

2014 State Marijuana **Decriminalization or Legalization Bills**

Research current through April 2, 2014

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AL HB 486	Alabama Marijuana Decriminalization Act - Provides that the possession of one ounce or less of marijuana is a civil offense subjecting an offender who is 18 years of age or older to a civil penalty Of \$100 and forfeiture of the marijuana but not to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification. A bill to amend existing law - Provides for the definition of	2/13/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee
TE IID 70	unlawful possession of marijuana in the first and second degrees; and provides that a first offense for unlawful possession of marijuana in the second degree would be a violation, punishable by a fine, only.	House Judiciary Committee
AL HB 485	Alabama Marijuana Freedom Act - Allows the possession, use, and cultivation of limited amounts of cannabis for personal use by adults; authorizes the Department of Revenue to regulate the cultivation, processing, packaging, testing, transportation, display, and sale of cannabis and cannabis accessories; prohibits the sale of cannabis except by regulated retail cannabis stores; and provides for a tax on the sale of cannabis.	2/13/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee
ALASKA Ballot Initiative	The proposed initiative allows adults 21 years of age and older to possess up to one ounce of marijuana and grow up to six plants (three flowering plants) in private and establishes a system in which marijuana is regulated similar to alcohol. It also makes manufacture, sale and possession of marijuana accessories legal. Consumption of marijuana in public will remain illegal and punishable by a \$100 fine.	Slated for a vote in August 2014
AZ HB 2558	Allows adults 21 years of age and older to possess, consume, use, display, purchase or transport marijuana accessories or one ounce or less of marijuana, possess, grow, process or transport not more than five marijuana plants and the marijuana produced by the plants on the premises where the plants were grown, transfer one ounce or less of marijuana and up to five immature marijuana plants to a person who is at least 21 years of age without remuneration, among other things; allows adults 21 years of age and older to cultivate marijuana plants as long as they are in a location where the plant is not subject to public view and the person takes reasonable precautions to ensure that the plant is secure from unauthorized access and access by a person who is under 21 years of age, among other things; sets forth the requirements for applications for, and operations of, retail marijuana establishments.	2/3/14 - Introduced in House
AZ HB 2474	Amends current law to decriminalize possession of marijuana as follows: (1) one ounce is of a class 6 felony subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$100 hundred dollars, except that if the person does not pay the penalty in full within ninety days, the penalty increases to double the	2/3/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee 1/30/14 - Introduced in the House
	original amount; and (2) between one ounce and two	

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CA AB 2500	pounds is guilty of a class 5 felony petty offense. (Over two pounds is considered a class 3 misdemeanor); requires first time juvenile offenders who possess marijuana to complete at least ten hours of community restitution with an agency or organization providing counseling, rehabilitation or treatment for alcohol or drug abuse, an agency or organization that provides medical treatment to persons who abuse controlled substances, an agency or organization that serves persons who are victims of crime or any other appropriate agency or organization. Makes it unlawful for a person to drive a motor vehicle if his or her blood contains any detectable amount of delta-9-	3/13/14 - Referred to the Committee on Public Safety
	tetrahydrocannabinol of marijuana.	2/24/14 - Read for the first time
CO HB 1122	Concerning Provisions to Keep Legal Marijuana from Underage Persons - Under current law, medical marijuana-infused products must be sold in either child-proof packaging or in packaging warning "medicinal product - keep out of reach of children." The bill removes the option of selling the products in the packaging with the warning. The bill makes an exception to the child-proof packaging if the purchaser has a doctor's not explaining he or she has a condition that makes opening the child-proof packaging difficult. The bill also gives a retail marijuana store the ability to confiscate a fraudulent identification and detain and question the person who provided the fraudulent identification. The bill makes selling marijuana to a person under 21 years of age at a retail marijuana store a class 1 misdemeanor and creates the various licensing penalties for selling to an underage person.	3/17/14 - Signed by the Governor; Effective date
CO SB 129	Adds consumption and possession of marijuana and possession of marijuana paraphernalia to the crime of underage possession or consumption of alcohol. The bill changes the penalty structure for the crime.	2/26/14 - Introduced in House, and Assigned to House Judiciary Committee 2/25/14 - Second reading passed Senate with amendments 1/27/14 - Referred to Senate Judiciary Committee
CO HB 1196	Creates the marijuana impacts task force (task force) in the government agencies, the marijuana community, and public defenders. The task force is required to meet during the 2014 interim and may solicit input from various state and local government entities, public and private organizations, and private citizens. The bill specifies that members of the task force serve without compensation and that all staff	2/20/14 - House Committee on Local Government Lay Over Amended 1/30/14 - Referred to House Local Government and Appropriations Committee

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	needed to assist the task force will be provided by the department of local affairs. The department of local affairs to study the local government impacts related to the cultivation, testing, sale, consumption, and regulation of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products. The task force consists of 17 members who represent specified local government interests, state task force is required to evaluate the impacts that the cultivation, testing, sale, consumption, and regulation of retail marijuana and retail marijuana products have on the services provided by local governments and on local governments' budgets. In addition, the task force is required to develop recommendations that may be implemented at the state or	
CO HB 1209	local level to help address such impacts. Permits the general assembly to appropriate surplus funds in the marijuana cash fund to the marijuana diversion prevention grant program; creates the marijuana diversion prevention grant program (grant program) that is administered by the state controller; provides grants to the state patrol and other state law enforcement agencies that	2/20/14 - House Committee on Health, Insurance, and Environment Referred as Amended to House Appropriations Committee
	share a border with Colorado to prevent diversion of retail marijuana from Colorado and apprehend those attempting to divert retail marijuana from Colorado. The Colorado state patrol must receive priority in receiving grants.	1/30/14 - Referred to the House Health, Insurance, and Environment Committee
CO HB 1229	For retail marijuana licensing, allows a local jurisdiction to submit fingerprints for purposes of conducting a criminal history background check or to acquire a name-based criminal history check if the licensee's fingerprints are unclassifiable.	3/17/14 - Signed by the Governor; Effective date
DC B20-0409	Marijuana Possession Decriminalization Amendment Act of 2014 - Removes criminal penalties for possession or transfer, without remuneration, of up to an ounce of marijuana; replaces current law with a civil fine of \$25 and seizure of any marijuana and paraphernalia visible to the police officer at the time of the civil violation; prohibits police from searching individuals based on the smell of marijuana, alone.	3/31/14 - Signed by the Mayor; Effective date
FL H 1039	An Act Relating to Recreational Marijuana - Imposes excise tax on recreational marijuana; exempts certain activities involving marijuana from use & possession offenses; authorizes persons age 21 and over to engage in certain activities involving personal use of marijuana in limited amounts; provides limits on where persons may engage in specified activities; provides for licensure of marijuana establishments that may engage in manufacture, possession or purchase of marijuana, marijuana products & marijuana accessories or sell marijuana, marijuana products or marijuana accessories to consumer; provides for	3/5/14 - Referred to the House Criminal Justice Subcommittee, the House Business and Professional Regulation Subcommittee, the House Finance and Tax Subcommittee, and the House Judiciary Committee

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enforcement; provides for limits on number of retail marijuana stores in localities based on population; provides standards for prospective licensees; provides restrictions on location of marijuana establishments; prohibits certain activities by marijuana establishments; authorizes localities to prohibit one or more types of marijuana establishments; provides an exemption from specified provisions for marijuana research. Renames the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco as the Division of Alcoholic Beverages, Marijuana, and	3/10/14 - Introduced in the Senate
marijuana; imposes an excise tax on recreational marijuana; prohibits the use of false identification by persons under 21 years of age for specified activities relating to recreational marijuana; authorizes persons age 21 and over to engage in certain activities involving personal use of marijuana in limited amounts, among other things.	3/5/14 - Referred to the Senate Regulated Industries Subcommittee and the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Finance and Taxation
Legalizes personal use of marijuana - Allows the possession and use of up to one ounce of marijuana, and cultivation of up to six plants amounts of cannabis for personal use by individuals 21 or older; sets forth requirements for the licensing and operations of marijuana establishments; subjects marijuana establishments to excise taxes and income taxes	1/21/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee
	2/13/14 - Committee Deferred
and use of up to one ounce of marijuana, and cultivation of	Measure
individuals 21 or older; sets forth requirements for the licensing and operations of marijuana establishments; subjects marijuana establishments to excise taxes and income taxes.	1/21/14 - Referred to the Senate Public Safety Committee
Decriminalizes the intentional or knowing possession of one ounce or less of marijuana as a civil violation: (1) first violation is a fine of \$100: (2) second violation is a fine of	2/14/14 - Passed Second Reading as Amended
\$250; and a third or subsequent violation is a fine of \$500.	1/21/14 - Referred to the Senate Committee on Public Safety
Decriminalizes the intentional or knowing possession of one ounce or less of marijuana as a civil violation subject to a fine of \$100.	1/21/14 - Referred to the Senate Committee on Public Safety
Decriminalizes the intentional or knowing possession of one ounce or less of marijuana as a civil violation subject to a fine of \$100.	1/21/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee
Creates a working group in the Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism to develop a plan to	2/6/14 - Re-referred to House Judiciary Committee
	marijuana stores in localities based on population; provides standards for prospective licensees; provides restrictions on location of marijuana establishments; prohibits certain activities by marijuana establishments; authorizes localities to prohibit one or more types of marijuana establishments; provides an exemption from specified provisions for marijuana research. Renames the Division of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco as the Division of Alcoholic Beverages, Marijuana, and Tobacco; creates provisions relating to recreational marijuana; imposes an excise tax on recreational marijuana; prohibits the use of false identification by persons under 21 years of age for specified activities relating to recreational marijuana; authorizes persons age 21 and over to engage in certain activities involving personal use of marijuana in limited amounts, among other things. Legalizes personal use of marijuana - Allows the possession and use of up to one ounce of marijuana, and cultivation of up to six plants amounts of cannabis for personal use by individuals 21 or older; sets forth requirements for the licensing and operations of marijuana a stablishments; subjects marijuana establishments to excise taxes and income taxes. Legalizes personal use of marijuana - Allows the possession and use of up to one ounce of marijuana and cultivation of up to six plants amounts of cannabis for personal use by individuals 21 or older; sets forth requirements for the licensing and operations of marijuana establishments; subjects marijuana establishments to excise taxes and income taxes. Decriminalizes the intentional or knowing possession of one ounce or less of marijuana as a civil violation: (1) first violation is a fine of \$100; (2) second violation is a fine of \$250; and a third or subsequent violation subject to a fine of \$100. Decriminalizes the intentional or knowing possession of one ounce or less of marijuana as a civil violation subject to a fine of \$100.

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	legalize the cultivation of marijuana for export purposes only and tax the resulting revenues for purposes of funding state programs.	
HI HCR 204	Requests the directors of health and of human services to convene a working group to recommend whether marijuana should be retained as a schedule I controlled substance or rescheduled.	3/12/14 - Referred to the House Committees on Health, the Judiciary, and Finances
HI SR 37 (companion to HI SCR 91)	Requests the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration to remove marijuana from Schedule I of the Federal Controlled Substances Act, claiming that marijuana does not meet the criteria of a federal Schedule I controlled substance, since Hawaii currently accepts medical use of marijuana in treatment.	3/25/14 - Report adopted; Referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee 3/24/14 - The Senate Committee on Public Safety recommended passing 3/13/14 - Referred to the
		Senate Judiciary and Public Safety Committees
HI SCR 91 (companion to HI SR 37)	Requests the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration to remove marijuana from Schedule I of the Federal Controlled Substances Act, claiming that marijuana does not meet the criteria of a federal Schedule I controlled substance, since Hawaii currently accepts medical use of marijuana in treatment.	3/13/13 - Referred to the Senate Public Safety Committee
HI HR 184 (companion to HI HCR 234)	Requests the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration to remove marijuana from Schedule I of the Federal Controlled Substances Act, claiming that marijuana does not meet the criteria of a federal Schedule I controlled substance, since Hawaii currently accepts medical use of marijuana in treatment.	3/13/13 - Referred to the House Public Safety Committee
HI HCR 234 (companion to HI HR 184)	Requests the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration to remove marijuana from Schedule I of the Federal Controlled Substances Act, claiming that marijuana does not meet the criteria of a federal Schedule I controlled substance, since Hawaii currently accepts medical use of marijuana in treatment.	3/13/13 - Referred to the House Public Safety Committee
IL HB 5411	Creates the Cannabis Study Act - Provides that before considering the regulation and taxing of cannabis in a manner similar to alcohol and tobacco for individuals 21 years of age or older, the General Assembly shall direct the Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council to: (1) determine the effect regulation and taxation would have on law enforcement resources; (2) determine the impact regulation would have on the rate of arrests, predisposition detention, and sentencing; (3) review approaches a cannabis regulation law could take regarding drug-free workplace policies and procedures and what effect the different approaches would have; (4) determine the effect regulation	3/28/14 - Re-referred to the House Rules Committee 2/27/14 - Assigned to the House Judiciary Committee 2/11/14 - Referred to the House Rules Committee

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and taxation would have on existing criminal laws, including the Cannabis Control Act; (5) review approaches states have taken to reduce risks associated with the operation of motor vehicles by individuals impaired by	
intoxicants including but not limited to cannabis, and what effect the different approaches have had on rates of fatalities; (6) determine to what extent the taxation and regulation of cannabis may generate employment and revenue in Illinois if at all; (7) determine the regulatory and taxing system needed for the licensing of entities to sell cannabis and the licensing of entities to grow cannabis; (8) determine the product labeling, quality control, and taxing regulations needed; (9) compare the health effects of cannabis, alcohol, and prescription drugs on the individual and community as it relates to violence, risk-taking, addiction, cancer, overdose, and mortality; (10) determine the impact that existing laws on cannabis possession have on rates of crime and violence; and (11) any other relevant analysis regarding the impact on the public safety and welfare of the citizens of Illinois. Provides that the Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council shall consider factors and work in conjunction with, and obtain input from, any individual, agency, association, and research institution deemed appropriate by the Council. Provides that the Illinois Sentencing Policy Advisory Council shall report to the General Assembly its findings on or before December 20, 2015.	14 11
knowing possession of not more than 30 grams of any substance containing cannabis is a petty offense charged by Resto	14 - Ho ndment orative J ecommo
misdemeanor for more than 2.5 grams to 10 grams, and a 3/24/	14 - Re

IL HB 5708

Amends the Cannabis Control Act - Provides that the knowing possession of not more than 30 grams of any substance containing cannabis is a petty offense charged by a Uniform Cannabis Ticket with a fine of \$100 (rather than a Class C misdemeanor for 2.5 grams or less, a Class B misdemeanor for more than 2.5 grams to 10 grams, and a Class A misdemeanor for more than 10 grams to 30 grams). Provides that knowing possession of more than 30 grams but not more than 500 grams of any substance containing cannabis is a Class A misdemeanor for a first offense (rather than a Class 4 felony) and a Class 4 felony for a subsequent offense (rather than a Class 3 felony). Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Establishes procedures concerning the Uniform Cannabis Ticket.

3/25/14 - House Committee Amendment No. 1 Adopted in Restorative Justice Committee and recommended passing

3/24/14 - Referred to the House Restorative Justice Committee

3/20/14 - House Committee Amendment No. 1; Referred to the House Rules Committee

3/3/14 - Assigned to the House Restorative Justice Committee

2/14/14 - Referred to the House Rules Committee

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IL HB 4299	Amends the Cannabis Control Act - Provides that the	3/25/14 - House Restorative
	knowing possession of not more than 10 grams of any	Justice Committee
	substance containing cannabis is a petty offense with a fine	recommended passing
	not exceeding \$100 (rather than a Class C or B	
	misdemeanor). Provides that the knowing possession of	3/13/14 - Referred to the
	more than 10 grams but not more than 30 grams of any	House Restorative Justice
	substance containing cannabis is a petty offense with a fine	Committee
	not exceeding \$100 for a first offense (rather than a Class A	1/24/14 D C 14 41
	misdemeanor) and a Class A misdemeanor for a subsequent	1/24/14 - Referred to the House Rules Committee
	offense (rather than a Class 4 felony). Provides that the knowing possession of more than 30 grams but not more	House Rules Committee
	than 500 grams of any substance containing cannabis is a	
	Class A misdemeanor (rather than a Class 4 felony).	
	Provides that the knowing manufacture, delivery, or	
	possession with intent to deliver, or manufacture of not	
	more than 10 grams of any substance containing cannabis is	
	a petty offense with a fine not to exceed \$100 (rather than a	
	Class B or A misdemeanor). Provides that the knowing	
	manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver,	
	or manufacture of more than 10 grams but nor more than 30	
	grams of any substance containing cannabis is a Class A	
	misdemeanor (rather than a Class 4 felony). Provides that	
	the production or possession of not more than 5 cannabis	
	sativa plants is a petty offense with a fine not exceeding \$100 (rather than a Class A misdemeanor). Provides that the	
	production or possession of more than 5 but not more than	
	20 cannabis sativa plants is a Class A misdemeanor (rather	
	than a Class 4 felony).	
IN SB 314	Makes possession of less than two ounces of marijuana a	1/14/14 - Referred to the
	Class C infraction. Makes possession of more than two	Senate Corrections and
	ounces of marijuana a Class B misdemeanor, and makes the	Criminal Law Committee
	offense a Class A misdemeanor if the person has two or	
	more prior convictions involving marijuana in the past five	
	years. Requires a court to suspend a sentence imposed for	
	possession of marijuana if the person does not have a	
	previous conviction involving marijuana in the past five	
	years, and requires a court to defer a sentence if the person pleads guilty to misdemeanor possession of marijuana.	
	Makes the sale or delivery of more than two ounces of	
	marijuana a Class A misdemeanor, and makes the offense a	
	Level 6 or Level 5 felony under certain circumstances.	
	Provides a defense if a person who delivers less than 10	
	pounds of marijuana does so for no consideration. Makes	
	the public use or display of marijuana a Class B	
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	misdemeanor, and makes the offense a Class A	

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convictions for an offense involving marijuana in the past five years. Reduces the penalty for maintaining a common

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	nuisance to a Class A misdemeanor if the only unlawful controlled substances involved were marijuana, hashish, or hash oil. Allows certain persons convicted of dealing in marijuana as a misdemeanor to participate in a forensic diversion program. Repeals the controlled substance excise	
	tax. Makes technical corrections and conforming amendments. Authorizes the licensed cultivation and	
	production of industrial hemp in accordance with rules	
	adopted by the department of agriculture.	
IA SB 2214	Reclassifies marijuana from a Schedule I controlled substance to a Schedule II controlled substance.	2/17/14 - Referred to the Senate Human Resources Committee
LA SB 323	Reduces criminal penalties for marijuana possession and	3/10/14 - Referred to the
	prohibits application of enhanced sentencing laws to second and subsequent offense marijuana possession.	Senate Judiciary Committee
		2/27/14 - Referred to Senate
LA HB 14	Amanda and raduces cortain ariminal manulties for	Judiciary Committee 3/10/14 - Referred to the
LA DD 14	Amends and reduces certain criminal penalties for possession of marijuana and prohibits the applicability of	House Committee on the
	the Habitual Offender Law relative to possession of	Administration of Criminal
I A HD 120	marijuana.	Justice 2/12/14 P. C. Livid
LA HB 130	Removes convictions involving marijuana, tetrahydrocannabinol or chemical derivatives thereof, or	3/10/14 - Referred to the House Committee on the
	synthetic cannabinoids from being counted as prior offenses	Administration of Criminal
	for the purposes of the habitual offender law.	Justice
LA HB 839	Reclassifies marijuana from a Schedule I to a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance.	3/10/14 - Referred to the House Committee on the
		Administration of Criminal Justice
LA HB 906	Reduces the criminal penalties for marijuana possession of	3/10/14 - Referred to the
	less than 28 grams to (1) on a first conviction, a fine	House Committee on the
	between \$50 and \$100; (2) on a second conviction, a fine between \$100 and \$150; and (3) on a third or subsequent	Administration of Criminal Justice
	conviction, a fine of between \$150 and \$200 or probation	
	for not more than six months, or both. If the court places the	
	offender on probation, the probation shall provide for a minimum condition that the offender participate in a court-	
	approved substance abuse program and perform four, eight-	
	hour days of court-approved community service activities.	2/10/14 70 0
LA SB 323	Reduces the criminal penalties for marijuana possession to a fine of not more than \$100, jail for not more than six	3/10/14 - Referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee
	months or both; and prohibits the application of enhanced	Sonate Judicially Committee
	sentencing laws to second and subsequent offense	
LA HB 14	marijuana possession. Paducas the criminal penalties on a first conviction for	3/10/14 - Referred to the
LA DD 14	Reduces the criminal penalties on a first conviction for marijuana possession to a fine of not more than \$500, jail	House Committee on the
	for not more than six months or both; and prohibits the	Administration of Criminal Justice

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	applicability of the Habitual Offender Law relative to	
	possession of marijuana.	
LA HB 130	Prohibits a conviction for a violation of the Uniform	3/10/14 - Referred to the
	Controlled Dangerous Substances Law involving marijuana	House Committee on the
	from being eligible for increased penalties pursuant to the	Administration of Criminal
	Habitual Offender Law.	Justice
MD SB 658	Removes criminal penalties for the use and possession of up	2/25/14 - Hearing in
(companion	to one ounce of marijuana by adults 21 and over and taxes	Committee on Judicial
to MD HB	and regulates marijuana in a manner similar to alcohol.	Proceedings
880)	Specifically, repeals specified criminal prohibitions against	
	the use, possession, and sale of marijuana; establishes	1/31/14 - Referred to, and first
	specified exemptions from prosecution for specified persons	reading in, Senate
	for using, obtaining, purchasing, transporting, or possessing	Committees on Judicial
	marijuana under specified circumstances; provides	Proceedings and Budget and
	exemptions from prosecution for specified retailers,	Taxation
	marijuana product manufacturers, marijuana cultivation	
	facilities, and safety compliance facilities under specified	
	circumstances; establishes a specified affirmative defense.	
MD HB 880	Marijuana Control Act of 2014 - Removes criminal	3/13/14 - Hearing in th4e
(companion	penalties for the use and possession of up to one ounce of	House Committee on the
to MD SB	marijuana by adults 21 and over and taxes and regulates	Judiciary
658)	marijuana in a manner similar to alcohol. Specifically,	
	repeals specified criminal prohibitions against the use,	2/5/14 - Referred to, and first
	possession, and sale of marijuana; establishes specified	reading in, House Committees
	exemptions from prosecution for specified persons for	on the Judiciary and Ways
	using, obtaining, purchasing, transporting, or possessing	and Means
	marijuana under specified circumstances; provides	
	exemptions from prosecution for specified retailers,	
	marijuana product manufacturers, marijuana cultivation	
	facilities, and safety compliance facilities under specified	
1 (D 11D 070	circumstances; establishes a specified affirmative defense.	2/12/14 17 : : : :
MD HB 879	Alters the penalties for using and possessing marijuana in	3/13/14 - Hearing in the
	specified amounts; makes the possession of 1 ounce or less	House Judiciary Committee
	of marijuana a civil offense; provides that an offender under	2/5/14 P C 14 1 C 4
	21 years of age may be ordered to attend a specified	2/5/14 - Referred to, and first
	program; provides for parental notification for minor	reading in, House Committee
	offenders; repeals a provision of law authorizing a	on the Judiciary
	defendant to introduce, and the court to consider as a	
	mitigating factor, evidence of medical necessity in a	
MD SB 364	specified prosecution. Alters the penalty for the use or passession of less than 10	1/1/14 Hooring in the House
MID 3B 304	Alters the penalty for the use or possession of less than 10	4/1/14 - Hearing in the House
	grams of marijuana; makes the use or possession of less than 10 grams of marijuana a civil offense; establishes that a	3/14/14 - Referred to, and first
	person who violates the Act may be issued a specified	reading in, House Judiciary
	citation; authorizes a police officer to issue a specified	Committee
	citation, authorizes a police officer to issue a specified citation under specified circumstances.	Commune
	oration under specified effectinistances.	3/14/14 - Third reading;
		Passed Senate
		1 assect Schate

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		3/12/14 - Second reading passed with amendments
		2/25/14 - Hearing in Committee on Judicial Proceedings
		1/22/14 - Referred to, and first
		reading in, Senate Committee on Judicial Proceedings
MD HB 889	An Act Entitled, "Marijuana Laws - Full Disclosure of Legal, Employment, and Health Risks" - Requires the Office of the Attorney General, at least 90 days before the	3/13/14 - Hearing in House Judiciary Committee
	implementation of any law that reduces penalties for or legalizes the use of marijuana, to establish a specified	2/5/14 - Referred to, and first reading in, House Committee
	system to notify the public of the risks related to the change in the law.	on the Judiciary and Health and Government Operations
MS HB 729	An Act To Create The Benefits Of Legal Marijuana Task	2/4/14 - Died in Committee
	Force - Provides the membership and organization of the task force; provides the duties of the task force; requires a report to the legislature.	1/20/14 - Referred to House Judiciary Committee
MS HB 659	Amends penalties for possession of thirty grams or less of	2/4/14 - Died in Committee
	marijuana to a misdemeanor and a \$50 fine.	1/20/14 - Referred to House Judiciary Committee
MS HB 1231	Amends existing law - Exempts from Schedule I controlled substances processed cannabis plant extract, oil or resin that contains more than 15% cannabidiol (CBD) or a dilution of the resin that contains at least 50 milligrams of CBD per	4/1/14 - Sent to the Governor for signature (due back 4/18/14)
	milliliter, but not more than one-half of one percent (.5%) of tetrahydrocannabinol (THC).	3/30/14 - Enrolled bills signed in House and Senate
		3/6/14 - Amended and passed in the Senate
		2/14/14 - Referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee
		2/7/14 - Transmitted to the Senate
		2/6/14 - Passed the House
		1/20/14 - Referred to House Judiciary Committee
MO HJR 86	Proposes a constitutional amendment that legalizes marijuana use for persons 21 years or age or older.	4/1/14 - Read for the second time in the House

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		2/21/14 1 1 1 1 1
		3/31/14 - Introduced and read for the first time in the House
MO HB	Provides that possession, use or cultivation of less than 35	1/28/14 - Referred to the
1325	grams of marijuana or any synthetic cannabinoid is a [class	House Judiciary Committee
	A] misdemeanor for which the punishment shall be a fine in	-
	an amount not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars; unless an	1/13/14 - Introduced
	individual: (1) Has been found guilty of a felony within the	
	preceding ten years; (2) Has been found guilty of a class A	
	misdemeanor other than possession of thirty-five grams or	
	less of marijuana or any synthetic cannabinoid or possession	
	of marijuana drug paraphernalia under section 195.233,	
	within the preceding five years; (3) Has been found guilty	
	of possession of thirty-five grams or less of marijuana or	
	any synthetic cannabinoid or possession of marijuana drug	
	paraphernalia under section 195.233 on two or more prior	
	occasions within the preceding five years; or (4) Is arrested	
	for any felony or any misdemeanor other than possession of	
	thirty-five grams or less of marijuana or any synthetic	
	cannabinoid or possession of marijuana drug paraphernalia	
	under section 195.233, arising from the same set of facts	
	and circumstances. Provides that whenever any law enforcement officer suspects any person has violated this	
	provision (other than those persons excluded), such person	
	will only be issued a summons to appear in court. Provides	
	that such person will not be arrested, taken into custody for	
	any purpose, required to post a bond, or detained for any	
	reason other than the time it takes to issue such person a	
	summons to appear. Prohibits any such person, if found	
	guilty, from being incarcerated or suffering the loss of a	
	driver's license. Requires a strong presumption that the	
	proper disposition of any such case shall be to suspend the	
	imposition of sentence and to require community service or	
	controlled substance counseling or both.	
NE LR 520	Resolution – Proposes an interim study to examine the	3/24/14 - Referred to the
	problems that Nebraska law enforcement is encountering	Executive Board of the
	since the State of Colorado legalized the sale and	Legislature
	recreational use of marijuana.	
NH HB 492	Legalizes the personal use of up to one ounce of marijuana	3/26/14 - Inexpedient to
	by persons 21 years of age or older. Authorizes the	Legislate motion adopted
	licensing of marijuana wholesale, retail, cultivation, and	2/12/14 25: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	testing facilities. Imposes a tax on the sale of marijuana.	3/19/14 - Majority Committee
		Report: Inexpedient to
		Legislate
		3/18/14 - Executive Session
		scheduled
		Scheduled

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		1/15/14 - Referred to House Ways and Means Committee Carried over from 2013 Session
NH HB 1625	Provides that any person who possesses less than one ounce of marijuana shall be guilty of a violation and shall be subject to a fine of up to \$100 and shall forfeit the marijuana.	3/12/14 - Ought to pass with amendment motion adopted 3/7/14 - Committee Report: Ought to pass with amendment 3/4/2014 - Executive Session scheduled
		1/8/2014 - Referred to Criminal Justice and Public Safety Committee
NJ A 218	Amends current law regarding possession of marijuana - decriminalizes possession of 15 grams or less of marijuana; imposes civil penalties, and establishes fund for drug education.	1/16/14 - Referred to Assembly Judiciary Committee
NJ S 1896 (companion to NJ A 3094)	Legalizes the personal use of up to one ounce or less of marijuana by persons 21 years of age or older; provides for the operation of marijuana-related facilities; levies a tax upon marijuana sold or otherwise transferred by a marijuana cultivation facility; and otherwise regulates the sale and use of marijuana.	3/27/14 - Introduced in the Senate and referred to Senate Judiciary Committee
NJ A 3094	Legalizes the personal use of up to one ounce or less of marijuana by persons 21 years of age or older; provides for the operation of marijuana-related facilities; levies a tax upon marijuana sold or otherwise transferred by a marijuana cultivation facility; and otherwise regulates the sale and use of marijuana.	Not yet introduced
NJ A 2842	Voter Referendum - Legalizes possession of one ounce or less of marijuana, subject to voter approval.	3/10/14 - Introduced in the Assembly; Referred to Assembly's Judiciary Committee
NM HM 38	House Memorial - Requests the Legislative Finance Committee to study the effects in Colorado and Washington of marijuana legalization on (1) state revenue and agricultural production levels; (2) illegal drug-addiction rates; (3) state and local law enforcement resource levels; (4) federal law enforcement efforts; and (5) testing for high- danger jobs, such as those in heavy-equipment operation and public safety; instructs that the committee report its	2/7/14 - Passed House; Sent to Senate 1/27/14 - Referred to House Appropriations & Finance

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	findings to the appropriate interim legislative committee in the fall of 2014.	
NM SJR 10	Joint Resolution - Proposes an amendment to Article 20 of the state Constitution to add a new section that allows for possession and personal use of marijuana and for regulation of the production, sale, and taxation of marijuana in the state.	1/21/14 - Referred to Senate Rules Committee; Action postponed indefinitely
NM HB 191	Among other things, makes it illegal to drive with 2 or more nanograms of THC or metabolites per milliliter in blood.	1/28/14 - Referred to House Committee on Transportation & Public Works
NY SB 6005 (companion to NY AB 8341)	Marihuana Regulation and Taxation Act - Regulates, controls, and taxes marijuana in a manner similar to alcohol to generate millions of dollars in new revenue; prevents access to marijuana by those under the age of eighteen	1/9/14 - Committee discharged and committed to the Senate Health Committee
	years; reduces the illegal drug market and reduce violent crime; creates new industries and increases employment.	1/8/14 - Referred to the Senate Rules Committee
NY AB 8341 (companion to NY SB 6005)	Marihuana Regulation and Taxation Act - Regulates, controls, and taxes marijuana in a manner similar to alcohol to generate millions of dollars in new revenue; prevents access to marijuana by those under the age of eighteen years; reduces the illegal drug market and reduce violent crime; creates new industries and increases employment.	1/8/14 - Referred to the Assembly Codes Committee
NY AB 6293 (companion to NY SB 1556)	Provides that no candy or confection sold in the state shall be packaged, shaped or manufactured to resemble marijuana or marijuana products or to imitate the flavor of marijuana.	1/15/14 - Enacting clause stricken 1/8/14 - Referred to the Assembly Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection
NY SB 1556 (companion to NY AB 6293)	Provides that no candy or confection sold in the state shall be packaged, shaped or manufactured to resemble marijuana or marijuana products or to imitate the flavor of marijuana.	1/8/14 - Referred to the Senate Committed on Consumer Protection
OH HJR 6 (Joint Resolution)	Proposes an amendment to Section 12 of Article XV of the state Constitution that allows adults who are 21 years old or older to produce, use, and sell limited amounts of marijuana under specified conditions; provides for the regulation and taxation of the marijuana.	5/2/13 - Referred to the House State and Local Government Committee Bill slated to be carried over into the 2014 session
OK SB 2116	An Act relating to marihuana legalization, taxation and regulation - provides definitions; legalizes possession, consumption, cultivation, acquisition, and transportation of marijuana under certain circumstances; prohibits cultivation in public view; requires reasonable precautions for cultivation; restricts cultivation to certain properties; prohibits purchases of marijuana by certain persons; permits retail distribution of marijuana; permits commercial cultivation and distribution of marijuana; permits the State	2/4/14 - Referred to Public Safety Committee then to Finance Committee

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	Board of Health to impose penalties for certain violations;	
	directs the State Board of Health to adopt certain rules;	
	provides standards for rules; permits use of marijuana for	
	scientific research; creates Marijuana Legalization	
	Revolving Fund; directs distribution of certain revenues;	
	provides punishments for violations by certain persons;	
	establishes excise tax on marijuana; permits Oklahoma Tax	
	Commission to adjust certain rate; requires certain facilities	
	to pay excise taxes.	
OR SB 1556	Declares that person 21 years of age or older legally should	3/7/14 - Bill failed - In
	be able to possess, transfer or produce marijuana. Directs	committee when legislature
	Legislative Assembly to enact laws that define, limit or	adjourned
	otherwise regulate possession, transfer, production and	
	taxation of marijuana. Specifies certain components of such	2/3/14 - Referred to the
	laws. Makes possession of six ounces or less of marijuana	Senate Judiciary, then Rules,
	and three or fewer marijuana plants in the person's home	Committees
	legal.	
OR HB 4099	Directs Department of Justice to conduct study on laws of	3/7/14 - Bill failed - In
	the state that would need to be amended if people of the	committee when legislature
	state vote to legalize marijuana at next regular general	adjourned
	election held throughout the state; declares emergency,	
	effective on passage.	2/24/14 - Hearing Held
	1 0	
		2/17/14 - Assigned to the
		Senate Subcommittee On
		Public Safety
		j ,
		2/12/14 - Recommendation:
		Pass / Refer to Ways and
		Means by prior reference
		prior reference
		2/3/14 - Referred to the House
		Judiciary, then Ways and
		Means, Committees
PA HB 2137	Provides for a nonbinding statewide referendum to	3/31/14 - Referred to the
1 A 11D 213/	determine the will of the electorate in the Commonwealth	House Human Services
	with respect to the legalization of marijuana, which will ask	Committee
		Committee
	the voters on the next ballot if they believe the General	
DI C 2270	Assembly should legalize marijuana.	2/12/14 D - f 14 - 41 -
RI S 2379	Creates the Marijuana Regulation, Control, and Taxation	2/12/14 - Referred to the
(companion	Act - Legalizes the possession of less than one ounce (1 oz.)	Senate Judiciary Committee
to RI H	or less of marijuana, marijuana paraphernalia, and a limited	
7506)	amount of marijuana plants; establishes a system of	
	regulated marijuana retail distribution to adults 21 and	
	older; imposes taxes at both the wholesale and retail levels.	
RI H 7506	Creates the Marijuana Regulation, Control, and Taxation	2/13/14 - Referred to the
(companion	Act - Legalizes the possession of less than one ounce (1 oz.)	House Judiciary Committee
to RI S 2379)	or less of marijuana, marijuana paraphernalia, and a limited	

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	amount of marijuana plants; establishes a system of regulated marijuana retail distribution to adults 21 and older; imposes taxes at both the wholesale and retail levels.	
RI H 7861	Amends existing law – Reduces the possession of one ounce or less of marijuana by a person who is eighteen years of age or older to a civil offense, rendering the offender liable to a civil penalty in the amount of between \$100 and \$200 and forfeiture of the marijuana, but not to any other form of criminal or civil punishment or disqualification.	3/4/14 - Introduced and referred to the House Judiciary Committee
VT S 306	An Act Relating to Regulation and Taxation of Marijuana - Creates a regulatory structure for the wholesale and retail sale of marijuana that includes licensing and oversight by the Department of Liquor Control; establishes an excise tax on every wholesale seller of \$50.00 per ounce upon marijuana sold in the state; permits an individual who is 21 years of age or older to possess up to two (2) ounces of marijuana and three (3) marijuana plants while maintaining criminal penalties for possession of larger amounts of marijuana and for sale of marijuana outside the regulatory structure established in the bill; and provides the same penalties for underage possession of marijuana as the current penalties for underage possession of alcohol.	1/7/14 - Referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee
VT H 674	Among other things, reduces the penalty for a third offense for the knowing and unlawful possession of one ounce or less of marijuana by a minor to only a civil fine (no jail time) of no more than \$600.	1/23/14 - Referred to the House Judiciary Committee
WA HB 2510	Authorizes municipalities to prohibit the operation of commercial marijuana production, processing, and retail facilities within their jurisdictional boundaries.	1/20/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 2144	Establishes a dedicated local jurisdiction marijuana fund and the distribution of a specified percentage of marijuana excise tax revenues to local jurisdictions.	1/13/14 - Referred to the House Appropriations Committee
WA HB 2566	Establishes a dedicated local jurisdiction marijuana fund and the distribution of a specified percentage of marijuana excise tax revenues to cities and counties.	1/21/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 1991	Encourages the liquor control board to implement rules to promote the development of marijuana production facilities located on unenclosed, outdoor agricultural land in rural areas.	1/13/14 - Reintroduced in the House Government Accountability and Oversight and retained in present status (from 2013)
WA SB 6158 (companion to WA HB 2303)	Ensures the safe, responsible, and legal acquisition of marijuana by adults and imposes strict compliance and identification checks of minors; imposes violations on minors and those providing marijuana to minors.	3/3/14 - Senate Rules "X" file 1/16/14 - Referred to the Senate Rules Committee for a second reading

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WA HB 2303 (companion to WA SB 6158)	Ensures the safe, responsible, and legal acquisition of marijuana by adults and imposes strict compliance and identification checks of minors; imposes violations on minors and those providing marijuana to minors.	1/15/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 2706	Ensures the safe, responsible, and legal acquisition of marijuana by adults and imposes strict compliance and identification checks of minors; imposes violations on minors and those providing marijuana to minors.	3/13/14 - By resolution, returned to the House Rules Committee for third reading
		2/19/14 - Referred to the Senate Rules Committee for second reading
		2/17/14 - Passed in House; referred to Senate
WA HB 2509	Authorizes municipalities to prohibit the possession of marijuana and marijuana-based products within their jurisdictional boundaries.	1/20/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 2000	Facilitates the efforts of the liquor control board to ensure the timely implementation of a well-designed, commercially viable regulatory scheme for the development of a legal marketplace for marijuana as required by Initiative Measure No. 502.	1/13/14 - Reintroduced in the House Government Accountability and Oversight and retained in present status (from 2013)
WA SB 6505 (companion to WA HB 2409)	Delays the use of existing tax preferences by the marijuana industry to ensure a regulated and safe transition to the controlled and legal marijuana market in the state.	6/12/14 - Effective Date 3/28/14 - Signed by the Governor
WA HB 2409 (companion to WA SB 6505)	Delays the use of existing tax preferences by the marijuana industry to ensure a regulated and safe transition to the controlled and legal marijuana market in the state.	3/13/14 - Returned to the House Rules Committee for second reading 3/3/14 - Placed on second
WA HB 1992	Authorizes the liquor control board to consult with the department of ecology regarding the environmental impacts associated with the various means of producing marijuana.	reading 1/13/14 - By resolution, reintroduced and retained in present status (from 2013) to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 2772	Distributes marijuana tax revenues to local governments for law enforcement and fire protection services and to the department of transportation for the repair and maintenance of state ferries, roads, and bridges.	2/6/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA HB 2732 (companion to WA SB 6393)	Distributes marijuana tax revenues of \$20M to cities and towns and \$5M to counties to be used for additional law enforcement officers whose duties focus primarily upon the monitoring and interdiction of criminal street gang activity.	1/29/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee

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WA SB 6393 (companion to WA HB 2732)	Distributes marijuana tax revenues of \$20M to cities and towns and \$5M to counties to be used for additional law enforcement officers.	1/23/14 - Referred to the Senate Ways and Means Committee
WA HB 2793	Directs the disbursement of all marijuana excise taxes collected from sales of marijuana, useable marijuana, and marijuana-infused products and the license fees, penalties, and forfeitures derived from marijuana producers, marijuana processors, and marijuana retailer licenses.	2/26/14 - Referred to the House Appropriations Committee
WA HB 2411	Creates a counterfeit-resistant tax stamp program that provides the state with secure mechanisms to ensure that taxes on recreational marijuana are collectible, enforceable, and auditable by the state.	1/16/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA SJM 8010	Senate Joint Memorial – Requests the DEA to reschedule marijuana from Schedule I to Schedule II or lower.	1/15/14 - Referred to the Senate Committee on Health Care
WA HB 2028	Adds marijuana to alcohol in the list of substances used in negligent driving conviction.	1/13/14 - By resolution, reintroduced and retained in present status (from 2013) to the House Public Safety Committee
WA SB 6014 (companion to WA HB 2503)	Makes it unlawful for a person to operate a vehicle while under the influence of, among other things, marijuana, if he or she has a THC concentration of 5.00 or higher.	6/12/14 - Effective Date 3/28/14 - Signed by the Governor
WA HB 2503 (companion to WA SB 6014)	Makes it unlawful for a person to operate a vehicle while under the influence of, among other things, marijuana, if he or she has a THC concentration of 5.00 or higher.	2/18/14 - Passed to the House Rules Committee for Second Reading
WA HB 2506	Adds marijuana to the list of substances for DUI felony.	1/20/14 - Referred to the House Public Safety Committee
WA HB 2322	Prohibits local governments from taking actions preventing or impeding the creation or operation of commercial marijuana businesses licensed by the liquor control board.	1/15/14 - Referred to the House Government Accountability and Oversight Committee
WA SB 6542	Creates a state cannabis industry coordinating committee to promote and further develop the industry while remaining in compliance with federal guidelines.	3/13/14 - By resolution, returned to the Senate Rules Committee for third reading
		3/12/14 - Read first time in the House; Rules suspended, and placed on second reading calendar
		3/8/14 - Floor amendment; Third reading; Passed Senate

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		2/28/14 - Passed to Rules Committee for Second Reading
WA HB 2304	Amends existing law to allow those with marijuana processing and retail licenses to also include marijuana concentrates (products consisting wholly or in part of the resin extracted from any part of the cannabis plant and	3/13/14 - Sent to the Governor for signature 3/13/14 - House speaker
	having a THC concentration greater than 60%.	signed; Senate president signed
		3/13/14 - Passed Senate
		3/13/14 - Floor amendment; Third reading; Passed House
		1/15/14 - First reading; Referred to the House Government Accountability & Oversight Committee
WA SB 6160	Amends existing law to add the word "marijuana" concerning marijuana processing and retail licenses.	2/25/14 - Senate Rules "X" file
		1/16/14 - First reading; Referred to the Senate Commerce & Labor Committee
WA HB	Clarifies the definitions of marijuana and THC	2/4/14 - First reading;
2767	concentration as to avoid an implication that the legal definition of marijuana includes industrial hemp.	Referred to the House Government Accountability & Oversight Committee
WI AB 810	Permits a Wisconsin resident who is over the age of 21 to possess no more than one—half an ounce of marijuana, 8 ounces of marijuana—infused product in solid form, or 36	3/3/14 - Fiscal estimate received
	ounces of marijuana—infused product in liquid form; permits a nonresident of Wisconsin who is over the age of 21 to possess no more than a quarter ounce of marijuana, 4 ounces of marijuana—infused product in solid form, or 18 ounces of marijuana—infused product in liquid form; eliminates the prohibition on possessing or using drug paraphernalia that relates to marijuana consumption; creates a process by which a person may obtain a permit to sell marijuana and a person who does not have a permit to sell marijuana may not sell, distribute, or transfer marijuana, or	2/24/14 - Referred to the House Committee on Criminal Justice
	possess marijuana with the intent to sell or distribute it; prohibits a someone with a permit from selling, distributing, or transferring marijuana to a minor and from permitting a minor to be on premises for which a permit is issued;	

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WI AB 890	Reduces the penalty for possession of tetrahydrocannabinols (THC); provides that a person who commits a first offense of possession of THC commits a civil offense, punishable by a fine of between \$150 and \$300, while a second offense of possession of THC is a Class C misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to \$500, imprisonment for up to 30 days, or both.	3/27/14 - Read for the first time and referred to the House Committee on Criminal Justice
WY HB 49	Replaces criminal penalties for possession of less than an ounce of marihuana with a civil fine as follows: possession of up to half an ounce would be punishable by a \$50 fine, and possession of between half and one ounce would be punishable by a \$100 fine.	2/11/14 - Failed introduction in House