



# Frequency of Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PMP) Data Reporting - Map

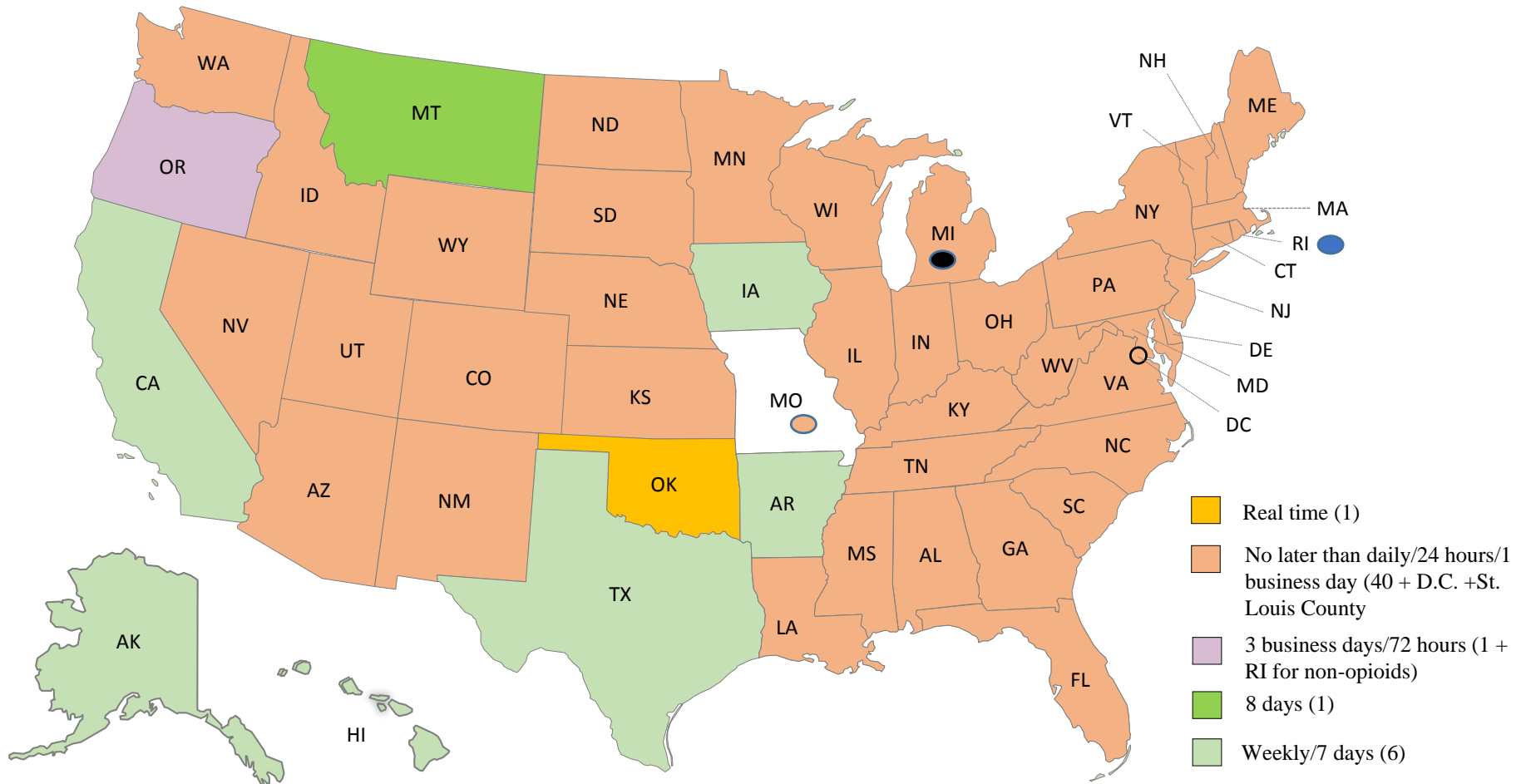
**Legislative Research Current as of November 28, 2017.**

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# Frequency of Data Reporting Authorized by Bill/Statute/Rule/Ordinance\*

(exceptions for veterinarians or others may apply; effective dates may vary)



- Real time (1)
- No later than daily/24 hours/1 business day (40 + D.C. + St. Louis County)
- 3 business days/72 hours (1 + RI for non-opioids)
- 8 days (1)
- Weekly/7 days (6)

● Michigan requires daily reporting for online reporting of dispensing information and weekly for mail-in submission of data.  
 ● Rhode Island's daily reporting requirement applies to opioid prescriptions. Data for non-opioid prescriptions must be reported 3 business days/72 hours after dispensing.

\* PLEASE NOTE: Preparation for implementation may result in a time difference between the enactment or effective date and the date of implementation of the reporting frequency.

## 2016 AND 2017 BILLS/ORDINANCE ADOPTED SPECIFYING A FREQUENCY OF DISPENSER REPORTING\*

STATE	2016 AND 2017 BILLS/ORDINANCE ADOPTED	FREQUENCY AS OF 7/20/17
AK	SB 74 (2016) – at least weekly; eff. 7/17/17	Weekly
AR	SB 339 (2017) – on or before 1/1/19, work to effect real-time if funding/technology available	Weekly
FL	HB 557 (2017) – next business day; eff. 1/1/18	Weekly
GA	HB 249 (2017) – at least every 24 hours; bill eff. 7/1/17	Daily
MD	HB 437 (2016) – Secretary of Dept. of Mental Health & Hygiene shall adopt regulations requiring reporting every 24 hours	3 Business Days
MO	St. Louis County Ordinance NO. 26352 (3/1/16) - within 7 days of dispensing; daily reporting encouraged by PMP	Weekly
NE	LB 471 (2016) – daily after dispensing	Daily
NH	SB 576-FN-A (2016) – daily by close of business on next business day	Daily
NC	HB 243 (2017) – no later than next business day after prescription delivered; eff. 9/1/17; encouraged to report no later than 24 hours after delivery	3 Business Days

\*Preparation for implementation may result in a time difference between enactment and effective date(s) and date of implementation of frequency of reporting.

# 2016 AND 2017 BILLS/ORDINANCE ADOPTED SPECIFYING A FREQUENCY OF DISPENSER REPORTING\*

STATE	2016 AND 2017 BILLS/ORDINANCE ADOPTED	FREQUENCY AS OF 7/20/17
PA	SB 1202 (2016) – close of subsequent business day after dispensing	Daily
RI	SB 2823A (2016) – within 1 business day after dispensing of opioid	Daily-opioids; 3 business days-others
SD	SB 1 (2017) – at least every 24 hours unless waiver obtained; eff. 7/1/17	Daily
VT	SB 243 (2016) – within 24 hours or 1 business day after dispensing	Daily
VA	SB 287 (2016) – within 24 hours or next business day, whichever comes later	Daily
WI	AB 364 (2016) – next business day after monitored prescription drug dispensed	Daily

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