specific controlled substance or additional drug-related investigation; or

(6) personnel of the United States attorney, office of the attorney general or a district attorney; provided, however, that the data request is in connection with a bona fide specific controlled substance or additional drug related investigation.

(g) The department may, at its initiative, provide data from the prescription monitoring program to practitioners in accordance with section 24.

(h) The department may provide de-identified, aggregate information to a public or private entity for statistical research or educational purposes.

(i) The department may contract with another agency or with a private vendor, as necessary, to ensure the effective operation of the prescription monitoring program. A contractor shall be bound to comply with the provisions regarding confidentiality of prescription information in this section.

(j) The department shall promulgate rules and regulations setting forth the procedures and methods for implementing this section.

(k) The department shall submit an annual report on the effectiveness of the prescription monitoring program with the clerks of the house and senate, the chairs of the joint committee on public health, the chairs of the joint committee on health care financing and the chairs of the joint committee on public safety and homeland security.

Code of Massachusetts Regulations (2014)
Title 105: Department of Public Health
Chapter 700.000: Implementation of M.g.l. C. 94C

700.012: Prescription Monitoring Program

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(D) Privacy, Confidentiality and Disclosure.

(1) Except where otherwise provided by judicial order, statute or regulation, including but not limited to 105 CMR 700.012(D)(2), the information collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012 shall be kept confidential by the Department.

(2) The Department shall, upon request and to the extent made feasible by 105 CMR 700.012(F), provide data collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012 to:

(a) an individual authorized and registered to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care to a patient;

(b) a person authorized to act on behalf of an entity designated by M.G.L. c. 94C, § 24A, provided the request is in connection with a bona fide specific controlled substance or additional drug-related investigation, and further provided that such entity is:

1. a state board or regulatory agency that supervises or regulates a profession that may prescribe or dispense controlled substances;

2. a local, state or federal law enforcement agency or prosecutorial office working with the Executive Office of Public Safety engaged in the administration, investigation or enforcement of criminal law governing controlled substances;

3. the Executive Office of Health and Human Services, acting with regard to a MassHealth program recipient;

4. the United States Attorney;

5. the Office of the Attorney General; or

6. the office of a District Attorney.

(c) a duly authorized representative of a health department or other agency in another state, commonwealth, district, territory or country that maintains prescription information in a data system with privacy, security and other disclosure requirements consistent with those established in the Commonwealth, in accordance with a valid, written reciprocal data sharing agreement establishing the terms and conditions for exchange of data; and

(d) an individual or the individual's parent or legal guardian, who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established under M.G.L. c. 66A and other applicable statute or regulation of the Commonwealth.

(3) A request for information collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012 shall be in writing or, if applicable, transmitted electronically pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012(F) and shall be made in accordance with procedures established by the Commissioner or designee to ensure compliance with the requirements of 105 CMR 700.012(D) and (E).

(4) The Commissioner or designee may initiate disclosure of data on a patient or research subject collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012 to an individual authorized and registered to prescribe or dispense controlled substances in any or all of the Schedules II through V, and Schedule VI if applicable, pursuant to 105 CMR 700.000, provided that:

(a) The authorized individual has prescribed or dispensed such a controlled substance to the patient or research subject;

(b) The Commissioner or designee has determined that the patient or research subject is receiving a controlled substance or additional drug from more than one source and in quantities that he determines to be harmful to the health of the patient or research subject or that disclosure is otherwise necessary to prevent the unlawful diversion of a controlled substance; and

(c) Such disclosure shall not require or direct the authorized individual to take action that he or she believes to be contrary to the patient's or research subject's best interests.

(5) (a) The Department shall review the prescription monitoring information collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012. If there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred, the Department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement or professional licensing, certification or regulatory agency or entity and provide prescription monitoring information required for an investigation.

(b) Disclosure at the initiation of the Commissioner or designee pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012(D)(4) and (5) shall be in conformance with any protocols established by the Commissioner or designee, who may consult with the Medical Review Group. When such consultation is provided on Commissioner initiated disclosure, the Medical Review Group shall review the content and application of the protocols, make recommendations to the Commissioner for effective use of such protocols and as needed review specific instances of Commissioner initiated disclosure. If undertaking such review, the Medical Review Group may be provided upon request with such pertinent information as needed.

(6) The Commissioner or designee may provide de-identified, aggregate data to a public or private entity for statistical research or educational purposes.

(7) Data collected pursuant to 105 CMR 700.012(A) shall not be a public record and shall not be disclosed to anyone other than those persons specifically authorized under 105 CMR 700.012(D).

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Michigan Compiled Laws Annotated (2014)
Chapter 333. Health
Public Health Code
Article 7. Controlled Substances
Part 73. Manufacture, Distribution, and Dispensing

§ 333.7333a. Dispensing of controlled substances; electronic monitoring system

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(2) Notwithstanding any practitioner-patient privilege, the director of the department may provide data obtained under this section to all of the following:

(a) A designated representative of a board responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of a practitioner, pharmacist, or other person who is authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances.

(b) An employee or agent of the department.

(c) A state, federal, or municipal employee or agent whose duty is to enforce the laws of this state or the United States relating to drugs.

(d) A state-operated medicaid program.

(e) A state, federal, or municipal employee who is the holder of a search warrant or subpoena properly issued for the records.

(f) A practitioner or pharmacist who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide current patient.

(g) An individual with whom the department has contracted under subsection (8).

(h) A practitioner or other person who is authorized to prescribe controlled substances for the purpose of determining if prescriptions written by that practitioner or other person have been dispensed.

(i) Until December 31, 2016, the health care payment or benefit provider for the purposes of ensuring patient safety and investigating fraud and abuse.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this part, information submitted under this section shall be used only for bona fide drug- related criminal investigatory or evidentiary purposes or for the investigatory or evidentiary purposes in connection with the functions of a disciplinary subcommittee or 1 or more of the licensing or registration boards created in article 15.

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(9) The department, all law enforcement officers, all officers of the court, and all regulatory agencies and officers, in using the data for investigative or prosecution purposes, shall consider the nature of the prescriber's and dispenser's practice and the condition for which the patient is being treated.

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Minnesota Statutes Annotated (2014)
Health (Ch. 144-159)
Chapter 152. Drugs; Controlled Substances
Prescriptions

§ 152.126. Controlled substances prescription electronic reporting system

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Subd. 6. Access to reporting system data. (a) Except as indicated in this subdivision, the data submitted to the board under subdivision 4 is private data on individuals as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 12, and not subject to public disclosure.

(b) Except as specified in subdivision 5, the following persons shall be considered permissible users and may access the data submitted under subdivision 4 in the same or similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons who are authorized to access similar private data on individuals under federal and state law:

(1) a prescriber or an agent or employee of the prescriber to whom the prescriber has delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient, to whom the prescriber is prescribing or considering prescribing any controlled substance and with the provision that the prescriber remains responsible for the use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

(2) a dispenser or an agent or employee of the dispenser to whom the dispenser has delegated the task of accessing the data, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom that dispenser is dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance and with the provision that the dispenser remains responsible for the use or misuse of data accessed by a delegated agent or employee;

(3) an individual who is the recipient of a controlled substance prescription for which data was submitted under subdivision 4, or a guardian of the individual, parent or guardian of a minor, or health care agent of the individual acting under a health care directive under chapter 145C;

(4) personnel of the board specifically assigned to conduct a bona fide investigation of a specific licensee;

(5) personnel of the board engaged in the collection of controlled substance prescription information as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities under this section;

(6) authorized personnel of a vendor under contract with the board who are engaged in the design, implementation, operation, and maintenance of the electronic reporting system as part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment, provided that access to data is limited to the minimum amount necessary to carry out such duties and responsibilities;

(7) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities acting pursuant to a valid search warrant;

(8) personnel of the medical assistance program assigned to use the data collected under this section to identify recipients whose usage of controlled substances may warrant restriction to a single primary care physician, a single outpatient pharmacy, or a single hospital; and

(9) personnel of the Department of Human Services assigned to access the data pursuant to paragraph (h).

For purposes of clause (3), access by an individual includes persons in the definition of an individual under section 13.02.

(c) Any permissible user identified in paragraph (b), who directly accesses the data electronically, shall implement and maintain a comprehensive information security program that contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the user's size and complexity, and the sensitivity of the personal information obtained. The permissible user shall identify reasonably foreseeable internal and external risks to the security, confidentiality, and integrity of personal information that could result in the unauthorized disclosure, misuse, or other compromise of the information and assess the sufficiency of any safeguards in place to control the risks.

(d) The board shall not release data submitted under this section unless it is provided with evidence, satisfactory to the board, that the person requesting the information is entitled to receive the data.

(e) The board shall not release the name of a prescriber without the written consent of the prescriber or a valid search warrant or court order. The board shall provide a mechanism for a prescriber to submit to the board a signed consent authorizing the release of the prescriber's name when data containing the prescriber's name is requested.

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Mississippi
§ 73-21-127
§ 41-29-187

West's Annotated Mississippi Code (2013)
Title 73. Professions and Vocations
Chapter 21. Pharmacists
Mississippi Pharmacy Practice Act

§ 73-21-127. Computer program to track prescriptions for controlled substances and report illegal activity

The Board of Pharmacy shall develop and implement a computerized program to track prescriptions for controlled substances and to report suspected abuse and misuse of controlled substances in compliance with the federal regulations promulgated under authority of the National All Schedules Prescription Electronic Reporting Act of 2005 and in compliance with the federal HIPAA law, under the following conditions:

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(e)(i) Access to collected data shall be confidential and not subject to the provisions of the federal Freedom of Information Act or the Mississippi Open Records Act. **Upon request, the State Board of Pharmacy shall provide collected information to:** pharmacists or practitioners who are properly registered with the State Board of Pharmacy and are authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the purpose of providing medical and pharmaceutical care for their patients; **local, state and federal law enforcement officials engaged in the administration, investigation or enforcement of the laws governing illicit drug use;** regulatory and licensing boards in this state; Division of Medicaid regarding Medicaid and Medicare Program recipients; **judicial authorities under grand jury subpoena or court order**; an individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information; and prescription monitoring programs in other states through mutual agreement adhering to State Board of Pharmacy policies.

(ii) The Director of the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics, or his designee, shall have access to the prescription monitoring program (PMP) database for the purpose of investigating the potential illegal acquisition, distribution, dispensing, prescribing or administering of the controlled and noncontrolled substances monitored by the program, subject to all legal restrictions on further dissemination of the information obtained.

(iii) The State Board of Pharmacy may also provide generic, nonidentifying statistical data for research or educational purposes.

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West's Annotated Mississippi Code (2013)
Title 41. Public Health
Chapter 29. Poisons, Drugs and Other Controlled Substances
Article 3. Uniform Controlled Substances Law

§ 41-29-187. Production of records and documents

(1) Attorneys for the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics, by and through the Director of the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics, are authorized to seek judicial subpoenas to require any person, firm or corporation in the State of Mississippi to produce for inspection and copying business records and other documents which are relevant to the investigation of any felony violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law of the State of Mississippi. The production of the designated documents shall be at the location of the named person's, firm's or corporation's principal place of business, residence or other place at which the person, firm or corporation agrees to produce the documents. The cost of reproducing the documents shall be borne by the bureau at prevailing rates. At the conclusion of the investigation and any related judicial proceedings, the person, firm or corporation from whom the records or documents were subpoenaed shall, upon written request, be entitled to the return or destruction of all copies remaining in the possession of the bureau.

(2) The bureau is authorized to make an ex parte and in camera application to the county or circuit court of the county in which such person, firm or corporation resides or has his principal place of business, or if the person, firm or corporation is absent or a nonresident of the State of Mississippi, to the county or circuit court of Hinds County. On application of the county or circuit court, a subpoena duces tecum shall be issued only upon a showing of probable cause that the documents sought are relevant to the investigation of a felony violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Law or may reasonably lead to the discovery of such relevant evidence. Nothing contained in this section shall affect the right of a person to assert a claim that the information sought is privileged by law. Such application to the court shall be in writing and accompanied by a sworn affidavit from an agent of the Bureau of Narcotics which sets forth facts which the court shall consider in determining that probable cause exists.

(3) Any person, firm or corporation complying in good faith with a judicial subpoena issued pursuant to this section shall not be liable to any other person, firm or corporation for damages caused in whole or in part by such compliance.

(4) Documents in the possession of the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics gathered pursuant to the provisions of this section and subpoenas issued by the court shall be maintained in confidential files with access limited to prosecutorial and other law enforcement investigative personnel on a "need to know" basis and shall be exempt from the provisions of the Mississippi Public Records Act of 1983, except that upon the filing of an indictment or information, or upon the filing of an action for forfeiture or recovery of property, funds or fines, such documents shall be subject to such disclosure as may be required pursuant to the applicable statutes or court rules governing the trial of any such judicial proceeding.

(5) The circuit or county judge shall seal each application and affidavit filed and each subpoena issued after service of said subpoena. The application, affidavit and subpoena may not be disclosed except in the course of a judicial proceeding. Any unauthorized disclosure of a sealed subpoena, application or affidavit shall be punishable as contempt of court.

(6) No person, including the Director of the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics, an agent or member of his staff, prosecuting attorney, law enforcement officer, witness, court reporter, attorney or other person, shall disclose to an unauthorized person documents gathered by the bureau pursuant to the provisions of this section, nor investigative demands and subpoenas issued and served, except that upon the filing of an indictment or information, or upon the filing of an action for forfeiture or recovery of property, funds or fines, or in other legal proceedings, the documents shall be subject to such disclosure as may be required pursuant to applicable statutes and court rules governing the trial of any such judicial proceeding. In the event of an unauthorized disclosure of any such documents gathered by the Mississippi Bureau of Narcotics pursuant to the provisions of this section, the person making any such unauthorized disclosure shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00), or imprisonment of not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(7) No person, agent or employee upon whom a subpoena is served pursuant to this section shall disclose the existence of said subpoena or the existence of the investigation to any person unless such disclosure is necessary for compliance with the subpoena. Any person who willfully violates this subsection shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be confined in the county jail, for a period not to exceed one (1) year, or fined not more than Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00), or both.

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West's Montana Code Annotated (2013)
Title 37. Professions and Occupations
Chapter 7. Pharmacy
Part 15. Prescription Drug Registry

§ 37-7-1506. Providing prescription drug registry information

(1) Registry information is health care information as defined in 50-16-504 and is confidential. Except as provided in 37-7-1504, the board is authorized to provide data from the registry, upon request, only to the following:

(a) a person authorized to prescribe or dispense prescription drugs if the person certifies that the information is needed to provide medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a patient who is the subject of the request and who is under the person's care or has been referred to the person for care;

(b) a prescriber who requests information relating to the prescriber's own prescribing information if the prescriber certifies that the requested information is for a purpose in accordance with board rule;

(c) an individual requesting the individual's registry information if the individual provides evidence satisfactory to the board that the individual requesting the information is the person about whom the data entry was made;

(d) a designated representative of a government agency responsible for licensing, regulating, or disciplining licensed health care professionals who are authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense drugs, in order to conduct investigations related to a health care professional who is the subject of an active investigation for drug misuse or diversion;

(e) a county coroner or a peace officer employed by a federal, state, tribal, or local law enforcement agency if the county coroner or peace officer has obtained an investigative subpoena;

(f) an authorized individual under the direction of the department of public health and human services for the purpose of reviewing and enforcing that department's responsibilities under the public health, medicare, or medicaid laws; or

(g) a prescription drug registry in another state if the data is subject to limitations and restrictions similar to those provided in 37-7-1502 through 37-7-1513.

(2) The board shall maintain a record of each individual or entity that requests information from the registry and whether the request was granted pursuant to this section.

(3) The board may release information in summary, statistical, or aggregate form for educational, research, or public information purposes. The information may not identify a person or entity.

(4) Information collected by or obtained from the registry may not be used:

(a) for commercial purposes; or

(b) as evidence in any civil or administrative action, except in an investigation and disciplinary proceeding by the department or the agency responsible for licensing, regulating, or disciplining licensed health care professionals who are authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense prescription drugs.

(5) Information obtained from the registry in accordance with the requirements of this section may be used in the course of a criminal investigation and subsequent criminal proceedings.

(6) The board shall adopt rules to ensure that only authorized individuals have access to the registry and only to appropriate information from the registry. The rules must be consistent with:

(a) the privacy provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. 1320d, et seq.;

(b) administrative rules adopted in connection with that act;

(c) Article II, section 10, of the Montana constitution; and

(d) the privacy provisions of Title 50, chapter 16.

(7) The procedures established by the board under this section may not impede patient access to prescription drugs for legitimate medical purposes.

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Nevada
§ 453.1545
§ 453.151

West's Nevada Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 40. Public Health and Safety (Chapters 439-461A)
Chapter 453. Controlled Substances
Uniform Controlled Substances Act
General Provisions

§ 453.1545. Board and Division required to develop computerized program to track prescriptions for controlled substances and course of training for persons who access program; Board required to provide certain practitioners Internet access to database of program; reporting of illegal activity; agreements with state agency to receive or exchange information obtained by program; confidentiality of information obtained from program; immunity from liability for practitioner who transmits certain required information and reports; gifts, grants and donations

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4. The Board or the Division shall report any activity it reasonably suspects may be fraudulent or illegal to the appropriate law enforcement agency or occupational licensing board and provide the law enforcement agency or occupational licensing board with the relevant information obtained from the program for further investigation.

5. The Board and the Division may cooperatively enter into a written agreement with an agency of any other state to provide, receive or exchange information obtained by the program with a program established in that state which is substantially similar to the program established pursuant to subsection 1, including, without limitation, providing such state access to the database of the program or transmitting information to and receiving information from such state. Any information provided, received or exchanged as part of an agreement made pursuant to this section may only be used in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

6. Information obtained from the program relating to a practitioner or a patient is confidential and, except as otherwise provided by this section and NRS 239.0115, must not be disclosed to any person. That information must be disclosed:

(a) Upon the request of a person about whom the information requested concerns or upon the request on behalf of that person by his or her attorney; or

(b) Upon the lawful order of a court of competent jurisdiction.

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West's Nevada Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 40. Public Health and Safety (Chapters 439-461A)
Chapter 453. Controlled Substances
Uniform Controlled Substances Act
General Provisions

§ 453.151. Cooperative arrangements; confidentiality of information

1. The Board and the Division shall cooperate with federal and other state agencies in discharging their responsibilities concerning traffic in controlled substances and in suppressing the abuse of controlled substances. To this end, the Board and Division may:

(a) Arrange for the exchange of information among governmental officials concerning the use and abuse of controlled substances;

(b) Coordinate and cooperate in training programs concerning controlled substance law enforcement at local and state levels;

(c) Cooperate with the Drug Enforcement Administration by establishing a centralized unit to accept, catalog, file and collect statistics, including records of drug-dependent persons and other controlled substance law offenders within the State, and make the information available for federal, state and local law enforcement purposes. The Board and the Division shall not furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject whose identity could not be obtained pursuant to NRS 453.157; and

(d) Conduct programs of eradication aimed at destroying the wild growth or illicit propagation of plant species from which controlled substances may be extracted.

2. Results, information and evidence received from the Drug Enforcement Administration relating to the regulatory functions of the provisions of NRS 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive, including results of inspections conducted by it, may be relied and acted upon by the Board in the exercise of its regulatory functions pursuant to NRS 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive.

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New Hampshire
§ 318-B:35

Revised Statutes Annotated of the State of New Hampshire (2014)
Title XXX. Occupations and Professions (Ch. 309 to 332-J)
Chapter 318-B. Controlled Drug Act

§ 318-B:35 Providing Controlled Drug Prescription Health and Safety Information.

I. The program may provide information in the prescription health and safety program upon request only to the following persons:

(a) By electronic or written request to prescriber and dispensers within the state who are registered with the program:

(1) For the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care to a specific patient; or

(2) For reviewing information regarding prescriptions issued or dispensed by the requester.

(b) By written request, to:

(1) A patient who requests his or her own prescription monitoring information.

(2) The board of dentistry, the board of medicine, the board of nursing, the board of registration in optometry, the board of podiatry, the board of veterinary medicine, and the pharmacy board; provided, however, that the request is pursuant to the boards' official duties and responsibilities and the disclosures to each board relate only to its licensees and only with respect to those licensees whose prescribing or dispensing activities indicate possible fraudulent conduct.

(3) Authorized law enforcement officials on a case-by-case basis for the purpose of investigation and prosecution of a criminal offense when presented with a court order based on probable cause. No law enforcement agency or official shall have direct access to the program.

(4) A controlled drug prescription health and safety program from another state on a case-by-case basis, if an agreement is in place with the other state to ensure that the information is used and disseminated pursuant to the requirements of this state.

II. The program shall notify the appropriate regulatory board listed in subparagraph I(b)(2) and the prescriber or dispenser at such regular intervals as may be established by the board if there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred. The program shall provide prescription information required or necessary for an investigation.

III. The program shall review the information to identify information that appears to indicate whether a person may be obtaining prescriptions in a manner that may represent misuse or abuse of schedule II-IV controlled substances. When such information is identified, the program shall notify the practitioner who prescribed the prescription.

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New Jersey Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 45. Professions and Occupations
Subtitle 1. Professions and Occupations Regulated by State Boards of Registration and Examination
Chapter 1. General Provisions
Article 3. Record Background Checks for Health Care Professionals

§ 45:1-46. Access to prescription information

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c. The division shall review the prescription monitoring information provided by a pharmacy permit holder pursuant to sections 25 through 30 of P.L.2007, c. 244 (C.45:1-45 through C.45:1-50). If the division determines that a violation of law or regulations, or a breach of the applicable standards of practice, may have occurred, the division shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency or professional licensing board, and provide the prescription monitoring information required for an investigation.

d. The division may provide prescription monitoring information to the following persons:

(1) a practitioner authorized to prescribe, dispense or administer controlled dangerous substances who certifies that the request is for the purpose of providing health care to a current patient of the practitioner. Nothing in sections 25 through 30 of P.L.2007, c. 244 (C.45:1-45 through C.45:1-50) shall be construed to require or obligate a practitioner to access or check the prescription monitoring information prior to prescribing, dispensing or administering medications beyond that which may be required as part of the practitioner's professional practice;

(2) a pharmacist authorized to dispense controlled dangerous substances who certifies that the request is for the purpose of providing health care to a current patient. Nothing in sections 25 through 30 of P.L.2007, c. 244 (C.45:1-45 through C.45:1-50) shall be construed to require or obligate a pharmacist to access or check the prescription monitoring information prior to dispensing medications beyond that which may be required as part of the pharmacist's professional practice;

(3) a designated representative of the State Board of Medical Examiners, New Jersey State Board of Dentistry, New Jersey Board of Nursing, New Jersey State Board of Optometrists, New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy, State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, or any other board in this State or another state that regulates the practice of persons who are authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled dangerous substances, as applicable, who certifies that he is engaged in a

bona fide specific investigation of a designated practitioner whose professional practice was or is regulated by that board;

(4) a State, federal or municipal law enforcement officer who is acting pursuant to a court order and certifies that the officer is engaged in a bona fide specific investigation of a designated practitioner or patient;

(5) a designated representative of a state Medicaid or other program who certifies that he is engaged in a bona fide investigation of a designated practitioner or patient;

(6) a properly convened grand jury pursuant to a subpoena properly issued for the records;

(7) authorized personnel of the division or vendor or contractor responsible for establishing and maintaining the program; and

(8) the controlled dangerous substance monitoring program in another state with which the division has established an interoperability agreement.

e. A person listed in subsection d. of this section, as a condition of obtaining prescription monitoring information pursuant thereto, shall certify, by means of entering an on-line statement in a form and manner prescribed by regulation of the director, the reasons for seeking to obtain that information.

f. The division shall offer an on-line tutorial for those persons listed in subsection d. of this section, which shall, at a minimum, include: how to access prescription monitoring information; the rights and responsibilities of persons who are the subject of or access this information and the other provisions of sections 25 through 30 of P.L.2007, c. 244 (C.45:1-45 through C.45:1-50) and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto, regarding the permitted uses of that information and penalties for violations thereof; and a summary of the requirements of the federal health privacy rule set forth at 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164 and a hypertext link to the federal Department of Health and Human Services website for further information about the specific provisions of the privacy rule.

g. The director may provide nonidentifying prescription drug monitoring information to public or private entities for statistical, research or educational purposes.

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New Mexico
ADC 16.19.29

Code of New Mexico Rules (2014)
Title 16. Occupational and Professional Licensing
Chapter 19. Pharmacists
Part 29. Controlled Substance Prescription Monitoring Program

16.19.29. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE PRESCRIPTION MONITORING PROGRAM

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16.19.29.9 ACCESS TO PRESCRIPTION INFORMATION: Practitioners registered with the program may designate one delegate per practice site to register with the program for the purpose of requesting and receiving reports for the practitioner.

A. Prescription information submitted to the board shall be confidential and not subject to public or open records laws, except as provided in Subsections C, D and E of 16.19.29.9 NMAC.

B. The board shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained is not disclosed to persons except as in Subsection C, D, and E of this 16.19.29.9 NMAC.

C. After receiving a complaint, the board inspectors shall review the relevant prescription information. If there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred, the board shall notify the appropriate law enforcement or professional licensing, certification or regulatory agency or entity, and provide prescription information required for an investigation.

D. The board will establish written protocols for reviewing the prescription data reported. These protocols will be reviewed and approved by the board as needed but at least once every calendar year. These protocols will de-fine information to be screened, frequency and thresholds for screening and the parameters for using the data. Data will be used to notify providers, patients and pharmacies to educate, provide for patient management and treatment options.

E. The board shall be authorized to provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following persons:

(1) persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients;

(2) an individual who request's their own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established under 61-11-2.D NMSA, 1978 and Subsection G of 16.19.6.23 NMAC;

(3) New Mexico medical board, New Mexico board of nursing, New Mexico board of veterinary medicine, New Mexico board of dental health care, board of examiners in optometry, osteopathic examiners board, acupuncture & oriental medicine board, and podiatry board for their licensees;

(4) professional licensing authorities of other states if their licensees practice in the state or prescriptions provided by their licensees are dispensed in the state;

(5) local, state and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in an ongoing investigation of an individual in the enforcement of the laws governing licit drugs;

(6) human services department regarding medicaid program recipients;

(7) metropolitan, district, state or federal court(s) under grand jury subpoena or criminal court order;

(8) personnel of the board for purposes of administration and enforcement of this regulation, or 16.19.20 NMAC or;

(9) the controlled substance monitoring program of another state or group of states with whom the state has established an interoperability agreement;

(10) a parent to have access to the prescription records about his or her minor child, as his or her minor child's personal representative when such access is not inconsistent with state or other laws;

(11) the board shall use de-identified data obtained from the prescription drug monitoring database to identify and report to state and local public health authorities the geographic areas of the state where anomalous prescribing dispensing or use of controlled substances is occurring.

(12) the board shall share prescription drug monitoring database data with the department of health for the purpose of tracking inappropriate prescribing and misuse of controlled substances, including drug over-dose.

F. The board shall provide data to public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes after removing information that could be used to identify individual patients and persons who have received prescriptions from dispensers.

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New York
Public Health § 3371
10 ADC 80.107

McKinney's Consolidated Laws of New York Annotated (2014)
Public Health Law
Chapter 45. Of the Consolidated Laws
Article 33. Controlled Substances
Title VI. Records and Reports

§ 3371. Confidentiality of certain records, reports, and information

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3. Where it has reason to believe that a crime related to the diversion of controlled substances has been committed, the department may notify appropriate law enforcement agencies and provide relevant information about the suspected criminal activity, including controlled substances prescribed or dispensed, as reasonably appears to be necessary. The department shall keep a record of the information provided, including, but not limited to: the specific information provided and the agency to which such information was provided, including the name and title of the person to whom such information was provided and an attestation from such person that he or she has authority to receive such information.

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Compilation of Codes, Rules and Regulations of the State of New York (2014)
Title 10. Department of Health
Chapter II. Administrative Rules and Regulations
Subchapter K. Controlled Substances
Part 80. Rules and Regulations on Controlled Substances
Reports and Records.

Section 80.107. Confidentiality

No person who has knowledge by virtue of his office of the identity of a particular patient or research subject, a manufacturing process, a trade secret or a formula shall disclose such knowledge, or any report or record thereof, except:

(a) to another person who by virtue of his office as an employee of the department is entitled to obtain such information;

(b) pursuant to judicial subpoena or court order in a criminal investigation or proceedings;

(c) to an agency, department of government, or official board authorized to regulate, license or otherwise supervise a person who is authorized by article 33 of the Public Health Law to deal in controlled substances, or in the course of any investigation or proceeding by or before such agency, department or board;

(d) to the prescription monitoring program registry and to authorized users of such registry as set forth in Public Health Law section 3371(2);

(e) to a practitioner to inform him or her that a person under his or her treatment with a controlled substance also may be under treatment with a controlled substance by another practitioner for the purposes of Public Health Law section 3371(2), and to facilitate the department's review of individual challenges to the accuracy of controlled substance histories pursuant to Public Health Law section 3343-a(6);

(f) to a pharmacist to provide information regarding prescriptions for controlled substances presented to the pharmacist for the purposes of Public Health Law section 3371(2) and to facilitate the department's review of individual challenges to the accuracy of controlled substance histories pursuant to Public Health Law section 3343-a(6);

(g) to the deputy attorney general for Medicaid fraud control, or his or her designee, in furtherance of an investigation of fraud, waste or abuse of the Medicaid program, pursuant to an agreement with the department;

(h) to a local health department for the purpose of conducting public health research or education:

(1) pursuant to an agreement with the commissioner;

(2) when the release of such information is deemed appropriate by the commissioner;

(3) for use in accordance with measures required by the commissioner to ensure that the security and confidentiality of the data is protected; and

(4) provided that disclosure is restricted to individuals within the local health department who are engaged in the research or education;

(i) to a medical examiner or coroner who is an officer of or employed by a state or local government, pursuant to his or her official duties;

(j) to an individual for the purpose of providing such individual with his or her own controlled substance history or, in appropriate circumstances, in the case of a patient who lacks capacity to make health care decisions, a person who has legal authority to make such decisions for the patient and who would have legal access to the patient's health care records, if requested from the

department pursuant to Public Health Law section 3343-a(6) or from a treating practitioner pursuant to Public Health Law section 3371(2)(a)(iv); and

(k) to appropriate law enforcement agencies, as reasonably appears to be necessary, for the purposes of providing relevant information about suspected criminal activity, including controlled substances prescribed or dispensed, where the department has reason to believe that a crime related to the diversion of controlled substances has been committed.

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North Carolina
§ 90-113.74

West's North Carolina General Statutes Annotated (2014)
Chapter 90. Medicine and Allied Occupations
Article 5E. North Carolina Controlled Substances Reporting System Act

§ 90-113.74. Confidentiality

. . .

(c) The Department shall release data in the controlled substances reporting system to the following persons only:

(1) Persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients. A person authorized to receive data pursuant to this paragraph may delegate the authority to receive the data to other persons working under his or her direction and supervision, provided the Department approves the delegation.

(2) An individual who requests the individual's own controlled substances reporting system information.

(3) Special agents of the North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation who are assigned to the Diversion & Environmental Crimes Unit and whose primary duties involve the investigation of diversion and illegal use of prescription medication. SBI agents assigned to the Diversion & Environmental Crimes Unit may then provide this information to other SBI agents who are engaged in a bona fide specific investigation related to enforcement of laws governing licit drugs. The SBI shall notify the Office of the Attorney General of North Carolina of each request for inspection of records maintained by the Department.

(4) Primary monitoring authorities for other states pursuant to a specific ongoing investigation involving a designated person, if information concerns the dispensing of a Schedule II through V controlled substance to an ultimate user who resides in the other state or the dispensing of a Schedule II through V controlled substance prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner whose principal place of business is located in the other state.

(5) To a sheriff or designated deputy sheriff or a police chief or a designated police investigator who is assigned to investigate the diversion and illegal use of prescription medication or pharmaceutical products identified in Article 5 of this Chapter of the General Statutes as Schedule II through V controlled substances and who is engaged in a bona fide specific investigation related to the enforcement of laws governing licit drugs pursuant to a lawful court order specifically issued for that purpose.

(6) The Division of Medical Assistance for purposes of administering the State Medical Assistance Plan.

(7) Licensing boards with jurisdiction over health care disciplines pursuant to an ongoing investigation by the licensing board of a specific individual licensed by the board.

(8) Any county medical examiner appointed by the Chief Medical Examiner pursuant to G.S. 130A-382 and the Chief Medical Examiner, for the purpose of investigating the death of an individual.

(d) The Department may provide data to public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes only after removing information that could be used to identify individual patients who received prescription medications from dispensers.

(e) In the event that the Department finds patterns of prescribing medications that are unusual, the Department shall inform the Attorney General's Office of its findings. The Office of the Attorney General shall review the Department's findings to determine if the findings should be reported to the SBI and the appropriate sheriff for investigation of possible violations of State or federal law relating to controlled substances.

(f) The Department shall purge from the controlled substances reporting system database all information more than six years old.

(g) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit a person authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes from disclosing or disseminating data regarding a particular patient obtained under subsection (c) of this section to another person (i) authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes and (ii) authorized to receive the same data from the Department under subsection (c) of this section.

(h) Nothing in this Article shall prevent persons licensed or approved to practice medicine or perform medical acts, tasks, and functions pursuant to Article 1 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes from retaining data received pursuant to subsection (c) of this section in a patient's confidential health care record.

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North Dakota
§ 19-03.5-03

West's North Dakota Century Code Annotated (2014)
Title 19. Foods, Drugs, Oils, and Compounds
Chapter 19-03.5. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

§ 19-03.5-03. Access to prescription information

. . .

3. Unless disclosure is prohibited by law, the board may provide data in the central repository to:

a. A prescriber for the purpose of providing medical care to a patient, a dispenser for the purpose of filling a prescription or providing pharmaceutical care for a patient, a prescriber or dispenser inquiring about the prescriber's or dispenser's own prescribing activity, or a prescriber or dispenser in order to further the purposes of the program;

b. An individual who requests the prescription information of the individual or the individual's minor child;

c. State boards and regulatory agencies that are responsible for the licensing of individuals authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances if the board or regulatory agency is seeking information from the central repository that is relevant to an investigation of an individual who holds a license issued by that board or regulatory agency;

d. Local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the enforcement of laws relating to controlled substances who seek information for the purpose of an investigation or prosecution of the drug-related activity or probation compliance of an individual;

e. The department of human services for purposes regarding the utilization of controlled substances by a medicaid recipient or establishment and enforcement of child support and medical support;

f. Workforce safety and insurance for purposes regarding the utilization of controlled substances by a claimant;

g. Judicial authorities under grand jury subpoena or court order or equivalent judicial process for investigation of criminal violations of controlled substances laws;

h. Public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes after the information is de-identified with respect to any prescriber, dispenser, or patient who received a prescription for a controlled substance;

i. A peer review committee which means any committee of a health care organization, composed of health care providers, employees, administrators, consultants, agents, or members of the health care organization's governing body, which conducts professional peer review as defined in chapter 23-34; or

j. A licensed addiction counselor for the purpose of providing services for a licensed treatment program in this state.

4. The board shall maintain a record of each person who requests information from the central repository. The board may use the records to document and report statistics and outcomes. The board may provide records of the requests for information to:

a. A board or regulatory agency responsible for the licensing of individuals authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances that is engaged in an investigation of the individual who submitted the request for information from the central repository; and

b. Local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the enforcement of laws relating to controlled substances for the purpose of an active investigation of an individual who requested information from the central repository.

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Ohio
§ 4729.80
ADC 4729-37-08

Baldwin's Ohio Revised Code Annotated (2014)
Title XLVII. Occupations--Professions
Chapter 4729. Pharmacists; Dangerous Drugs
Miscellaneous Provisions

§ 4729.80 Disclosure of database information; disclosure of requests for database information

(A) If the state board of pharmacy establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section 4729.75 of the Revised Code, the board is authorized or required to provide information from the database in accordance with the following:

(1) On receipt of a request from a designated representative of a government entity responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of health care professionals with authority to prescribe, administer, or dispense drugs, the board may provide to the representative information from the database relating to the professional who is the subject of an active investigation being conducted by the government entity.

(2) On receipt of a request from a federal officer, or a state or local officer of this or any other state, whose duties include enforcing laws relating to drugs, the board shall provide to the officer information from the database relating to the person who is the subject of an active investigation of a drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code, being conducted by the officer's employing government entity.

(3) Pursuant to a subpoena issued by a grand jury, the board shall provide to the grand jury information from the database relating to the person who is the subject of an investigation being conducted by the grand jury.

(4) Pursuant to a subpoena, search warrant, or court order in connection with the investigation or prosecution of a possible or alleged criminal offense, the board shall provide information from the database as necessary to comply with the subpoena, search warrant, or court order.

(5) On receipt of a request from a prescriber or the prescriber's delegate approved by the board, the board may provide to the prescriber information from the database relating to a patient who is either of the following, if the prescriber certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of providing medical treatment to the patient who is the subject of the request:

(a) A current patient of the prescriber;

(b) A potential patient of the prescriber based on a referral of the patient to the prescriber.

(6) On receipt of a request from a pharmacist or the pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board may provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request.

(7) On receipt of a request from an individual seeking the individual's own database information in accordance with the procedure established in rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code, the board may provide to the individual the individual's own database information.

(8) On receipt of a request from the medical director of a managed care organization that has entered into a data security agreement with the board required by section 5167.14 of the Revised Code, the board shall provide to the medical director information from the database relating to a medicaid recipient enrolled in the managed care organization, including information in the database related to prescriptions for the recipient that were not covered or reimbursed under a program administered by the department of medicaid.

(9) On receipt of a request from the medicaid director, the board shall provide to the director information from the database relating to a recipient of a program administered by the department of medicaid, including information in the database related to prescriptions for the recipient that were not covered or paid by a program administered by the department.

(10) On receipt of a request from the administrator of workers' compensation, the board may provide to the administrator information from the database relating to a claimant under Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code.

(11) On receipt of a request from a requestor described in division (A)(1), (2), (5), or (6) of this section who is from or participating with another state's prescription monitoring program, the board may provide to the requestor information from the database, but only if there is a written agreement under which the information is to be used and disseminated according to the laws of this state.

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Baldwin's Ohio Administrative Code (2014)
4729 Pharmacy Board
Chapter 4729-37. Dangerous Drug Database

4729-37-08 Procedures for obtaining drug database information

Persons that are permitted pursuant to divisions (A)(1) to (A)(5) of section 4729.79 of the Revised Code to obtain information from the drug database must comply with the following procedures:

(A) A designated representative of a government entity, a prescriber, or a pharmacist must:

(1) Complete a request form giving such information as required by the board of pharmacy;

(2) Submit the completed form to the board of pharmacy in person, by mail, or by other board approved means.

(B) A federal, state, or local officer must:

(1) Complete a request form giving such information as required by the board of pharmacy that will include an active case number assigned by the investigating agency or department and an approval by a supervisor of that agency or department;

(2) Submit the completed form to the board of pharmacy in person, by mail, or by other board approved means.

(C) An individual seeking the individual's own database information must:
(1) Complete a notarized request form giving such information as required by the board of pharmacy;

(2) Submit the completed form in person or by mail;

(3) Receive the information in person at the board of pharmacy office during normal business hours and show proof of identity with a current government issued form of identification that contains a picture such as a current state issued identification card, a current state issued drivers license, or a valid passport;

(4) Pay the cost of printing the document as determined by the board of pharmacy's current per page rate.

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Oklahoma
63 § 2-309D

Oklahoma Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 63. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 2. Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act
Article III. Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution, Dispensing, Prescribing, Administering and Using for Scientific Purposes of Controlled Dangerous Substances
Anti-Drug Diversion Act

§ 2-309D. Central repository information--Confidentiality--Access-- Disclosure--Penalties--Liability

<Text of section as amended by Laws 2013, c. 181, § 5. See also, text of section as amended by Laws 2013, c. 162, § 1.>

A. The information collected at the central repository pursuant to the Anti-Drug Diversion Act shall be confidential and shall not be open to the public. Access to the information shall be limited to:

1. Peace officers certified pursuant to Section 3311 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes who are employed as investigative agents of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

2. The United States Drug Enforcement Administration Diversion Group Supervisor;

3. The executive director or chief investigator, as designated by each board, of the following state boards:

a. Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners,

b. Board of Dentistry,

c. State Board of Pharmacy,

d. State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision,

e. State Board of Osteopathic Examiners,

f. State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, and

g. Oklahoma Health Care Authority;

provided, however, that the executive director or chief investigator of each of these boards shall be limited to access to information relevant to licensees of the employing board of such executive director or chief investigator; and

4. A multicounty grand jury properly convened pursuant to the Multicounty Grand Jury Act.

. . .

Oklahoma Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 63. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 2. Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act
Article III. Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution, Dispensing, Prescribing, Administering and Using for Scientific Purposes of Controlled Dangerous Substances
Anti-Drug Diversion Act

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A. The information collected at the central repository pursuant to the Anti-Drug Diversion Act shall be confidential and shall not be open to the public. Access to the information shall be limited to:

1. Peace officers certified pursuant to Section 3311 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes who are employed as investigative agents of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

2. The United States Drug Enforcement Administration Diversion Group Supervisor;

3. The executive director or chief investigator, as designated by each board, of the following state boards:

a. Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners,

b. Board of Dentistry,

c. State Board of Pharmacy,

d. State Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision,

e. State Board of Osteopathic Examiners,

f. State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners,

g. Oklahoma Health Care Authority,

h. Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, and

i. State Board of Health;

provided, however, that the executive director or chief investigator of each of these boards shall be limited to access to information relevant to licensees of the employing board of such executive director or chief investigator;

4. A multicounty grand jury properly convened pursuant to the Multicounty Grand Jury Act; and

5. The Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services and the State Department of Health for statistical, research, substance abuse prevention or educational purposes provided that the consumer's confidentiality is not compromised.

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Oregon
§ 431.966
ADC 410-121-4020

West's Oregon Revised Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title 36. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 431. State and Local Administration and Enforcement of Health Laws
Prescription Monitoring Program
(Program)

§ 431.966. Prescription monitoring information disclosure; limitations

<Text subject to final change by the Oregon Office of the Legislative Counsel.>

. . .

(2)(a) To the extent that the law or regulation is applicable to the prescription monitoring program, if a disclosure of prescription monitoring information, other than the sex of a patient for whom a drug was prescribed, complies with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (P.L. 104-191) and regulations adopted under it, including 45 C.F.R. parts 160 and 164, federal alcohol and drug treatment confidentiality laws and regulations adopted under those laws, including 42 C.F.R. part 2, and state health and mental health confidentiality laws, including ORS 179.505, 192.517 and 192.553 to 192.581, the Oregon Health Authority shall disclose the information:

(A) To a practitioner or pharmacist, or, if a practitioner or pharmacist authorizes the authority to disclose the information to a member of the practitioner's or pharmacist's staff, to a member of the practitioner's or pharmacist's staff. If a practitioner or pharmacist authorizes disclosing the information to a member of the practitioner's or pharmacist's staff under this subparagraph, the practitioner or pharmacist remains responsible for the use or misuse of the information by the staff member. To receive information under this subparagraph, or to authorize the receipt of information by a staff member under this subparagraph, a practitioner or pharmacist must certify that the requested information is for the purpose of evaluating the need for or providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment for a patient to whom the practitioner or pharmacist anticipates providing, is providing or has provided care.

(B) To a practitioner in a form that catalogs all prescription drugs prescribed by the practitioner according to the number assigned to the practitioner by the Drug Enforcement Administration of the United States Department of Justice.

(C) To designated representatives of the authority or any vendor or contractor with whom the authority has contracted to establish or maintain the electronic system of the prescription monitoring program.

(D) Pursuant to a valid court order based on probable cause and issued at the request of a federal, state or local law enforcement agency engaged in an authorized drug-related investigation involving a person to whom the requested information pertains.

(E) To a health professional regulatory board that certifies in writing that the requested information is necessary for an investigation related to licensure, renewal or disciplinary action involving the applicant, licensee or registrant to whom the requested information pertains.

(F) To a prescription monitoring program of another state if the confidentiality, security and privacy standards of the requesting state are determined by the authority to be equivalent to those of the authority.

(G) To the State Medical Examiner or designee of the State Medical Examiner, for the purpose of conducting a medicolegal investigation or autopsy.

(b) The authority may disclose information from the prescription monitoring program that does not identify a patient, practitioner or drug outlet:

(A) For educational, research or public health purposes;

(B) To a local public health authority, as defined in ORS 431.260; or

(C) To officials of the authority who are conducting special epidemiologic morbidity and mortality studies in accordance with ORS 432.060 and rules adopted under ORS 431.110.

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Oregon Administrative Rules Compilation (2014)
Chapter 410. Oregon Health Authority, Division of Medical Assistance Programs
Division 121. Pharmaceutical Services
Non-medicaid Rules Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

410-121-4020. Information Access.

. . .

(35) Law Enforcement Access. A federal, state, or local law enforcement agency engaged in an authorized drug-related investigation of an individual may request from the Authority controlled substance information pertaining to the individual to whom the information pertains. The request shall be pursuant to a valid court order based on probable cause.

(36) A law enforcement agency shall submit to the Authority a request that contains the following:

(a) A form provided by the Authority specifying the information requested; and

(b) A copy of the court order documents.

(37) The Authority shall review the law enforcement request.

(a) If the form is complete and the court order is valid, the Authority shall query the system for the requested information and securely provide a report to the law enforcement agency.

(b) If the request or court order is not valid, the Authority shall respond to the law enforcement agency providing an explanation for the denial.

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Pennsylvania
18 § 9102
35 § 780-137

Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes and Consolidated Statutes (2014)
Title 18 Pa.C.S.A. Crimes and Offenses
Part III. Miscellaneous Provisions
Chapter 91. Criminal History Record Information
Subchapter A. General Provisions

§ 9102. Definitions

The following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

. . .

"Criminal history record information." Information collected by criminal justice agencies concerning individuals, and arising from the initiation of a criminal proceeding, consisting of identifiable descriptions, dates and notations of arrests, indictments, informations or other formal criminal charges and any dispositions arising therefrom. The term does not include intelligence information, investigative information or treatment information, including medical and psychological information, or information and records specified in section 9104 (relating to scope).

"Criminal justice agency." Any court, including the minor judiciary, with criminal jurisdiction or any other governmental agency, or subunit thereof, created by statute or by the State or Federal constitutions, specifically authorized to perform as its principal function the administration of criminal justice, and which allocates a substantial portion of its annual budget to such function. Criminal justice agencies include, but are not limited to: organized State and municipal police departments, local detention facilities, county, regional and State correctional facilities, probation agencies, district or prosecuting attorneys, parole boards, pardon boards, the facilities and administrative offices of the Department of Public Welfare that provide care, guidance and control to adjudicated delinquents, and such agencies or subunits thereof, as are declared by the Attorney General to be criminal justice agencies as determined by a review of applicable statutes and the State and Federal Constitutions or both.

. . .

Purdon's Pennsylvania Statutes and Consolidated Statutes (2014)
Title 35 P.S. Health and Safety
Chapter 6. The Controlled Substance, Drug, Device and Cosmetic Act

§ 780-137. Cooperative agreements and confidentiality

(a) The secretary shall cooperate with Federal and other State agencies in discharging his responsibilities concerning traffic in controlled substances, other drugs, devices and cosmetics and in suppressing the abuse of such substances and articles. To this end, he may:

(1) Arrange for the exchange of information among governmental officials concerning the use and abuse of such substances and articles;

(2) Coordinate and cooperate in training programs concerning law enforcement at local and State levels;

(3) Request the Federal Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs to establish a centralized unit to collect, accept, catalogue and file nonconfidential statistics and make the information available for Federal, State and local law enforcement purposes; and

(4) Conduct programs of eradication aimed at destroying wild or illicit growth of plant species from which drugs may be extracted.

(b) Results, information, and evidence received from the bureau relating to the regulatory functions of this act, including results of inspections conducted by it may be relied and acted upon by the secretary in the exercise of his regulatory functions under this act.

(c) A practitioner engaged in medical practice or clinical research is not required nor may he be compelled to furnish the name or identity of a patient or research subject to the secretary, nor may he be compelled in any State or local civil, criminal, administrative, legislative or other proceedings to furnish the name or identity of such an individual.

(d) This section shall not exempt the practitioner from regulations of the secretary pertaining to the prescription of controlled substances to a patient over an extended period or in an increasingly large dosage.

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Rhode Island
§ 21-28-3.32
ADC 31-2-1:3.0

West's General Laws of Rhode Island Annotated (2013)
Title 21. Food and Drugs
Chapter 28. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Article III. Regulation of Manufacturing, Distributing, Prescribing, Administering, and Dispensing Controlled Substances

§ 21-28-3.32. Electronic prescription database.

(a) The information contained in any prescription drug monitoring database maintained by the department of health pursuant to section 3.18 of this chapter shall be disclosed only:

(1) To a practitioner who certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of evaluating the need for or providing medical treatment for a current patient to whom the practitioner is prescribing or considering prescribing a controlled substance;

(2) To a pharmacist who certifies that the requested information is for a current client to whom the pharmacist is dispensing or considering dispensing a controlled substance;

(3) Pursuant to a valid search warrant based on probable cause to believe a violation of federal or state criminal law has occurred and that specified information contained in the database would assist in the investigation of the crime;

(4) To a patient who requests his or her own prescription information, or the parent or legal guardian of a minor child who requests the minor child's prescription information;

(5) To a health professional regulatory board that documents, in writing, that the requested information is necessary for an investigation related to licensure, renewal or disciplinary action involving the applicant, licensee or registrant to whom the requested information pertains;

(6) To any vendor or contractor with whom the department has contracted to establish or maintain the electronic system of the prescription drug monitoring database; or

(7) To public or private entities for statistical, research or educational purposes, after removing the patient and prescriber information that could be used to identify individual patients. This shall not include entities receiving a waiver from the institutional review board;

. . .

West's Rhode Island Administrative Code (2014)
Title 31. Health Department
Division 2. Drug Control
Rule 1. Rules and Regulations Governing Electronic Data Transfer of Controlled Substances in Schedules II and III

31-2-1:3.0. Data Collection

3.1 The electronic system shall provide for the method of data collection; transmission from all dispensers to the Department; maintenance and use of data; and shall be as set forth in the latest edition of the ASAP Telecommunications Format for Controlled Substances of reference 1 herein.

3.2 Required data shall be transmitted by direct computer link, double sided/high density micro floppy disk, or microcassette. All computerized pharmacies shall submit the required data no later than 1 July 1997.

3.3 The Department shall:

3.3.1 be authorized to provide data in the electronic prescription system to other regulatory, investigative or law enforcement agencies for disciplinary, civil, or criminal purposes, and for the purposes of educating practitioners in lieu of disciplinary, civil or criminal action.

3.3.2 be authorized to provide data to appropriate public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes provided that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information is not compromised.

3.3.3 in using the information for investigative or prosecutorial purposes, consider the nature of the prescriber's or dispenser's practice and the condition(s) for which the patient is being treated.

3.3.4 ensure the privacy and confidentiality of patients and shall ensure that patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and stored in the prescription system is maintained in accordance with applicable state and federal laws, rules and regulations.

3.3.5 ensure that the EDT program does not infringe on the legal use of any schedule II or III controlled substance.

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Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976 Annotated (2014)
Title 44. Health
Chapter 53. Poisons, Drugs and Other Controlled Substances
Article 15. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 44-53-1650. Confidentiality; persons to whom data may be released.

(A) Prescription information submitted to drug control is confidential and not subject to public disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act or any other provision of law, except as provided in subsections (C) and (D).

(B) Drug control shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained is not disclosed, except as provided for in subsections (C) and (D).

(C) If there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of law or breach of professional standards may have occurred, drug control shall notify the appropriate law enforcement or professional licensure, certification, or regulatory agency or entity and shall provide prescription information required for an investigation.

(D) Drug control may provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following persons:

(1) a practitioner or pharmacist who requests information and certifies that the requested information is for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical treatment to a bona fide patient;

(2) an individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information in accordance with procedures established pursuant to state law;

(3) a designated representative of the South Carolina Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline of practitioners, pharmacists, or other persons authorized to prescribe, administer, or dispense controlled substances and who is involved in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

(4) a local, state, or federal law enforcement or prosecutorial official engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of the laws governing licit drugs and who is involved in a bona fide specific drug related investigation involving a designated person;

(5) the South Carolina Department of Health and Human Services regarding Medicaid program recipients;

(6) a properly convened grand jury pursuant to a subpoena properly issued for the records;

(7) personnel of drug control for purposes of administration and enforcement of this article;

(8) qualified personnel for the purpose of bona fide research or education; however, data elements that would reasonably identify a specific recipient, prescriber or dispenser must be deleted or redacted from such information prior to disclosure. Further, release of the information only may be made pursuant to a written agreement between qualified personnel and the department in order to ensure compliance with this Subsection.

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South Dakota
§ 34-20E-7
ADC 20:51:32:08
ADC 20:51:32:09

South Dakota Codified Laws (2014)
Title 34. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 34-20E. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

§ 34-20E-7. Disclosure of data in central repository to certain persons and entities

Unless disclosure is prohibited by law, the board may provide data in the central repository to:

(1) Any prescriber for the purpose of providing medical care to a patient, a dispenser for the purpose of filling a prescription or providing pharmaceutical care for a patient, a prescriber or dispenser inquiring about the prescriber's or dispenser's own prescribing activity, or a prescriber or dispenser in order to further the purposes of the program;

(2) Any individual who requests the prescription information of the individual or the individual's minor child;

(3) Any state board or regulatory agency that is responsible for the licensing of individuals authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances if the board or regulatory agency is seeking information from the central repository that is relevant to an investigation of an individual who holds a license issued by that board or regulatory agency;

(4) Any local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials engaged in the enforcement of laws relating to controlled substances who seek information for the purpose of an investigation or prosecution of the drug-related activity or probation compliance of an individual;

(5) The Department of Social Services for purposes regarding the utilization of controlled substances by a medicaid recipient;

(6) Any insurer for purposes regarding the utilization of controlled substances by a claimant;

(7) Any judicial authority under grand jury subpoena or court order or equivalent judicial process for investigation of criminal violations of controlled substances laws;

(8) Any public or private entity for statistical, research, or educational purposes after the information is de-identified with respect to any prescriber, dispenser, or patient who received a prescription for a controlled substance; or

(9) Any peer review committee, which means any committee of a health care organization, composed of health care providers, employees, administrators, consultants, agents, or members of the health care organization's governing body, which conducts professional peer review.

Administrative Rules of South Dakota (2014)
Department of Health (Articles 20:45 to 20:52)
Article 20:51 Pharmacists
Chapter 20:51:32 Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

20:51:32:08. Disclosure of data -- Law enforcement.

A local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial official engaged in the enforcement of laws related to controlled substances may request information for the purpose of an investigation or prosecution of the drug-related activity or probation compliance of an individual. The board shall verify the status of the law enforcement or prosecutorial official with the appropriate authority.

The request shall include the purpose of the request, the individual's name and date of birth, the date range requested, and the specific reasons for the request.

Administrative Rules of South Dakota (2014)
Department of Health (Articles 20:45 to 20:52)
Article 20:51 Pharmacists
Chapter 20:51:32 Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

20:51:32:09. Disclosure of data -- Court orders.

The board shall provide program information in response to court orders and warrants. The board shall provide program information in response to court issued subpoenas.

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Tennessee
§ 53-10-306 (eff. until July 1, 2016)
§ 53-10-306 (eff. July 1, 2016)
§ 53-11-309 (eff. until July 1, 2016)
§ 53-11-309 (eff. July 1, 2016)
ADC 1140-11-.02

West's Tennessee Code Annotated (2014)
Title 53. Food, Drugs and Cosmetics
Chapter 10. Legend Drugs
Part 3. Tennessee Prescription Safety Act of 2012

§ 53-10-306. Confidentiality; disclosure; penalties

<Text of section effective until July 1, 2016>

(a) Information sent to, contained in, and reported from the database in any format is confidential and not subject to title 10, chapter 7, regarding public records, and not subject to subpoena from any court and shall be made available only as provided for in § 53-10-308 and to the following persons in accordance with the limitations stated and rules promulgated pursuant to this part, or as otherwise provided for in § 53-10-311:

(1) Personnel of the committee specifically assigned to conduct analysis or research;

(2) Authorized committee, board, or department of health personnel or any designee appointed by the committee engaged in analysis of controlled substances prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment;

(3) A prescriber conducting medication history reviews who is actively involved in the care of the patient; a prescriber or supervising physician of the prescriber conducting a review of all medications dispensed by prescription attributed to that prescriber; or a prescriber having authority to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current or bona fide prospective patient of the prescriber, to whom the prescriber has prescribed or dispensed, is prescribing or dispensing, or considering prescribing or dispensing any controlled substance. Each authorized individual referenced under this subdivision (a)(3) shall have a separate identifiable authentication for access;

(4) A dispenser or pharmacist not authorized to dispense controlled substances conducting drug utilization or medication history reviews who is actively involved in the care of the patient; or a dispenser having authority to dispense controlled substances to the extent the information relates specifically to a current or a bona fide prospective patient to whom that dispenser has dispensed, is dispensing, or considering dispensing any controlled substance. Each authorized individual

referenced under this subdivision (a)(4) shall have a separate identifiable authentication for access;

(5) A county medical examiner appointed pursuant to § 38-7-104 when acting in an official capacity as established in § 38-7-109; provided, any access to information from the database shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of this part except where information obtained from the database is appropriately included in any official report of the county medical examiners, toxicological reports or autopsy reports issued by the county medical examiner under § 38-7-110(c);

(6) Personnel of the following entities actively engaged in analysis of controlled substances prescription information as a part of their assigned duties and responsibilities related directly to TennCare:

(A) The office of inspector general;

(B) The medicaid fraud control unit; and

(C) The bureau of TennCare's chief medical officer, associate chief medical directors, director of quality oversight, and associate director of pharmacy;

(7) A quality improvement committee as defined in § 68-11-272 of a hospital licensed under title 68 or title 33, as part of the committee's confidential and privileged activities under § 68-11-272(b)(4) with respect to the evaluation, supervision or discipline of a healthcare provider employed by the hospital or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries, who is known or suspected by the hospital's administrator to be prescribing controlled substances for the prescriber's personal use;

(8) Law enforcement personnel; provided, that such personnel are engaged in the official investigation and enforcement of state or federal laws involving controlled substances or violations under this part; and that any law enforcement personnel receiving information from the database pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements of this subsection (a):

(A)(i) Any law enforcement agency or judicial district drug task force that wants one (1) or more of its officers or agents to have the authorization to request information from the database shall first pre-approve each such officer. Pre-approval shall be by the applicant's supervisor, who shall be either the chief of police, county sheriff or the judicial district drug task force director. The list of pre-approved applicants shall be sent to the district attorney general in the judicial district in which the agency or task force has jurisdiction;

(ii) By December 1 of each year, each district attorney general shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from that general's judicial district for the next calendar year;

(B)(i) If the Tennessee bureau of investigation (TBI) wants one (1) or more of its agents to have the authorization to request information from the database each such agent shall first be pre-approved by the agent's immediate supervisor and division head. Approved applicants shall be sent to the board by the director;

(ii) By December 1 of each year, the TBI director shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from the bureau for the next calendar year;

(C) An application submitted by law enforcement personnel shall include, but not be limited to the:

(i) Applicant's name; title; agency; agency address; agency contact number; agency supervisor; and badge number, identification number or commission number, and the business email address of each applicant officer or agent, the appropriate district attorney general and, if a TBI agent, the TBI director and their business email addresses; and

(ii) Signatures of the applicant, the applicants approving supervisor and the district attorney general of the judicial district in which the applicant has jurisdiction or the approving division head and the TBI director;

(D) It shall be a duty of the board, as part of its duties to maintain the database pursuant to § 53-10-305(c), to receive and verify the lists of authorized applications sent to it by the district attorneys general and the director of the TBI pursuant to this subsection (a); or

(9) A healthcare practitioner extender, who is acting under the direction and supervision of a prescriber or dispenser, and only to the extent the information relates specifically to a current or bona fide prospective patient to whom the prescriber or dispenser has prescribed or dispensed, is prescribing or dispensing, or considering prescribing or dispensing any controlled substance. Each authorized individual referenced under this subdivision (a)(9) shall have a separate identifiable authentication for access.

(b) When requesting information from the database, the board shall require law enforcement personnel to provide a case number as part of the process for requesting information from the database. The case number entered shall correspond with an official investigation involving controlled substances and information requested should directly relate to the investigation.

(c) The board of pharmacy shall by rule, establish a fee for providing information to a law enforcement agency, judicial district drug task force or TBI pursuant to this section. In determining the fee and type of fee to be charged, the board shall consider options such as an annual fee or a per use, incremental cost basis fee.

(d)(1) Law enforcement personnel and judicial district drug task force agents who are authorized to request information from the database shall resubmit their identifying application information that was submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)(8)(C) to the appropriate district attorney by November 20 of each year. Such resubmitted applications shall be sent by the appropriate district attorney general to the board by December 1 of each year. If during the calendar year a name is added to the list, removed from the list or information about a person on the list changes, the appropriate district attorney shall immediately notify the board of any changes to the list submitted or in the information submitted for each officer or agent on the list application.

(2) TBI agents who are authorized to request information from the database shall resubmit their identifying application information that was submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)(8)(C) to the TBI director by November 20 of each year. Such resubmitted applications shall be sent by the TBI director to the board by December 1 of each year. If during the calendar year a name is added to the list, removed from the list or information about a person on the list changes, the TBI director shall immediately notify the board of any changes to the list submitted or in the information submitted for each officer or agent on the list application.

(e)(1) Information obtained from the database may be shared with other law enforcement personnel or prosecutorial officials, only upon the direction of the officer or agent who originally requested the information and may only be shared with law enforcement personnel from other law enforcement agencies who are directly participating in an official joint investigation.

(2) Any information obtained from the data base that is sent to a law enforcement official or a judicial district drug task force agent shall also be sent to the district attorney general of the judicial district in which such officer or agent has jurisdiction. Likewise, any database information sent to a TBI agent shall also be sent to the TBI director.

(f) To ensure the privacy and confidentiality of patient records, information obtained from the database by law enforcement personnel shall be retained by the law enforcement personnel's respective department or agency. The information obtained from the database shall not be made a public record, notwithstanding the use of the information in court for prosecution purposes. Information obtained from the database shall be maintained as evidence in accordance with each law enforcement agency's respective procedures relating to the maintenance of evidence.

(g) Any information disseminated pursuant to subdivisions (a)(1)-(7) shall be released to the individual or entity requesting the information by the database manager or by password protected internet access.

(h) Any prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender receiving patient-specific information pursuant to subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3), or (a)(4) shall not disclose the information to any person other than:

(1) The patient to whom the information relates for the purpose of adjusting the patient's treatment plans or counseling the patient to seek substance abuse treatment;

(2) Other dispensers or prescribers who are involved or have a bona fide prospective involvement in the treatment of the patient, or dispensers or prescribers identified by the information for the purpose of verifying the accuracy of the information; or

(3) Any law enforcement personnel to whom reporting of controlled substances being obtained in a manner prohibited by § 53-11-401, § 53-11-402(a)(3) or (a)(6) and required by § 53-11-309, or any agent of the prescriber who is directed by the prescriber to cause a report to law enforcement to be made in accordance with § 53-11-309(a) and (d).

(i) If a law enforcement officer, judicial district drug task force agent or TBI agent has probable cause to believe, based upon information received from a database request, that a prescriber or pharmacist may be acting or may have acted in violation of the law, the officer or agent shall consult with the board of pharmacy inspector's office if a pharmacist and the health related boards' investigations unit if a prescriber.

(j)(1) At least every six (6) months, the board shall send a list to each district attorney general containing all requests made for database information during the previous six (6) months. The list shall include the name of the requesting officer or agent, the officer or agent's agency, the date of the request, and the nature of the request, including the case number, for each officer or agent making a request in such district attorney's judicial district. Likewise, a list shall be sent to the director of the TBI for all TBI agents making requests during the previous six (6) months.

(2) Each district attorney general and the TBI director shall use the list to perform an audit to determine if the database information requests made during the preceding six (6) month period correspond to specific cases under investigation in the applicable judicial district or by the bureau and if the information requested is relevant and pertinent to an investigation.

(3) Each district attorney general and the TBI director shall verify all database information requests contained on the list received and send it back to the board within sixty (60) days of receipt. If a database information request does not correspond to an investigation in the applicable jurisdiction or if the information requested was not relevant or pertinent to the information requested, the district attorney general or director shall so note on the verified list and shall investigate the discrepancy and make a report back to the board within a reasonable period of time.

(4) The results of the audit conducted pursuant to subdivision (j)(2) shall be discoverable by a prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender charged with violating any state or federal law involving controlled substances or under a notice of charges proffered by an appropriate licensing board for a violation of any law involving controlled substances, but only the results pertaining to that prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender are discoverable. If, however, there is an active criminal investigation involving a prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender or the prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender is under investigation by any investigations or prosecution unit of the appropriate licensure board, the results of the audit conducted pursuant to subdivision (j)(2) shall not be discoverable by the prescriber, dispenser or healthcare practitioner extender during either such period.

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West's Tennessee Code Annotated (2014)
Title 53. Food, Drugs and Cosmetics
Chapter 10. Legend Drugs
Part 3. Tennessee Prescription Safety Act of 2012

§ 53-10-306. Confidentiality; disclosure; penalties

<Text of section effective July 1, 2016>

(a) Information sent to, contained in, and reported from the database in any format is confidential and not subject to title 10, chapter 7, regarding public records, and not subject to subpoena from any court and shall be made available only as provided for in § 53-10-308 and to the following persons, and in accordance with the limitations stated and rules promulgated pursuant to this part:

(1) Personnel of the committee specifically assigned to conduct analysis or research;

(2) Authorized committee, board, or department of health personnel engaged in analysis of controlled substances prescription information as a part of the assigned duties and responsibilities of their employment;

(3) A licensed health care practitioner having authority to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, to the extent the information relates specifically to a current or bona fide prospective patient of the practitioner, to whom the practitioner has prescribed or dispensed or is prescribing or dispensing or considering prescribing or dispensing any controlled substance;

(4) A licensed pharmacist having authority to dispense controlled substances to the extent the information relates specifically to a current patient to whom that pharmacist has dispensed, is dispensing or considering dispensing any controlled substance;

(5) A county medical examiner appointed pursuant to § 38-7-104 when acting in an official capacity as established in § 38-7-109; provided, any access to information from the database shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of this part except where information obtained from the database is appropriately included in any official report of the county medical examiners, toxicological reports or autopsy reports issued by the county medical examiner under § 38-7-110(c);

(6) Personnel of the following entities actively engaged in analysis of controlled substances prescription information as a part of their assigned duties and responsibilities related directly to TennCare:

(A) The office of inspector general;

(B) The medicaid fraud control unit; and

(C) The bureau of TennCare's chief medical officer, associate chief medical directors, director of quality oversight, and associate director of pharmacy; or

(7) A quality improvement committee as defined in § 68-11-272 of a hospital licensed under title 68 or title 33, as part of the committee's confidential and privileged activities under § 68-11-272(b)(4) with respect to the evaluation, supervision or discipline of a healthcare provider employed by the hospital or any of its affiliates or subsidiaries, who is known or suspected by the hospital's administrator to be prescribing controlled substances for the prescriber's personal use;

(8) Law enforcement personnel; provided, that such personnel are engaged in the official investigation and enforcement of state or federal laws involving controlled substances; and that any law enforcement personnel receiving information from the database pursuant to this section shall comply with the requirements of this subsection (a):

(A)(i) Any law enforcement agency or judicial district drug task force that wants one (1) or more of its officers or agents to have the authorization to request information from the database shall first pre-approve each such officer. Pre-approval shall be by the applicant's supervisor, who shall be either the chief of police, county sheriff or the judicial district drug task force director. The list of pre-approved applicants shall be sent to the district attorney general in the judicial district in which the agency or task force has jurisdiction.

(ii) By December 1 of each year, each district attorney general shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from that general's judicial district for the next calendar year.

(B)(i) If the Tennessee bureau of investigation (TBI) wants one (1) or more of its agents to have the authorization to request information from the database each such agent shall first be pre-approved by the agent's immediate supervisor and division head. Approved applicants shall be sent to the board by the director.

(ii) By December 1 of each year, the TBI director shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from the bureau for the next calendar year.

(C) An application submitted by a law enforcement agency, a judicial drug task force or the TBI shall include, but not be limited to the:

(i) Applicant's name; title; agency; agency address; agency contact number; agency supervisor; and badge number, identification number or commission number, and the business email address of each applicant officer or agent, the appropriate district attorney general and, if a TBI agent, the TBI director and their business email addresses; and

(ii) Signatures of the applicant, the applicants approving supervisor and the district attorney general of the judicial district in which the applicant has jurisdiction or the approving division head and the TBI director.

(D) It shall be a duty of the board, as part of its duties to maintain the database pursuant to § 53-10-305(c), to receive and verify the lists of authorized applications sent to it by the district attorneys general and the director of the TBI pursuant to this subsection (a).

(b) When requesting information from the database, the board shall require law enforcement personnel to provide a case number as part of the process for requesting information from the database. The case number entered shall correspond with an official investigation involving controlled substances and information requested should directly relate to the investigation.

(c) The board of pharmacy shall by rule, establish a fee for providing information to a law enforcement agency, judicial district drug task force or TBI pursuant to this section. In determining the fee and type of fee to be charged, the board shall consider options such as an annual fee or a per use, incremental cost basis fee.

(d)(1) Law enforcement personnel and judicial district drug task force agents who are authorized to request information from the database shall resubmit their identifying application information that was submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)(8)(C) to the appropriate district attorney by November 20 of each year. Such resubmitted applications shall be sent by the appropriate district attorney general to the board by December 1 of each year. If during the calendar year a name is added to the list, removed from the list or information about a person on the list changes, the appropriate district attorney shall immediately notify the board of any changes to the list submitted or in the information submitted for each officer or agent on the list application.

(2) TBI agents who are authorized to request information from the database shall resubmit their identifying application information that was submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)(8)(C) to the TBI director by November 20 of each year. Such resubmitted applications

shall be sent by the TBI director to the board by December 1 of each year. If during the calendar year a name is added to the list, removed from the list or information about a person on the list changes, the TBI director shall immediately notify the board of any changes to the list submitted or in the information submitted for each officer or agent on the list application.

(e)(1) Information obtained from the database may be shared with other law enforcement personnel or prosecutorial officials, only upon the direction of the officer or agent who originally requested the information and may only be shared with law enforcement personnel from other law enforcement agencies who are directly participating in an official joint investigation.

(2) Any information obtained from the data base that is sent to a law enforcement official or a judicial district drug task force agent shall also be sent to the district attorney general of the judicial district in which such officer or agent has jurisdiction. Likewise, any database information sent to a TBI agent shall also be sent to the TBI director.

(f) To ensure the privacy and confidentiality of patient records, information obtained from the database by law enforcement personnel shall be retained by the law enforcement personnel's respective department or agency. The information obtained from the database shall not be made a public record, notwithstanding the use of the information in court for prosecution purposes. Information obtained from the database shall be maintained as evidence in accordance with each law enforcement agency's respective procedures relating to the maintenance of evidence.

(g) Any information disseminated pursuant to subdivisions (a)(1)-(7) shall be released to the individual or entity requesting the information by the database manager or by password protected internet access.

(h) Any licensed practitioner or pharmacist receiving patient-specific information pursuant to subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), (a)(3) or (a)(4) shall not disclose the information to any person other than:

(1) The patient to whom the information relates and then only for the purpose of adjusting the patient's treatment plans or counseling the patient to seek substance abuse treatment;

(2) Other dispensers identified by the information and then only for the purposes of verifying the accuracy of the information; and

(3) Any law enforcement agency or judicial district drug task force to whom reporting of controlled substances being obtained in a manner prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) is required by § 53-11-309.

(i) If a law enforcement officer, judicial district drug task force agent or TBI agent has probable cause to believe, based upon information received from a database request, that a prescriber or pharmacist may be acting or may have acted in violation of the law, the officer or agent shall consult with the board of pharmacy inspector's office if a pharmacist and the health related boards' investigations unit if a prescriber.

(j)(1) At least every six (6) months, the board shall send a list to each district attorney general containing all requests made for database information during the previous six (6) months. The list shall include the name of the requesting officer or agent, the officer or agent's agency, the date of the request, and the nature of the request, including the case number, for each officer or agent making a request in such district attorney's judicial district. Likewise, a list shall be sent to the director of the TBI for all TBI agents making requests during the previous six (6) months.

(2) Each district attorney general and the TBI director shall use the list to perform an audit to determine if the database information requests made during the preceding six (6) month period correspond to specific cases under investigation in the applicable judicial district or by the bureau and if the information requested is relevant and pertinent to an investigation.

(3) Each district attorney general and the TBI director shall verify all database information requests contained on the list received and send it back to the board within sixty (60) days of receipt. If a database information request does not correspond to an investigation in the applicable jurisdiction or if the information requested was not relevant or pertinent to the information requested, the district attorney general or director shall so note on the verified list and shall investigate the discrepancy and make a report back to the board within a reasonable period of time.

(4) The results of the audit conducted pursuant to subdivision (j)(2) shall be discoverable by a prescriber or pharmacist charged with violating any state or federal law involving controlled substances or under a notice of charges proffered by a licensing board for a violation of any law involving controlled substances, but only the results pertaining to that prescriber or pharmacist is discoverable. However, if there is an active criminal investigation involving a prescriber or the prescriber is under investigation by the health related boards' investigation unit, the results of the audit conducted pursuant to subdivision (j)(2) shall not be discoverable by the prescriber during either such period.

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West's Tennessee Code Annotated (2014)
Title 53. Food, Drugs and Cosmetics
Chapter 11. Narcotic Drugs and Drug Control
Part 3. Regulations and Registration

§ 53-11-309. Controlled substances; attempt to obtain; report; immunity for health care providers

<Text of section effective until July 1, 2016>

(a) Any physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, veterinarian, pharmacist, advanced practice nurse with a certificate of fitness issued under title 63, chapter 7, or physician assistant, hereinafter referred to collectively as "health care providers", who has actual knowledge that a person has knowingly, willfully and with intent to deceive, obtained or attempted to obtain controlled substances in the manner prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) shall cause a report to be submitted regarding such activity within five (5) business days of obtaining such knowledge. The report should be submitted to the local law enforcement agency where the health care provider is located or, where one exists, to a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force. The controlled substance database advisory committee established by § 53-10-303 shall develop a form by no later than August 1, 2010, that health care providers may choose to use to make reports. The department of health shall make the form available on its web site.

(b) Any physician or advanced practice nurse with a certificate of fitness issued under title 63, chapter 7, or physician assistant who has actual knowledge that a person has knowingly, willfully and with the intent to deceive, obtained or attempted to obtain controlled substances in the manner prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) and who is providing treatment to a person with a mental illness as defined in § 33-1-101 may, but is not required to, report as provided for under subsection (a).

(c) If the health care provider's actual knowledge of conduct prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) is a result of the health care provider accessing the information available in the controlled substance database established in § 53-10-304, then notwithstanding the confidentiality provisions in § 53-10-306, the local law enforcement agency or, where one exists, a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force may receive from the health care provider only the pertinent information from the database for the thirty (30) days prior to the date of treatment leading to the alleged offense which ostensibly demonstrates non-compliance with § 53-11-402(a)(6). A report with information from the database not exceeding thirty (30) days prior to the date of treatment made under this provision to local law enforcement or, where one exists, to a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force is sufficient grounds for the production of complete or more detailed controlled substance database information for purposes of a criminal investigation or pending prosecution pursuant to the procedures established by § 53-10-306(b).

(d) A health care provider, or any person under the direction of the health care provider or any entity that assumes the responsibility of reporting for the provider who furnishes any information in good faith is immune from liability if a complaint, report, information, or record is furnished to a law enforcement agency.

(e) This section shall not apply in the case of a person who, on the date of treatment by the health care provider, is enrolled in or covered by TennCare.

West's Tennessee Code Annotated (2014)
Title 53. Food, Drugs and Cosmetics
Chapter 11. Narcotic Drugs and Drug Control
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<Text of section effective July 1, 2016>

(a) Any physician, dentist, optometrist, podiatrist, veterinarian, advanced practice nurse with a certificate of fitness issued under title 63, chapter 7, or physician assistant, hereinafter referred to collectively as "health care providers", who has actual knowledge that a person has knowingly, willfully and with intent to deceive, obtained or attempted to obtain controlled substances in the manner prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) shall cause a report to be submitted regarding such activity within five (5) business days of obtaining such knowledge. The report should be submitted to the local law enforcement agency where the health care provider is located or, where one exists, to a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force. The controlled substance database advisory committee established by § 53-10-303 shall develop a form by no later than August 1, 2010, that health care providers may choose to use to make reports. The department of health shall make the form available on its web site.

(b) Any physician or advanced practice nurse with a certificate of fitness issued under title 63, chapter 7, or physician assistant who has actual knowledge that a person has knowingly, willfully and with the intent to deceive, obtained or attempted to obtain controlled substances in the manner prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) and who is providing treatment to a person with a mental illness as defined in § 33-1-101 may, but is not required to, report as provided for under subsection (a).

(c) If the health care provider's actual knowledge of conduct prohibited by § 53-11-402(a)(6) is a result of the health care provider accessing the information available in the controlled substance database established in § 53-10-304, then notwithstanding the confidentiality provisions in § 53-10-306, the local law enforcement agency or, where one exists, a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force may receive from the health care provider only the pertinent information from the database for the thirty (30)

days prior to the date of treatment leading to the alleged offense which ostensibly demonstrates non-compliance with § 53-11-402(a)(6). A report with information from the database not exceeding thirty (30) days prior to the date of treatment made under this provision to local law enforcement or, where one exists, to a judicial district or multi-judicial district drug task force is sufficient grounds for the production of complete or more detailed controlled substance database information for purposes of a criminal investigation or pending prosecution pursuant to the procedures established by § 53-10-306(b).

(d) A health care provider, or any person under the direction of the health care provider or any entity that assumes the responsibility of reporting for the provider who furnishes any information in good faith is immune from liability if a complaint, report, information, or record is furnished to a law enforcement agency.

(e) This section shall not apply in the case of a person who, on the date of treatment by the health care provider, is enrolled in or covered by TennCare.

Tennessee Rules and Regulations (2014)
1140. Board of Pharmacy
Chapter 1140-11. Controlled Substance Monitoring Database

1140-11-.02 ACCESS TO DATABASE.

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(3) Law enforcement personnel engaged in an official investigation and enforcement of state or federal laws involving controlled substances or violations of T.C.A., Title 53, Chapter 10, part 3 may access information contained in the database pursuant to this chapter.

(4) Law enforcement agencies and personnel seeking or receiving information from the database pursuant to this section shall comply with the following requirements:

(a) Any law enforcement agency or judicial district drug task force that requires one (1) or more of its officers or agents to have the authorization to request information from the database shall first pre-approve each such officer. Pre-approval shall be by the applicant's supervisor, who shall be either the chief of police, county sheriff, or the judicial district drug task force district attorney general in the judicial district in which the agency or task force has jurisdiction. By December 1 of each year, each district attorney general shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from that general's judicial district for the next calendar year.

(b) If the Tennessee Bureau of Investigation (TBI) requires one (1) or more of its agents to have the authorization to request information from the database, each such agent shall first be pre-approved by the agent's immediate supervisor and division head. Approved applicants shall be sent to the board of pharmacy by the TBI director. By December 1 of each year, the TBI director shall send to the board of pharmacy a list of applicants authorized to request information from the database from the bureau for the next calendar year.

(c) An application submitted by law enforcement personnel shall include at least the following:

1. Applicant's name; title; agency; agency address; agency contact number; agency supervisor; and badge number, identification number or commission number, and the business email address of each applicant officer or agent, the appropriate district attorney general and, if a TBI agent, the TBI director and their email addresses; and

2. Signatures of the applicant, the applicant's approving supervisor and the district attorney general of the judicial district in which the applicant has jurisdiction or the approving TBI division head and the TBI director.

(d) When requesting information from the database, law enforcement personnel must provide a case number corresponding with an official investigation involving controlled substances.

(e) Law enforcement personnel, including judicial district drug task force agents and TBI agents, who are authorized to request information from the database, shall resubmit their identifying application information that was submitted pursuant to subparagraph (4)(c) to the appropriate district attorney general or to the TBI director, by November 20 of each year. Such resubmitted applications shall be sent by the appropriate district attorney general or the TBI director to the board of pharmacy by December 1 each year. If during the calendar year, a name is added to the list, removed from the list, or information about a person on the list changes, the appropriate district attorney general or TBI director shall immediately notify the board of pharmacy of any changes to the list submitted or in the information submitted for each officer or agent on the list application.

(5) Information obtained from the database may be shared with other law enforcement personnel or prosecutorial officials, only upon the direction of the officer or agent who originally requested the information, and may only be shared with law enforcement personnel from other law enforcement agencies who are directly participating in an official joint investigation.

(6) Any information obtained from the database that is sent to a law enforcement official or judicial district drug task force agent shall also be sent to the district attorney general of

the judicial district in which such officer or agent has jurisdiction. Likewise, any database information sent to a TBI agent shall also be sent to the TBI director.

(7) Information obtained from the database by law enforcement personnel shall be retained by the law enforcement personnel's respective department or agency. The information obtained from the database shall not be made a public record, notwithstanding the use of the information in court for prosecution purposes. Information obtained from the database shall be maintained as evidence in accordance with each law enforcement agency's respective procedures relating to the maintenance of evidence.

(8) If a law enforcement officer, judicial district drug task force agent, or TBI agent has probable cause to believe, based upon information received from a database request, that a prescriber or pharmacist may be acting or may have acted in violation of the law, the officer or agent shall consult with the board of pharmacy inspector's office if a pharmacist is believed to have acted or is acting unlawfully or to the health related boards' investigations unit if a prescriber is believed to have acted or is acting unlawfully.

(9) At least every six (6) months, the board of pharmacy shall send a list to each district attorney general containing all requests made for database information during the previous six (6) months. The list shall include the name of the requesting officer or agent, the officer or agent's agency, the date of the request, and the nature of the request, including the case number, for each officer or agent making a request in such district attorney's judicial district. Likewise, a list shall be sent to the TBI director for all TBI agents making requests during the previous six (6) months.

(a) Each district attorney general and the TBI director shall use the list to verify database requests made during the preceding six (6) month period, and conduct an audit in accordance with T.C.A. § 53-10-306(j)(2). Verification of all database requests on the list received by each district attorney general and the TBI director must be sent back to the board of pharmacy within sixty (60) days of receipt. Where database information requests do not correspond to an investigation in the applicable jurisdiction or if the information requested was not relevant or pertinent to such an investigation, the district attorney general or TBI director shall so note on the verified list and shall investigate and make a report to the board of pharmacy within sixty (60) days.

(b) The results of the audit shall be discoverable by a prescriber, dispenser, or healthcare practitioner extender charged with violating any state or federal law involving controlled substances or under a notice of charges proffered by an appropriate licensing board for a violation of any law involving controlled substances, but only the results pertaining to that prescriber, dispenser, or healthcare practitioner extender are discoverable. If, however, there is an active criminal investigation involving a prescriber, dispenser, or healthcare practitioner extender, or the prescriber, dispenser, or healthcare practitioner extender is under investigation by any investigations or prosecution unit of the appropriate licensing

board, the results of the audit shall not be discoverable by the prescriber, dispenser, or healthcare practitioner extender during either such period.

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Texas
Health and Safety Code § 481.076
37 ADC § 13.82

Vernon's Texas Statutes and Codes Annotated (2014)
Health and Safety Code
Title 6. Food, Drugs, Alcohol, and Hazardous Substances
Subtitle C. Substance Abuse Regulation and Crimes
Chapter 481. Texas Controlled Substances Act
Subchapter C. Regulation of Manufacture, Distribution, and Dispensation of Controlled Substances, Chemical Precursors, and Chemical Laboratory Apparatus

§ 481.076. Official Prescription Information

(a) The director may not permit any person to have access to information submitted to the director under Section 481.074(q) or 481.075 except:

(1) an investigator for the Texas Medical Board, the Texas State Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners, the State Board of Dental Examiners, the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, the Texas Board of Nursing, or the Texas State Board of Pharmacy;

(2) an authorized officer or member of the department engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of this chapter or another law governing illicit drugs in this state or another state; or

(3) if the director finds that proper need has been shown to the director:

(A) a law enforcement or prosecutorial official engaged in the administration, investigation, or enforcement of this chapter or another law governing illicit drugs in this state or another state;

(B) a pharmacist or a pharmacy technician, as defined by Section 551.003, Occupations Code, acting at the direction of a pharmacist or a practitioner who is a physician, dentist, veterinarian, podiatrist, or advanced practice nurse or is a physician assistant described by Section 481.002(39)(D)or a nurse licensed under Chapter 301, Occupations Code, acting at the direction of a practitioner and is inquiring about a recent Schedule II, III, IV, or V prescription history of a particular patient of the practitioner; or

(C) a pharmacist or practitioner who is inquiring about the person's own dispensing or prescribing activity.

. . .

(g) If the director permits access to information under Subsection (a)(3)(A) relating to a person licensed or regulated by an agency listed in Subsection (a)(1), the director shall notify that agency of the disclosure of the information not later than the 10th working day after the date the information is disclosed.

. . .

Texas Administrative Code (2014)
Title 37. Public Safety and Corrections
Part 1. Texas Department of Public Safety
Chapter 13. Controlled Substances
Subchapter D. Texas Prescription Program

§ 13.82. Release of Prescription Data

(a) All requests for the release of prescription data must be in writing.

(b) A person listed under § 481.076(a)(3) of the Act must show proper need for the information when requesting the release of prescription data. The showing of proper need is ongoing. The department will require the person to periodically submit a Return of Information report documenting use of the information and the status of the investigation or prosecution giving rise to the request.

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Utah
§ 58-37f-301
ADC R156-37f

West's Utah Code Annotated (2013)
Title 58. Occupations and Professions
Chapter 37F. Controlled Substance Database Act
Part 3. Access

§ 58-37f-301. Access to database

. . .

(2) The division shall make information in the database and information obtained from other state or federal prescription monitoring programs by means of the database available only to the following individuals, in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and division rules:

. . .

(i) federal, state, and local law enforcement authorities, and state and local prosecutors, engaged as a specified duty of their employment in enforcing laws:

(i) regulating controlled substances;

(ii) investigating insurance fraud, Medicaid fraud, or Medicare fraud; or

(iii) providing information about a criminal defendant to defense counsel, upon request during the discovery process, for the purpose of establishing a defense in a criminal case;

. . .

Utah Administrative Code (2014)
Commerce
R156. Occupational and Professional Licensing.

R156-37f. Controlled Substance Database Act Rule.

. . .

R156-37f-301. Access to Database Information.

In accordance with Subsections 58-37f-301(1)(a) and (b):

(1) The Division Director shall designate in writing those individuals employed by the Division who shall have access to the information in the Database (Database staff).

(2)(a) A request for information from the Database may be made:

(i) directly to the Database by electronic submission, if the requester is registered to use the Database; or

(ii) by oral or written submission to the Database staff, if the requester is not registered to use the Database.

(b) An oral request may be submitted by telephone or in person.

(c) A written request may be submitted by facsimile, email, regular mail, or in person except as otherwise provided herein.

(d) The Division may in its discretion require a requestor to verify the requestor's identity.

(3) The following Database information may be disseminated to a verified requestor who is permitted to obtain the information:

(a) dispensing/reporting pharmacy ID number/name;

(b) subject's birth date;

(c) date prescription was filled;

(d) prescription (Rx) number;

(e) metric quantity;

(f) days supply;

(g) NDC code/drug name;

(h) prescriber ID/name;

(i) date prescription was written;

(j) subject's last name;

(k) subject's first name; and

(l) subject's street address;

(4) Federal, state and local law enforcement authorities and state and local prosecutors requesting information from the Database under Subsection 58-37f-301(2)(d) must provide a valid case number of the investigation or prosecution.

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Vermont
18 § 4282
18 § 4284
ADC 12-5-21:3
ADC 12-5-21:4

West's Vermont Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title Eighteen. Health
Part 5. Foods and Drugs
Chapter 84A. Vermont Prescription Monitoring System

§ 4282. Definitions

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Dispenser" shall mean any person who "dispenses" or engages in "dispensing" as those terms are defined in 26 V.S.A. § 2022(5).

(2) "Health care provider" shall mean an individual licensed, certified, or authorized by law to provide professional health care service in this state to an individual during that individual's medical or dental care, treatment, or confinement.

(3) "VPMS" shall mean the Vermont prescription monitoring system established under this chapter.

(4) "Delegate" means an individual employed by a health care provider or pharmacy or in the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner and authorized by a health care provider or dispenser or by the Chief Medical Examiner to request information from the VPMS relating to a bona fide current patient of the health care provider or dispenser or to a bona fide investigation or inquiry into an individual's death.

(5) "Department" means the Department of Health.

(6) "Drug diversion investigator" means an employee of the Department of Public Safety whose primary duties include investigations involving violations of laws regarding prescription drugs or the diversion of prescribed controlled substances, and who has completed a training program established by the Department of Health by rule that is designed to ensure that officers have the training necessary to use responsibly and properly any information that they receive from the VPMS.

(7) "Evidence-based" means based on criteria and guidelines that reflect high-quality, cost-effective care. The methodology used to determine such guidelines shall meet recognized standards for systematic evaluation of all available research and shall be free from conflicts of

interest. Consideration of the best available scientific evidence does not preclude consideration of experimental or investigational treatment or services under a clinical investigation approved by an institutional review board.

West's Vermont Statutes Annotated (2014)
Title Eighteen. Health
Part 5. Foods and Drugs
Chapter 84A. Vermont Prescription Monitoring System

§ 4284. Protection and disclosure of information

. . .

(e) A drug diversion investigator who may receive information pursuant to this section shall not have access to VPMS except for information provided to the officer by the licensing or certification authority.

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West's Vermont Administrative Code (2014)
Title 12. Agency of Human Services
Subtitle 5. Department of Health
General
Rule 21. Prescription Monitoring System

12-5-21:3. ACCESS TO VPMS DATA

Information from the VPMS database may be disclosed only as provided in this section. Disclosures authorized by this rule shall be limited to the minimum information necessary for the purposes of 18 V.S.A. Chapter 84A.

The prescriber's DEA number shall not be disclosed to a patient or to another prescriber and shall be disclosed only to the prescriber him or herself or the prescriber's professional licensure board or the Commissioner of Public Safety consistent with the requirement that disclosures shall be limited to the minimum information necessary for the purposes of 18 V.S.A. Chapter 84A.

. . .

Section 3.4 Disclosures from the VPMS Database.

Disclosures from the VPMS database pursuant to the provisions in this rule 3.4 will be in accordance with a protocol approved by the Commissioner to identify when disclosures should

be made pursuant to this subsection. The protocol will be developed, and periodically reviewed and updated, in consultation with the Advisory Committee and with health care providers designated by the Commissioner with particular expertise in relevant clinical specialties including the use of controlled substances for the treatment of acute and chronic pain, palliative care, end-of-life care and the treatment for and prevention of abuse of controlled substances and will be consistent with current standards of care and practice in those clinical specialties. Disclosures from the VPMS database pursuant to subsections 1, 2 or 3 below shall occur only in accordance with the protocol and as otherwise permitted by this rule.

1. The Department may provide data to a patient and/or that person's health care provider when the VPMS database reveals that a patient may be receiving more than a therapeutic amount of one or more regulated substances.

2. When the Commissioner of Health reasonably suspects that there is fraudulent or illegal activity by a health care provider or dispenser, the Department may provide data on such an instance to the appropriate licensing or certification authority. That authority may report the data that are evidence of suspected fraudulent or illegal activity to a trained law enforcement officer. The trained law enforcement officer shall not have access to the VPMS data except for information provided to the officer by the licensing or certification authority.

3. The Commissioner of Health may personally disclose data from the VPMS database to the Commissioner of Public Safety personally when the Commissioner of Health has consulted with at least one of the patient's health care providers and believes such disclosure is necessary to avert a serious and imminent threat to a person or the public.

West's Vermont Administrative Code (2014)
Title 12. Agency of Human Services
Subtitle 5. Department of Health
General
Rule 21. Prescription Monitoring System

12-5-21:4. TRAINING

Section 4.1 Designation of Training Programs.

The Department, in consultation with the Advisory Committee and one or more individuals with medical expertise relating to prescribing controlled substances and treatment of drug addiction and dependence, will periodically designate one or more training programs for law enforcement officers relating to responsible and proper use of VPMS data. The Department will maintain a list of current trained law enforcement officers qualified to receive a report from a professional licensure board as authorized by 18 V.S.A. §

4284(b)(5).

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Virginia
§ 54.1-2523 (eff. until July 1, 2014)
§ 54.1-2523 (eff. July 1, 2014)
18 VAC 76-20-50

West's Annotated Code of Virginia (2013)
Title 54.1. Professions and Occupations
Subtitle III. Professions and Occupations Regulated by Boards Within the Department of Health Professions
Chapter 25.2. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 54.1-2523. Confidentiality of data; disclosure of information; discretionary authority of Director

<Text of Section Effective Until July 1, 2014>

A. All data, records, and reports relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to recipients and any abstracts from such data, records, and reports that are in the possession of the Prescription Monitoring Program pursuant to this chapter and any material relating to the operation or security of the program shall be confidential and shall be exempt from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 15 of § 2.2-3705.5. Further, the Director shall only have discretion to disclose any such information as provided in subsections B and C.

B. Upon receiving a request for information in accordance with the Department's regulations and in compliance with applicable federal law and regulations, the Director shall disclose the following:

1. Information relevant to a specific investigation of a specific recipient or of a specific dispenser or prescriber to an agent who has completed the Virginia State Police Drug Diversion School designated by the superintendent of the Department of State Police or designated by the chief law-enforcement officer of any county, city, or town or campus police department to conduct drug diversion investigations pursuant to § 54.1-3405.

2. Information relevant to an investigation or inspection of or allegation of misconduct by a specific person licensed, certified, or registered by or an applicant for licensure, certification, or registration by a health regulatory board; information relevant to a disciplinary proceeding before a health regulatory board or in any subsequent trial or appeal of an action or board order to designated employees of the Department of Health Professions; or to designated persons operating the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.).

3. Information relevant to the proceedings of any investigatory grand jury or special grand jury that has been properly impaneled in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 13 (§ 19.2-191 et seq.) of Title 19.2.

4. Information relevant to a specific investigation of a specific recipient, dispenser, or prescriber to an agent of a federal law-enforcement agency with authority to conduct drug diversion investigations.

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West's Annotated Code of Virginia (2014)
Title 54.1. Professions and Occupations
Subtitle III. Professions and Occupations Regulated by Boards Within the Department of Health Professions
Chapter 25.2. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 54.1-2523. Confidentiality of data; disclosure of information; discretionary authority of Director

<Text of Section Effective July 1, 2014>

A. All data, records, and reports relating to the prescribing and dispensing of covered substances to recipients and any abstracts from such data, records, and reports that are in the possession of the Prescription Monitoring Program pursuant to this chapter and any material relating to the operation or security of the program shall be confidential and shall be exempt from the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (§ 2.2-3700 et seq.) pursuant to subdivision 15 of § 2.2-3705.5. Further, the Director shall only have discretion to disclose any such information as provided in subsections B and C.

B. Upon receiving a request for information in accordance with the Department's regulations and in compliance with applicable federal law and regulations, the Director shall disclose the following:

1. Information relevant to a specific investigation of a specific recipient or of a specific dispenser or prescriber to an agent who has completed the Virginia State Police Drug Diversion School designated by the superintendent of the Department of State Police or designated by the chief law-enforcement officer of any county, city, or town or campus police department to conduct drug diversion investigations pursuant to § 54.1-3405.

2. Information relevant to an investigation or inspection of or allegation of misconduct by a specific person licensed, certified, or registered by or an applicant for licensure, certification, or registration by a health regulatory board; information relevant to a disciplinary proceeding before a health regulatory board or in any subsequent trial or appeal of an action or board order to

designated employees of the Department of Health Professions; or to designated persons operating the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program pursuant to Chapter 25.1 (§ 54.1-2515 et seq.).

3. Information relevant to the proceedings of any investigatory grand jury or special grand jury that has been properly impaneled in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 13 (§ 19.2-191 et seq.) of Title 19.2.

4. Information relevant to a specific investigation of a specific recipient, dispenser, or prescriber to an agent of a federal law-enforcement agency with authority to conduct drug diversion investigations.

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Virginia Administrative Code (2014)
Title 18. Professional and Occupational Licensing
Vac Agency No. 76. Department of Health Professions
Chapter 20. Regulations Governing the Prescription Monitoring Program

18 VAC 76-20-50. Criteria for mandatory disclosure of information by the director.

A. In order to request disclosure of information contained in the program, an individual shall be registered with the director as an authorized agent entitled to receive reports under § 54.1-2523 B of the Code of Virginia.

1. Such request for registration shall contain an attestation from the applicant's employer of the eligibility and identity of such person.

2. Registration as an agent authorized to receive reports shall expire on June 30 of each even-numbered year or at any such time as the agent leaves or alters his current employment or otherwise becomes ineligible to receive information from the program.

B. An authorized agent shall only request disclosure of information related to a specific investigation, or in the case of a request from the Health Practitioners' Monitoring Program (HPMP), disclosure of information related to a specific applicant for or participant in HPMP. Requests shall be made in a format designated by the department and shall contain a case identifier number, a specified time period to be covered in the report, and the specific recipient, prescriber, or dispenser for which the report is to be made.

C. The request from an authorized agent shall include an attestation that the prescription data will not be further disclosed and only used for the purposes stated in the request and in accordance with the law.

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West's Revised Code of Washington Annotated (2014)
Title 70. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 70.225. Prescription Monitoring Program

§ 70.225.040. Confidentiality of prescription information--Procedures--Immunity when acting in good faith

(1) Prescription information submitted to the department shall be confidential, in compliance with chapter 70.02 RCW and federal health care information privacy requirements and not subject to disclosure, except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(2) The department shall maintain procedures to ensure that the privacy and confidentiality of patients and patient information collected, recorded, transmitted, and maintained is not disclosed to persons except as in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

(3) The department may provide data in the prescription monitoring program to the following persons:

(a) Persons authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, for the purpose of providing medical or pharmaceutical care for their patients;

(b) An individual who requests the individual's own prescription monitoring information;

(c) Health professional licensing, certification, or regulatory agency or entity;

(d) Appropriate local, state, and federal law enforcement or prosecutorial officials who are engaged in a bona fide specific investigation involving a designated person;

(e) Authorized practitioners of the department of social and health services and the health care authority regarding medicaid program recipients;

(f) The director or director's designee within the department of labor and industries regarding workers' compensation claimants;

(g) The director or the director's designee within the department of corrections regarding offenders committed to the department of corrections;

(h) Other entities under grand jury subpoena or court order; and

(i) Personnel of the department for purposes of administration and enforcement of this chapter or chapter 69.50 RCW.

(4) The department may provide data to public or private entities for statistical, research, or educational purposes after removing information that could be used to identify individual patients, dispensers, prescribers, and persons who received prescriptions from dispensers.

(5) A dispenser or practitioner acting in good faith is immune from any civil, criminal, or administrative liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for requesting, receiving, or using information from the program.

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West Virginia
§ 60A-9-5
ADC § 15-8-7

West's Annotated Code of West Virginia (2014)
Chapter 60A. Uniform Controlled Substances Act
Article 9. Controlled Substances Monitoring

§ 60A-9-5. Confidentiality; limited access to records; period of retention; no civil liability for required reporting

(a)(1) The information required by this article to be kept by the State Board of Pharmacy is confidential and not subject to the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-b of this code or obtainable as discovery in civil matters absent a court order and is open to inspection only by inspectors and agents of the State Board of Pharmacy, **members of the West Virginia State Police expressly authorized by the Superintendent of the West Virginia State Police to have access to the information, authorized agents of local law-enforcement agencies as members of a federally affiliated drug task force, authorized agents of the federal Drug Enforcement Administration,** duly authorized agents of the Bureau for Medical Services, duly authorized agents of the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner for use in post-mortem examinations, duly authorized agents of licensing boards of practitioners in this state and other states authorized to prescribe Schedules II, III and IV controlled substances, prescribing practitioners and pharmacists and persons with an enforceable court order or regulatory agency administrative subpoena: **Provided, That all law-enforcement personnel who have access to the Controlled Substances Monitoring Program database shall be granted access in accordance with applicable state laws and Board of Pharmacy legislative rules, shall be certified as a West Virginia law-enforcement officer and shall have successfully completed United States Drug Enforcement Administration Diversion Training and National Association of Drug Diversion Investigation Training.** All information released by the State Board of Pharmacy must be related to a specific patient or a specific individual or entity under investigation by any of the above parties except that practitioners who prescribe or dispense controlled substances may request specific data related to their Drug Enforcement Administration controlled substance registration number or for the purpose of providing treatment to a patient: Provided, however, That the West Virginia Controlled Substances Monitoring Program Database Review Committee established in subsection (b) of this section is authorized to query the database to comply with said subsection.

(2) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the board shall also review the West Virginia Controlled Substance Monitoring Program database and issue reports that identify abnormal or unusual practices of patients who exceed parameters as determined by the advisory committee established in this section. The board shall communicate with prescribers and dispensers to more effectively manage the medications of their patients in the manner recommended by the advisory committee. All other reports produced by the board shall be kept

confidential. The board shall maintain the information required by this article for a period of not less than five years. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code to the contrary, data obtained under the provisions of this article may be used for compilation of educational, scholarly or statistical purposes, and may be shared with the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources for those purposes, as long as the identities of persons or entities and any personally identifiable information, including protected health information, contained therein shall be redacted, scrubbed or otherwise irreversibly destroyed in a manner that will preserve the confidential nature of the information. No individual or entity required to report under section four of this article may be subject to a claim for civil damages or other civil relief for the reporting of information to the Board of Pharmacy as required under and in accordance with the provisions of this article.

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West Virginia Code of State Rules (2014)
Title 15. West Virginia Board of Pharmacy
Legislative Rule (Ser. 8)
Series 8. Controlled Substances Monitoring

§ 15-8-7. Confidentiality.

7.1. The board shall carry out a program to protect the confidentiality of the information received by the central repository.

7.2. The board may disclose confidential information received by the central repository to any person who is engaged in receiving, processing, or storing the information.

7.3. The board may release confidential information received by the central repository to the following persons:

7.3.a. A duly authorized agent of a board in this state or another state that licenses practitioners authorized to prescribe Schedules II, III, and IV controlled substances who is engaged in an investigation, an adjudication, or a prosecution of a violation under any state or federal law that involves a controlled substance;

7.3.b. Members of the West Virginia State Police expressly authorized by the superintendent of the West Virginia State Police to have access to the information;

7.3.c. An authorized agent of a local law-enforcement agency who is acting as a member of a Federally affiliated drug task force;

7.3.d. Authorized agents of the federal Drug Enforcement Administration;

7.3.e. The Chief Medical Examiner for the State of West Virginia or his or her duly authorized agent for use in post-mortem examinations;

7.3.f. A person with an enforceable court order or regulatory agency administrative subpoena;

7.3.g. Inspectors and agents of the board;

7.3.h. Prescribing practitioners or their duly authorized agents;

7.3.i. Pharmacists or a registered pharmacy technician as the agent of the pharmacist; and

7.3. j. A person using the data for compilation of educational, scholarly, or statistical purposes so long as the individually identifiable data of the persons or entities stored in the central repository remains confidential.

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Wisconsin
§ 146.82
ADC Phar. 18.11

West's Wisconsin Statutes Annotated (2014)
Health (Ch. 140 to 162)
Chapter 146. Miscellaneous Health Provisions

§ 146.82. Confidentiality of patient health care records

(1) Confidentiality. All patient health care records shall remain confidential. Patient health care records may be released only to the persons designated in this section or to other persons with the informed consent of the patient or of a person authorized by the patient. This subsection does not prohibit reports made in compliance with s. 253.12(2), 255.40, or 979.01; records generated or disclosed pursuant to rules promulgated under s. 450.19; testimony authorized under s. 905.04(4)(h); or releases made for purposes of health care operations, as defined in 45 CFR 164.501, and as authorized under 45 CFR 164, subpart E.

(2) Access without informed consent. (a) Notwithstanding sub. (1), patient health care records shall be released upon request without informed consent in the following circumstances:

. . .

4. Under a lawful order of a court of record.

5. In response to a written request by any federal or state governmental agency to perform a legally authorized function, including but not limited to management audits, financial audits, program monitoring and evaluation, facility licensure or certification or individual licensure or certification. The private pay patient, except if a resident of a nursing home, may deny access granted under this subdivision by annually submitting to a health care provider, other than a nursing home, a signed, written request on a form provided by the department. The provider, if a hospital, shall submit a copy of the signed form to the patient's physician.

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11. To an agency, as defined in s. 48.981(1)(ag), a sheriff or police department, or a district attorney for purposes of investigation of threatened or suspected child abuse or neglect or suspected unborn child abuse or for purposes of prosecution of alleged child abuse or neglect, if the person conducting the investigation or prosecution identifies the subject of the record by name. The health care provider may release information by initiating contact with an agency, sheriff or police department, or district attorney without receiving a

request for release of the information. A person to whom a report or record is disclosed under this subdivision may not further disclose the report or record, except to the persons, for the purposes, and under the conditions specified in s. 48.981(7).

11m. To a court conducting a termination of parental rights proceeding under s. 48.42, to an agency, district attorney, corporation counsel or other appropriate official under s. 48.09 performing official duties relating to such a proceeding, or to the attorney or guardian ad litem for any party to such a proceeding for purposes of conducting, preparing for, or performing official duties relating to the proceeding, if that person identifies the subject of the record by name. A person to whom a report or record is disclosed under this subdivision may not further disclose the report or record, except for the purposes specified in this subdivision.

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Wisconsin Administrative Code (2014)
Pharmacy Examining Board
Chapter Phar 18. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

Phar 18.11 Methods of obtaining PDMP information.

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(10) The board shall disclose the minimum amount of PDMP information to designated staff of a law enforcement authority in the same or similar manner, and for the same or similar purposes, as those persons are authorized to access similar confidential patient health care records under ss. 146.82 and 450.19, Stats., this chapter, and other state or federal laws and regulations relating to the privacy of patient health care records if the designated staff does all of the following:

(a) Creates an account with the board on a form provided by the board.

(b) Provides a lawful order of a court of record under s. 146.82 (2) (a) 4., Stats., or provides evidence satisfactory to the board that the law enforcement agency is entitled to the information under s. 146.82 (2) (a) 11., Stats.

(c) Makes a request for PDMP information through its account with the board.

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Wyoming
§ 35-7-1060
ADC AI PDSC Ch. 8, § 3

Wyoming Statutes (2013)
Title 35. Public Health and Safety
Chapter 7. Food and Drugs
Article 10. Controlled Substances
Article X

§ 35-7-1060. Controlled substances prescription tracking program

(a) In addition to other duties and responsibilities as provided by this act, the board shall maintain a computerized program to track prescriptions for controlled substances for the purposes of assisting patients, practitioners and pharmacists to avoid inappropriate use of controlled substances and of assisting with the identification of illegal activity related to the dispensing of controlled substances. The tracking program and any data created thereby shall be administered by the board, and the board may charge reasonable fees to help defray the costs of operating the program. Any fee shall be included with and in addition to other registration fees established by the board as authorized in W.S. 35-7-1023.

(b) All prescriptions for schedule II, III and IV controlled substances dispensed by any retail pharmacy licensed by the board shall be filed with the board electronically or by other means required by the board no more than seven (7) days after dispensed. The board may require the filing of other prescriptions and may specify the manner in which the prescriptions are filed.

(c) The tracking program shall not be used to infringe on the legal use of a controlled substance. Information obtained through the controlled substance prescription tracking program is confidential and may not be released and is not admissible in any judicial or administrative proceeding, except as follows:

(i) The board may release information to practitioners and pharmacists when the release of the information may be of assistance in preventing or avoiding inappropriate use of controlled substances;

(ii) The board shall report any information that it reasonably suspects may relate to fraudulent or illegal activity to the appropriate law enforcement agency and the relevant occupational licensing board;

(iii) The board may release information to the patient to whom the information pertains or his agent or, if the patient is a minor, to his parents or guardian;

(iv) The board may release information to a third party if the patient has signed a consent specifically for the release of his controlled substance prescription information to the specific third party;

(v) The board may release information that does not identify individual patients, practitioners, pharmacists or pharmacies, for educational, research or public information purposes; and

(vi) Subject to the rules of evidence, information obtained from the program is admissible in a criminal proceeding or an administrative proceeding involving professional licensing.

(d) Unless there is shown malice, gross negligence, recklessness or willful and wanton conduct in disclosing information collected under this act, the board, any other state agency and any other person or entity in proper possession of information as provided by this section shall not be subject to any civil or criminal liability or action for legal or equitable relief.

(e) The board may apply for and accept any gifts, grants or donations to assist in developing and maintaining the program required by this section.

Wyoming Rules and Regulations (2014)
Department of Administration and Information
Board of Pharmacy - Commissioner of Drugs and Substances Control
Chapter 8. Prescription Drug Monitoring Program

Section 3. Solicited Patient Profiles.

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(d) Other entities as authorized in W.S.§ 35-7-1059 may request a copy of the patient's profile from the board's office provided the following are met:

(i) All requests must be submitted on a form provided by the board and must be mailed or faxed to the board's office:

(ii) All requests must be signed by the requestor and include the business name and address of the requestor.

(iii) The purpose of the request, the date range requested, and the specific reasons for this request including investigation number, if applicable, must be included.

(iv) The requirements identified in W.S.§ 35-7-1060 (c)(ii) must be met before the patient's profile is provided to the requestor or a copy of the patient's signed consent specifically stating permission for the requestor to access and review the profile must be provided by the requestor.

[from the Wyoming Board of Pharmacy website]
WYOMING STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY
PRESCRIPTION DRUG MONITORING PROGRAM (Controlled Substances)
PROFILE REQUEST (Law Enforcement)

Instructions:
1. Please complete all blanks. Incomplete requests will be returned.

2. An authorized agent of the law enforcement agency must sign the request.

3. Please put contact information at the bottom or on an attached sheet, i.e. Printed Officer Name, Address of station fax and phone numbers.

4. Request may be faxed or mailed to the board's office.

Fax Number: (307) 634-9184
Mailing Address: WY State Board of Pharmacy
1712 Carey Avenue, Ste. 200
Cheyenne, WY 82002

5. Please call the board's office if you have any questions regarding the prescription drug monitoring program. (307) 634-9636. *The board will only release requested information if the board suspects fraudulent or illegal activity has occurred*

Contacts: David N Wills, Data Management Specialist (dwills@wyo.gov)
Mary Walker, Executive Director (mwalke2@wyo.gov)

Patient's Name: _____ AKA's if known: _____
Patient's Birth Date_____
Patient's Address: _____
Specific controlled substances being investigated: _____
_____
Date range requested: _____ to: _____
Law Enforcement investigative file number: _____
Specific reason for this request (may use attachments)
_____
_____
_____
_____
_____ _____
Signature of authorized agent Date
This profile will be mailed to the law enforcement agency, provided the request meets the requirements of W.S. 35-7-1060 (c)(ii)
Date received: _____ Time received (if faxed):
_____

Profile prepared:

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